The Courier-Journal.

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WASHINGTON.

The Supreme Court Martial Cases to be Disposed Of.

Mr. Peabody's Health Rapidly Declining.

Heavy Tobacco Seizure in North Carolina.

Etc., Etc., Etc.

[Special Telegraphic Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

WASHINGTON, August 14.—Secretary Robeson, upon his return here, will dispose of two important court-martial cases, the first being that of Surgeon Green, of the steamer Nipsic, and the other that of Capt. Frank Munroe, of the marine corps, on trial at Pensacola on the charge of cruelty to the men.

HEALTH OF GEO. PEABODY.

Letters received from the White Sulphur Springs state that Mr. Geo. Peabody is rapidly failing, and but little hopes are now entertained for his recovery.

A VACANCY IN THE MARINE CORPS.

It is expected that Col. Zilin, commanding marine corps, will be retired shortly, he being over 62 years of age, and there will be a lively contest for his position. Among those spoken of as likely to succeed him are Col. Maconley, Col. Kintzing, Maj. Nicholas and Maj. Slack.

THE COLORED ELEMENT IN VIRGINIA.

An address has been issued by the Colored Conservative Executive Committee of Virginia to the colored voters of that State, calling upon them to organize a political club to support the administration of Gov. Walker, and old him to carry out the reconstruction laws.

HEAVY TOBACCO SEIZURE.

Information has been received at the Internal Revenue office of the seizure of forty thousand boxes of manufactured tobacco at Charlotte, N. C.

HARRISBURG.

Another Terrible Railroad Accident.

A Train Rolls Over an Embankment into a Canal.

THE ENGINEER AND FIREMAN KILLED.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 14.—A terrible accident happened this morning at 4 o'clock on the Schuylkill Canal. Canby's train for Marietta, Buffalo express of the Northern Central Railroad left here at 3:15, and at Dauphine Narrows struck a rock three feet in diameter and 1,500 pounds in weight which had rolled down the mountain. The rock was dragged by the train three feet, when the engine left the track and rolled over a wall fifteen feet high into a country road, and then plunged into another stone wall into the Pennsylvania canal. The engine and tender, and three express cars, loaded principally with peaches, were smashed to atoms. One passenger car, well filled with passengers, was jammed into the wreck, but fortunately no one was killed, although slightly injured and bruised.

Only two persons were killed, the engineer and fireman, who were terribly mutilated and blackened. The baggage masters, whose car was in the canal, was only slightly bruised. The engineer died conclusion after the accident, after suffering excruciating pain. The fireman was killed instantly.

The coroner's jury rendered a verdict attaching no blame to the railroad company, they having but the right of way over the road, but censuring severely the Susquehanna and Schuylkill company for not having a watchman at that point, which has long been considered one of the most dangerous on the road, owing to overhanging rocks.

CHICAGO.

The Lake Front Law to Be Contested.

CHICAGO, August 14.—The United States, represented by Joseph H. Glover, United States District Attorney, has commenced a bill in chancery to declare unconstitutional and void the act of the last Legislature of Illinois donating to the Lake Front Railroad Company companies for a depot. The bill proceeds on two grounds: The grant is in derogation of the rights of the United States, and the grantee fee in trust for public uses, and interferes with navigation, which, by the Constitution of the United States, is subject to the sole jurisdiction of Congress.

OHIO.

The Northwest on the Democratic Nominee for Governor.

[From the Chicago Tribune.]

The nomination of Judge Pendleton for Governor of Ohio by the Democracy of that State has stirred the bile of Republican newspapers to a state of which nothing else in nature than the mono onone stupidity which has characterized them since Grant went to Long Branch, and his Cabinet went pleasure-hunting. Mr. Pendleton wanted to pay the national debt according to its terms, and save the people $18,000,000 annually. He wanted the bonds now paid to the national banks for circulating a currency which the Government ought to dispose of, and he is charged with advocating "a national villainy," and the accusation is made in the leading Republican newspapers of the city with approbation for the people and the tax-payers against the bondholders, and exposed the infamy of the swindle which gives to the latter more than twice as much interest on their bonds. It is a swindle so palpable that it could only be contemplated and carried out by a congress which had been bribed, or terrified by direct payment of money, or by consideration of pardons advantage in which there was no element that could be corrupt to the public, in comparison with the enormity of this swindle, the most absurd and unjust provisions of our tariff laws are trivial errors, not worth attention. When the 5-20 bonds and 10-40 bonds are not payable in treasury notes, or that there exists on the part of the government any legal right to compel any holder of them in gold, says that which is contradicted by the law under which the bonds were issued, and by the facts attending their purchase. The bonds were bought, most of them, for less than fifty cents on the dollar, and the majority of the holders have now received in interest more than they paid. In addition to this, to cause now that the government is bound in honor to pay them in gold is such an insult to common sense that it is incomprehensible, except on the ground of common sense, who respects truth, can make the statement. The expediency of currency redemption is the question, and the morality of it another. So far as the latter is concerned, it seems to us too plain for argument. Mr. Pendleton is a Democrat, and by this is meant that he does not get from or swear or learn dancing in a crowded ballroom or assaulting with brickbatters, homekeepers and editors of newspapers devoted to the chronicling of the deeds of the turf and ring and of cock-fights and dog-fights. He does not appear like a "bruiser." He talks like a man who respects himself, and is willing to treat others with respect if they deserve it. Had he the least Financial accomplishments, he would be much more acceptable to men of "moral ideas" engaged in the interests of God and humanity." Inasmuch as he is in very truth a gentleman and a scholar, a man of brains, an honest man, a faithful friend and generous opponent, and one who has so well established the financial views, for which he is assailed, that the Republican party in several of the Western States has adopted them, it does not command himself to politicians of the ruling party. In all this he is the opposite of their order.

PENDLETON.

The Sun Shines on Him.

[From the New York Sun.]

The Democracy of Ohio have done a manly thing. They have put up Georgs H. Pendleton as their candidate for Governor in place of General Rosecrans, who declines on account of the meanness of the salary. Mr. Pendleton is one of the foremost statesmen of the Democratic party. He is in training for the Presidency. If he is now elected Governor, his chance for the great race of 1872 will be mightily improved. Of late he has been rather under a cloud, from the fact that his policy of unlimited greenbacks has been tenderly dealt with by Mr. Boutwell. He will now have a chance to modify it if he wants to, and to take the verdict of Ohio on it if he still adheres to its original features. But at any rate he has nomination for a governor of Ohio, and that is what he needs. Three cheers for the Young Greenbacks!

VIRGINIA.

The Legislature to be Convened and the Iron-clad Oath Administered.

RICHMOND, August 14.—It is stated on good authority that Governor Walker this week will issue a proclamation convening the Legislature, applying the iron-clad oath to the members, and when one cannot take the oath his seat will be given to the candidate who received the next highest vote.

Third National Labor Congress.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., August 14.—The third Congress of the National Labor Union will be held in this city on Monday. Already prominent officials and delegates have arrived. It is expected most of the States will be represented. The St. Crispin's are largely represented among those who arrived this evening. The Working Women's Association will also be present. The session will probably occupy five days. Delegates will represent over 200,000 constituents, members of Trade Unions.

Destructive Fire—Loss $175,000.

CANTON, N. Y., Aug. 14.—A fire this morning in Union Block destroyed all the buildings below the postoffice. The principal losers are the Pitsburgher office, L. Caldwell & Co., A. J. Gage, Henry Smith, E. B. Benton, Sackenider & Co., and many other smaller losers. Total loss $175,000. Mr. Smith, whose loss is $12,000, was not insured, the others partially so.

RIVER DISASTER.

Steamer Cumberland Explodes Her Boiler.

About Twenty Lives Lost.

[Special Dispatch to the Courier-Journal.]

MT. VERNON, IND., Aug. 14.—The steamer Cumberland, of the Evansville and Cairo packet line, exploded her boiler near Shawneetown at 4 o'clock this morning. The officers were all saved except Samuel Copeland, mail agent, who is missing. Fifteen to twenty of the passengers and deck crew are lost. Six bodies are already recovered. The boat is a total loss; insurance $6,000. The safe and books are also lost. A portion of the cargo, consisting principally of wheat and corn, will be saved.

BOWLING GREEN.

A Fire Department Needed—Mercantile Organization—The Queen Sisters.

[Special Dispatch to the Courier-Journal.]

BOWLING GREEN, KY., August 14.—The fire which occurred here some days since caused so much excitement among the citizens that, for want of organization, no one knew what to do. It is thought a fire department will be created now. The loss by the fire was very small, but for providential interference might have been extensive.

A primary meeting of our merchants, for the purpose of instituting an organization for their mutual benefit, was held yesterday and proved quite successful.

The Queen Sisters are tendered a benefit, assisted by Professor Pope and other amateurs, and will perform at Odeon Hall on Monday night. They go hence to Louisville for a week following.

CAIRO.

The Rape Case—Confession of the Negro—He Prepares for Death.

[Special Dispatch to the Courier-Journal.]

CAIRO, Aug. 14.—Henry Baldwin, the negro who was arrested here yesterday for rape on the person of Mrs. Benson (not Wood as reported yesterday), has confessed the crime. Henry was born a slave to Mr. Baldwin, father of Mrs. Benson, who married a clergyman, and has lived with Benson several months. Henry says he accomplished the crime at the barn while Mrs. Benson was milking cows. He then went to Baldwin's barn and rode a mule near to Cairo, turning it loose in the woods. He seems now to begin to realise the enormity of his crime, and sent for a clergyman to prepare for death, which he says he knows he will meet, either by a mob or course of law. He said he so distressed as to render him nearly insane.

PADUCAH.

Meeting in Regard to the E. and P. Railroad.

[Special Dispatch to the Courier-Journal.]

PADUCAH, KY., Aug. 14.—A mass meeting of the citizens was held here to-night to give expression to public sentiment on the building of the Elizabethtown and Paducah railroad. Some time since it was expressed that the road might be built from the Tennessee river to Mayfield instead of to Paducah; hence the meeting. Speeches were made by prominent citizens, and public expressions given of good will to Louisville and faith in Col. Thomas and his directory. The people are well satisfied as to the location of the road and bridges.

MINNESOTA.

Disaster at the Falls of St. Anthony—Several Persons Swept Over.

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 14.—At 11 o'clock A. M. the temporary bridge on this side the Mississippi, used in the repairs of the falls at St. Anthony, was swept away either by a sunken log or force of the current. There were ten men upon the bridge when it broke up, and it is thought a third was upon it. They were whirled over the falls of St. Anthony. Another. One of the men was Miles Sherrin, night watchman, and the others were thought to be laborers. Search is now being made for the rapids and eddies below the falls for the bodies, but as yet with no result.

The bridge was nearly done. The opening of the falls bed is completed, and the new timbers of the immense spans are being laid. The water is quite high, owing to rains in the country above.

CUBA.

The Gunboat Question—Pittsburg Foundrymen Volunteer—Cuban Agent Appointed—A Poisoning Plot Discovered, etc.

NEW YORK, August 14.—Senor Lemus telegraphs from Washington that he has authentic the information that there will be no more troops to Cuba until the gunboat question is settled. The Spaniards acknowledge that without vessels it will be impossible to blockade the island and crush out the rebellion. Four of the boats are ready for armament.

One hundred and fifty workmen from Pittsburg iron foundries have contracted with Cubans to go to Cuba and work in a foundry.

Senor Jose Manuel Macela has been commissioned agent for the Cuban Government to treat with the Spanish authorities in reference to acknowledging the independence of Cuba. He left this city on Wednesday, and expects to meet Gen. Prim at some point in France and at once enter into negotiations concerning the object of his mission, in accordance with a promise made by Gen. Prim to the Cubans some fourteen months since. The Cubans furnished the Spanish revolutionists with $1,500,000 in gold to aid in overthrowing Isabella, in return for which Cuba is to be made independent.

HAVANA, Aug. 14.—A plan has been disclosed in Matanzas to poison the bread intended for the persons of that place. A boy to go made known the plot to the authorities, who had the parties tried and sentenced.

A rumor is in circulation that Col. Quitroo had attacked the insurgents at Holguin and killed 50. Spanish loss small. This report is probably confounded with the capture of Gen. Jordan's convoy. The localities of the engagements are contiguous.

THE PACIFIC.

The Money Stringency—Municipal Nominations—Seward's Visit to Mexico—Railroad Freights—Carl Schurz.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 14.—The unusual stringency in the money market continues. It is suggested as relief that the banks of this city borrow in New York and other Atlantic cities, deposit the amount in the Sub-Treasury at New York, and draw on the Sub-Treasurer here, in which there is some ten or twelve millions of coin now locked up. The Secretary of the Treasury is requested by telegraph to accede to the above suggestion, but in anticipation of his refusal several firms have ordered shipments of coin from the East.

The Independent Municipal Convention has nominated Hon. Thos. H. Haven for Mayor. The nominee has been a resident of this city for twenty years, and is one of the leading merchants of San Francisco. The other nominees are all good citizens, none of whom are professional politicians.

Letters received here from President Juarez and members of his Cabinet express gratification at the proposed visit of Mr. Seward to the City of Mexico, and promise him a generous reception.

The wine growers of California have opened negotiations with the Central Pacific and other railroads for such reductions of freight charges on wine and brandy as will enable them to ship overland instead of by sea.

A mass meeting of Germans last night decided to ratify Gen. Carl Schurz, of Missouri, a public reception, irrespective of party, on his arrival in this city.

NASHVILLE.

Stokes Accepts the Situation—The Boyelle Warning a Hoax.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 14.—The Lebanon Herald announces, on the authority of a friend of Gen. Stokes, direct from Alexandria, that the General accepts the situation and bows to the verdict of the people. He will not attempt to interfere with the State government.

Dr. Gilsham, one of the editors of the State Journal, published a card this morning, stating that the special dispatch referring to the warning of Bovelle, his colleague, to leave the city, was a mere errogeom. Bovelle was at his house up to the time of his departure for Kentucky, and made no mention of such warning to him. Nevertheless, the author of the special states that he received his information from Bovelle himself in the presence of other persons. The warning was, he says, over the signature of "Pale-face."

NEW YORK.

Financial and Commercial Reports.

Another Unfavorable Bank Statement.

Increasing Excitement in the Pratt Case.

Continuation of the Susquehanna Railroad War.

Etc., Etc., Etc.

[Special Dispatch to the Courier-Journal.]

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, August 14.—Money is easier on call at 6 and 7 per cent., but discounts continue dull at 9 and 12 per cent. The bank statement is again unfavorable. There is a loss in the total reserve of the banks of $3,176,221 against a decrease in the liabilities of $1,223,035. The banks hold of lawful money in excess of the legal reserve $20,647,200 against $23,208,761 during the preceding week. The legal average is lower by $1,336,745, which would indicate, in view of the Treasury currency disbursements on account of bond purchases, that the movement of currency to the southwest during the week has been under estimated.

Gold declined early this afternoon to 133¾, under rumors of advance in bonds at London to 83. These were followed by rumors from Washington on the Cuban question, which caused an advance, but the close was dull and unsettled. Foreign exchange is weak.

BONDS.

Government bonds opened dull and lower, but showed a steadier feeling toward the close. It is asserted with an air of authority that the Government will continue its purchases of bonds during September. Southern State bonds were without important change.

RAILROAD SHARES, &c.,

opened heavy. The downward speculation which began yesterday afternoon has been continued, and the market has been feverish and unsettled. Use has been made by the operators for a decline of the rumored reduction by the great trunk roads of rates on through freight between the seaboard cities and Chicago, St. Louis. The Vanderbilt stocks have declined in the absence of any news concerning the consolidation. New York Central declined to 209¾; Hudson to 185, Michigan Southern to 103, Northwestern common to 88, do. preferred to 97¾; Rock Island to 110¾, and Pacific Mail to 83¾, and there was scarcely an appreciable recovery during the afternoon. The street was deserted at an early hour.

THE PRATT CASE.

The excitement respecting the conflict of authority before Judge McCunn and Marshal Barlow, respecting the custody of Major Pratt, is increasing. The Judge is called upon to "vindicate the law, and Gov. Hoffman is vehemently urged to send the militia force of the State at all hazards. Sheriff O'Brien has been tendered the aid of several thousand armed men to assist in enforcing the warrants of the State courts.

OUR OWN MARKET REPORT.

Specially Telegraphed to the Courier-Journal.

DRY GOODS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—Cotton Goods—The demand has generally improved, but the improvement is more than offset by the lower rates of freights from east to west which are now prevailing. Brown Sheetings—Standard goods 10½@11c; Medford 10c; Augusta 10½c; Lyman C 14½c; Newmarket 11½c; Wamsutta 12½c. Prices of Shirtings are fairly active and the surplus stocks somewhat reduced. Wamsutta 12½c in bales; Lonsdales 10c; Boss B 10½c; Lawrence B 11½c; Red Bank 12½c. Prints are a shade easier. Cochecos 9½c; Merrimac D 12½c; other prints madders 12½@13c; Arnold's 11c. Ginghams are in large receipts, active and very firm, and dreams dull. Corset jeans firm.

WOOLEN GOODS—The termination of the tailors' strike has led to more activity in cassimeres, and the week has been a good one. Foreign goods are doing better, especially carpet fall dress fabrics.

BREADSTUFFS.

EXTRA State flour was further advanced, with sales for export of 7,800 bbls, but other qualities dull and unchanged. Wheat dull on the spot, owing to scarcity of prime lots, and prices nominal. Amber Ohio was in demand for arrival at $1 72@1 73, but the tone of the market was generally unsettled and extended to corn and oats.

PROVISIONS.

Twenty-two thousand bushels wheat to Liverpool by steam, 30,945, and 2,300 quarters wheat to Cork for ds.

PROVISIONS.

All hog products quiet and weak except hams, which sold to the extent of about 800 boxes at 19@19½c for city ice-cured.

GROCERIES.

Coffee—Rio active; 13,000 bags sold at 19@20½c. Sugar active and firmer; fair to prime grocers at 11¾@12¾c; best crushed at 13¾@13¾c.

MOLASSES.

Boston—Receipts 197, mostly middling and fair steers, at 48@49c per cwt, and sold at 14@15½c to wholesale slaughterers, showing some confirmation from yesterday's decline.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts 3,000, with 2,500 left over from yesterday; market depressed; sheep at 4½@5½c. Lambs 6½@8½c, with some inferior at 5½c per pound.

Swine—Receipts 3,123 and several hundred due; dull and heavy at 8½@10½c. (By the head easier at 12½@13½c.

[To the Associated Press.]

THE RAILROAD WAR.

NEW YORK, August 14.—The Times exclusions a rumor that the railroad war will be continued by Judge Barnard by the appointment of a receiver in the interest of the Erie combination for the Rensselaer and Saratoga railroad.

Judge Barnard has granted an order requiring the Sheriff of Albany county to make a fuller return on the 16th instant of the reasons governing him in allowing Messrs. Prayn, Ramsey, and Van Valkenburg, the officers of the Susquehanna railroad, to be taken out of the custody without any evidence of violence having been used against him. Judge Barnard said he was under the impression that Judge Cady, of Albany, should be punished for contempt in issuing a writ of habeas corpus on which the defendants had been arrested. Counsel will take action until the Sheriff makes a return.

THE PRATT CASE.

The excitement respecting the conflict of authority before Judge McCunn and Marshal Barlow, respecting the custody of Major Pratt, is increasing. The Judge is called upon to "vindicate the law, and Gov. Hoffman is vehemently urged to send the militia force of the State at all hazards. Sheriff O'Brien has been tendered the aid of several thousand armed men to assist in enforcing the warrants of the State courts.

Soldiers will occupy the United States Court building. The case of Pratt will probably be disposed of on Monday. If the evidence is sufficient he will be sent to Texas for trial. Otherwise he will be discharged by the Commissioner.

Marshal Barlow denies that an agreement has been made to produce Pratt before Judge McCunn. He will bring the prisoner before Commissioner Osborn to be dealt with by the United States laws. He defends his course as a precaution to avoid a breach of peace, but says he don't intend to recede from his position, and will call upon the citizens power of the Government to sustain him if necessary.

On the other hand, it is asserted that Judge McCunn has announced his determination to have Pratt brought before him and his warrant for the arrest of the Marshal enforced. Sheriff O'Brien denies having received any warrant, which he is satisfied, that the prisoner is in his hands it will be executed, the regulars to the country notwithstanding. General Pryor, who is Pratt's counsel, expresses confidence in his client's release and the punishment of the Marshal. Meanwhile all is quiet in Chambers street.

A CONTRADICTION.

The statement that Senor Macala has been sent to Europe to meet Gen. Prim is said to be incorrect. He has, it is understood, gone to Cuba to have a conference with agedes in order to co-operate with the Junta there.

REPORTS.

Among the custom-house clearances for the week ending this evening were 31,000 bbls flour and 610,000 bushels wheat.

SURRENDER.

A prominent firm in Baltimore dealing in gold bonds, &c., is reported suspended to-day in consequence of heavy losses in Southern State securities.

ALLEGED FRAUDS.

Frank Webb has been arrested, charged with implication in the custom-house frauds alleged against Gen. Spaulding.

SUSPECTED FILIBUSTERS.

The steamer Montiecllo, lying at the Atlantic dock, ostensibly going to Newfoundland barks, is being closely watched by a revenue cutter, on suspicion of being a filibustering craft.

CINCINNATI.

Democratic Mass Meeting—The Weather.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 14.—The Democrats inaugurated the campaign by a mass meeting tonight in the Court-street market space. Good attendance. Speeches were made by Geo. E. Pugh, E. F. Carey and John F. Follet. Mr. Pendleton was unable to be present.

Weather warm and cloudy. Heavy showers in this vicinity this afternoon.

The Navy-yard Inspectors.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 14.—Secretary Robeson and Vice Admiral Porter arrived this morning. They made an inspection of the navy-yards. The visitors leave for New York this afternoon, stopping at League Island to inspect an ironclad. Gen. Sherman and daughter went on board this afternoon.

FOREIGN.

The Sale of Cuba to the United States Recommended.

Departure of Prince Arthur for his New Dominion.

Curious Aspect of the Cotton Supply Question.

The True Policy of the Manchester Manufacturers.

Etc., Etc., Etc.

[BY CABLE TELEGRAPH.]

ENGLAND.

THE SALE OF CUBA.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—The Post has an editorial to-day on the subject of the sale of Cuba to the United States, wherein the writer says: "We entertain a shrewd suspicion that the best thing Spain can do is to close with America in respect to Cuba. She gains nothing by Cuba in her present state, but loses a sum she cannot afford. She is not strong enough to stamp out the insurrection, but is obliged by a false sense of honor to continue an attempt costly and annoying. If she is able to restore tranquility considerable time must elapse before she can reap the fruits of success, and probably before the result is attained the flames of rebellion will break out afresh. These considerations still have weight with the government, and notwithstanding the denial of the rumored negotiations, we should not be surprised to hear that the purchase and sale of Cuba have been effected."

PRINCE ARTHUR.

LONDON, August 14.—Prince Arthur sailed from Liverpool to-day on the City of Paris for Halifax.

THE BOAT RACE.

The time for the international boat race has been definitely fixed. It will occur on the evening of Friday, August 27.

THE COTTON SUPPLY.

The Times to-day has an editorial on the subject of cotton supply, wherein it says: A curious aspect has just been given to the question of cotton supply. Just as the association for promoting this object is building its usual meeting, a merchant writes us saying that Mr. Mason has made a new scheme for the security it suffers. With all its wealth, enterprise and confidence it has never invested a penny in a cotton field. The conclusion of the outside world obviously is that those who know most about cotton are convinced that cotton planting is never paying. Their caution acts on others, and cotton culture is discouraged. If the Manchester spinners would establish a cotton company with a large capital employed in the heart of India, things would be different, but they stand aloof, refuse to risk their money in the adventure, and when cotton comes to them, driving it down to a losing point. The association urges the establishment of a vast cotton field in Ethiopia, but the recommendation, though interesting to growers, has little effect in the centre of the cotton trade.

Mr. Cobden and his friends maintained that it was not the duty of the manufacturers to concern themselves with the growth, but merely to offer a sure and steady market for the produce. Now, instead of America by a farthing a pound on equal quality, she can command the Lancashire market. The true policy of the manufacturers was to keep the market open, and give the preference to the best cotton.

How false doctrines ended we cannot say, but it is singular that the complaints of our correspondent lend illustration to the argument. He resents the practice of the manufacturers in driving down the price. Is it not operations of peace and the 25th of July. Does not the remark strengthen the argument that most people ought to be buyers and sellers?" His figures state that the average Indian cotton formerly bringing 4 pence per lb. now brings 10 pence, and it may be many years before it will rise to 20 pence, which would mean that 7 pence would remunerate the planters and satisfy Lancashire a mighty question may be near its solution. Remembering the cardinal question is the price cotton staple can be sold in the markets of the world, and the importance to progress the growth of cotton comes from the pocket of the wearer, it is useless to grow and spin if it cannot be sold in quantity and at a price to remunerate all concerned. Up to the time of the American war the conditions were fulfilled. The South produced and sold a large manufacture so cheaply that the article commanded the markets of the world. The spinner always throve with. The panic of Indian cotton is now 25d. greater than formerly, which is enough to ruin any manufacturer.

No wonder the looms are idle. The cheap goods and dear cotton are incompatible. Until cheap goods are produced trade can't revive. In the average of seven years pays the grower, there is no inducement to him that he should not revive. Protective tariffs will not always prevail. If the price spoken of will realize 12d per pound on board, the planters, the producers, there is nothing to prevent the speedy revival of production and consumption, and Manchester and the grower of the spinning carriage and trodden upon by the horses.

One of the reigning Parisian belles is about to be married to a Chinese, one of the attendees to the Chinese Embassador. The parents of the fair one are in despair.

The Hon. Charles Chapman died at Hartford, Conn., a few days ago. He had been a director of the Bank of Commerce, United States Attorney for the District of Connecticut, and a member of the lower house of Congress.

Isaac C. Fowler, once Democratic Postmaster in New York—whence he emigrated suddenly to Canada on account of some misunderstanding with the department about the funds in his hands—is now in San Francisco.

During the late crisis in Paris both M. Magne and Baron Rouquette were respectively charged by the Emperor with the reformation of a new Cabinet. Their combined operations caused much surprise and even serious scandal, and it is said that the sovereign considered they had forgotten to tell them to cooperate.

The killing of the English traveller Powell and his wife in Abyssinia, was a horrible affair. After Mr. Powell and a missionary had been speared through by the natives, Mrs. Powell, sitting on the body of her husband, bade her, got a spear in her breast, and dying to her husband's side, was stoned to death.

An old gentleman named Frederick Bagge, known to be in easy circumstances, recently died in Berlin. On examination it transpired that the man had accumulated 1,000,000 thalers, which he has divided as follows: 1,000,000 to his cook, 300,000 thalers to several institutions of charity, and 200,000 to be divided between his two nephews.

The Gazette announces that Queen Victoria has appointed Mr. Antony Penhirt, the late influential British Museum, and Lieutenant General Sabine, Knights Commanders of the Bath. The Gazette also notifies that Dr. Norman McLeod has been appointed Dean of the Order of the Thistle and of the Chapel Royal in Scotland, in room of the late Dr. Muir.

The Journal Officiel of Paris contains a communique on the case of Mr. Warren, the American who claims compensation for his false imprisonment in June. The official organ denies the statement published by the journals, except the fact of the arrest. It denies that "this foreigner" was ill-used, or had his money taken from him.

Charles C. Little, the founder and senior partner of the publishing house of Little, Brown & Co., Boston, died on the 9th, aged 70 years. He was President of the Charles River National Bank, a trustee of Mount Auburn Cemetery, and a director of various financial and other corporations. He leaves a widow, daughter of the late Henry Wheaton, the noted writer on International Law, and four children.

Mr. Frank Ballard, who appropriated $60,000 of other people's money in the Security Insurance Company, as it is still fashionably called, and who is the "respectable" and "religious" a man to be prosecuted by the vulgar laws of this country, is now in Connecticut unknown to his friends ere that he is very sorry for what he has done, and that he did not use the money for any personal ends. He only speculated in stocks. If his gambling had turned out fortunately, for himself, he would have lost nothing. The public will feel profound regret that the "company" was so unlucky.

Vicksburg still exhibits severe marks of the seige of 1863. The numerous caves in the sides of the hills where the inhabitants took refuge are still open. Recently one of these was opened, and found to contain the bones of a family supposed to have been suffocated by the closing of the entrance. The rifle-pits and earth lots still remain on the hilltops, but the cannon have all been removed.

Private theatricals are in vogue at Atlantic City. Louis of a Lover is the next piece promised. Young ladies who have a penchant for catching beaux will find this a rare opportunity for practice.

The panier is not so *prononce* as it was, and will soon be one of the curiosities of the past.

INDIANA.

Typhoid fever and flux prevail in Terre Haute.

The postoffice at Griswold has been discontinued.

Evansville darkies have the mitten on Saturnalias.

Old corn at 85 cents, and new at $1 35 per bushel in Terre Haute.

Within five years Wabash county lands have increased in value 17 per cent.

Frederick Cardas was run over in Indianapolis on Friday, and had his leg broken.

A white man and negro wench, of thirty-four year mulatto in Evansville on Thursday.

A little girl, Ambrose Butt, was stamped to death by a horse near Peru yesterday week.

Two Irishmen were smothered on the Ohio and Mississippi road a few days since by the caving of a bank.

Prof. Schriber, a noted violinist of Evansville, has engaged to play in Ben De Bar's orchestra in Indianapolis.

The storm of last week was very severe in Putnam county. Some of the farmers lost as high as $400 in fencing.

A tobacco stemmery has for one hundred feet, and four stories high, is being erected in Rockport. Still another is to be built.

Gov. Baker has granted to Morgan, the murderer of Pfrimmer, a respite of thirty days.

Preparations were made for the burial of a little child at Madison last week, but just about the time of the funeral it awoke from a trance.

A six-year-old hermaphrodite horse, the property of Hil Leslie, Esq., attracted a great deal of attention in Terre Haute yesterday. It is a native of the vicinity of Monitor, Perry township.—[Lafayette Journal.

Last week Mr. Joseph Ashbrook, Richmond, had a rather sad time of childbirth. They were about eighteen months old, and during their entire sickness they seemed to be in complete accordance with each other. They must arise at the same time, and the moment one commenced to cry the other did also; the operations of one were followed by the other. Their disease was the same—and both died precisely at the same time. May the little cherubs now rest sweetly together in heaven, is our mental prayer.—[Goshen Democrat.

Personal.

Goethe's statue, by Stanlick, will be uncovered on the 28th instant, it being a hundred and twentieth anniversary of his birth.

The Rev. J. T. Headley, of "Napoleon and his Marshals," rode with Grant in a carriage at Newburg.

There is a rumor at Saratoga that the friends of Commodore Vanderbilt are about to purchase the great trotter, American Girl, for him.

Mrs. Love, of Ithaca, N. Y., writes a letter denouncing George Francis Train as a tool of the Jesuits.

It is noticed that in his speech at the unveiling of the Peabody statue, in London, the Prince of Wales used the verb "endorse" in the peculiar sense in which it is used here.

The marriage robe worn by the Princess Louise of Sweden, at her recent marriage to Prince Frederick Royal, Denmark, was manufactured in Berlin, and cost $70,000.

Marshal Serrano, the Regent of Spain, has conferred the order of the Grand Cross of Charles III. upon Mr. Campbs, the celebrated engineer of the Suez canal.

The Marquis Alessandro Covina was recently killed on the promenade of the Cascine at Florence by the Signal Lanzoni, of the fashionable carriage and trodden upon by the horses.

One of the reigning Parisian belles is about to be married to a Chinese, one of the attendees to the Chinese Embassador. The parents of the fair one are in despair.

The Hon. Charles Chapman died at Hartford, Conn., a few days ago. He had been a director of the Bank of Commerce, United States Attorney for the District of Connecticut, and a member of the lower house of Congress.

Isaac C. Fowler, once Democratic Postmaster in New York—whence he emigrated suddenly to Canada on account of some misunderstanding with the department about the funds in his hands—is now in San Francisco.

During the late crisis in Paris both M. Magne and Baron Rouquette were respectively charged by the Emperor with the reformation of a new Cabinet. Their combined operations caused much surprise and even serious scandal, and it is said that the sovereign considered they had forgotten to tell them to cooperate.

The killing of the English traveller Powell and his wife in Abyssinia, was a horrible affair. After Mr. Powell and a missionary had been speared through by the natives, Mrs. Powell, sitting on the body of her husband, bade her, got a spear in her breast, and dying to her husband's side, was stoned to death.

An old gentleman named Frederick Bagge, known to be in easy circumstances, recently died in Berlin. On examination it transpired that the man had accumulated 1,000,000 thalers, which he has divided as follows: 1,000,000 to his cook, 300,000 thalers to several institutions of charity, and 200,000 to be divided between his two nephews.

The Gazette announces that Queen Victoria has appointed Mr. Antony Penhirt, the late influential British Museum, and Lieutenant General Sabine, Knights Commanders of the Bath. The Gazette also notifies that Dr. Norman McLeod has been appointed Dean of the Order of the Thistle and of the Chapel Royal in Scotland, in room of the late Dr. Muir.

The Journal Officiel of Paris contains a communique on the case of Mr. Warren, the American who claims compensation for his false imprisonment in June. The official organ denies the statement published by the journals, except the fact of the arrest. It denies that "this foreigner" was ill-used, or had his money taken from him.

Charles C. Little, the founder and senior partner of the publishing house of Little, Brown & Co., Boston, died on the 9th, aged 70 years. He was President of the Charles River National Bank, a trustee of Mount Auburn Cemetery, and a director of various financial and other corporations. He leaves a widow, daughter of the late Henry Wheaton, the noted writer on International Law, and four children.

Mr. Frank Ballard, who appropriated $60,000 of other people's money in the Security Insurance Company, as it is still fashionably called, and who is the "respectable" and "religious" a man to be prosecuted by the vulgar laws of this country, is now in Connecticut unknown to his friends ere that he is very sorry for what he has done, and that he did not use the money for any personal ends. He only speculated in stocks. If his gambling had turned out fortunately, for himself, he would have lost nothing. The public will feel profound regret that the "company" was so unlucky.

Vicksburg still exhibits severe marks of the seige of 1863. The numerous caves in the sides of the hills where the inhabitants took refuge are still open. Recently one of these was opened, and found to contain the bones of a family supposed to have been suffocated by the closing of the entrance. The rifle-pits and earth lots still remain on the hilltops, but the cannon have all been removed.

Private theatricals are in vogue at Atlantic City. Louis of a Lover is the next piece promised. Young ladies who have a penchant for catching beaux will find this a rare opportunity for practice.

The panier is not so *prononce* as it was, and will soon be one of the curiosities of the past.

FOREIGN.

The Sale of Cuba to the United States Recommended.

Departure of Prince Arthur for his New Dominion.

Curious Aspect of the Cotton Supply Question.

The True Policy of the Manchester Manufacturers.

Etc., Etc., Etc.

[BY CABLE TELEGRAPH.]

ENGLAND.

THE SALE OF CUBA.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—The Post has an editorial to-day on the subject of the sale of Cuba to the United States, wherein the writer says: "We entertain a shrewd suspicion that the best thing Spain can do is to close with America in respect to Cuba. She gains nothing by Cuba in her present state, but loses a sum she cannot afford. She is not strong enough to stamp out the insurrection, but is obliged by a false sense of honor to continue an attempt costly and annoying. If she is able to restore tranquility considerable time must elapse before she can reap the fruits of success, and probably before the result is attained the flames of rebellion will break out afresh. These considerations still have weight with the government, and, notwithstanding the denial of the rumored negotiations, we should not be surprised to hear that the purchase and sale of Cuba have been effected."

PRINCE ARTHUR.

LONDON, August 14.—Prince Arthur sailed from Liverpool to-day on the City of Paris for Halifax.

THE BOAT RACE.

The time for the international boat race has been definitely fixed. It will occur on the evening of Friday, August 27.

THE COTTON SUPPLY.

The Times to-day has an editorial on the subject of cotton supply, wherein it says: A curious aspect has just been given to the question of cotton supply. Just as the association for promoting this object is building its usual meeting, a merchant writes us saying that Mason has made a new scheme for the security it suffers. With all its wealth, enterprise and confidence it has never invested a penny in a cotton field. The conclusion of the outside world obviously is that those who know most about cotton are convinced that cotton planting is never paying. Their caution acts on others, and cotton culture is discouraged. If the Manchester spinners would establish a cotton company with a large capital employed in the heart of India, things would be different, but they stand aloof, refuse to risk their money in the adventure, and when cotton comes to them, driving it down to a losing point. The association urges the establishment of a vast cotton field in Ethiopia, but the recommendation, though interesting to growers, has little effect in the centre of the cotton trade.

Mr. Cobden and his friends maintained that it was not the duty of the manufacturers to concern themselves with the growth, but merely to offer a sure and steady market for the produce. Now, instead of America by a farthing a pound on equal quality, she can command the Lancashire market. The true policy of the manufacturers was to keep the market open, and give the preference to the best cotton.

How false doctrines ended we cannot say, but it is singular that the complaints of our correspondent lend illustration to the argument. He resents the practice of the manufacturers in driving down the price. Is it not operations of peace and the 25th of July. Does not the remark strengthen the argument that most people ought to be buyers and sellers?" His figures state that the average Indian cotton formerly bringing 4 pence per lb. now brings 10 pence, and it may be many years before it will rise to 20 pence, which would mean that 7 pence would remunerate the planters and satisfy Lancashire a mighty question may be near its solution. Remembering the cardinal question is the price cotton staple can be sold in the markets of the world, and the importance to progress the growth of cotton comes from the pocket of the wearer, it is useless to grow and spin if it cannot be sold in quantity and at a price to remunerate all concerned. Up to the time of the American war the conditions were fulfilled. The South produced and sold a large manufacture so cheaply that the article commanded the markets of the world. The spinner always throve with. The panic of Indian cotton is now 25d. greater than formerly, which is enough to ruin any manufacturer.

Courier-Journal.
SUNDAY AND MONDAY, AUGUST 15 AND 16.

KENTUCKY NEWS.

A paper is to be established at Augusta.

Lexington is to have a horticultural exhibition.

The corn in the western part of Franklin county needs rain.

A fancy dress ba'l is announced at Crab Orchard for the 19th.

Jacob Myers, of Nicholas county, the other day captured a white coon.

The Methodist conference will be held in Cynthiana on the 1st of this month.

A rumor is current that Mr. James Murphy was hung by a mob, near Perryville, last Tuesday night.

The skeleton of a man hung in 1811 was dug up last Tuesday in excavating on Rev. D. H. Deacon's lot, in Henderson.

A citizen of Salvisa has a small cow that gave one thousand four hundred and sixty gallons of milk in one year.

An infirmary, recently fitted up in Paducah by the Sisters of Charity, will be open for the reception of patients in a few days.

The school house property in the western end of Carlisle, sold on last Saturday for the round sum of $950. Mr. Will. Rogers was the purchaser.

Mr. J. C. Montague, of Lexington, sold an unbroken two-year-old colt by Dr. Herr's Kentucky Clay, dam by Lexington, to Captain J. B. Wilgus for $600.

Mr. Wm. Revis, of Warren county, sold last week to Mr. Paul nine fatted hogs, weighing 1,912 pounds, an average of four hundred and thirty-five pounds each.

An old negro man named Lewis Scroggins died upon the farm of Mr. Daniel Price, in Woodford county, a few days since, at the advanced age of 100 years.

Thomas M. Reed, of Newport, formerly Surveyor of Customs at Paducah, Kentucky, has recently been appointed a clerk in the Treasury Department at Washington.

In an altercation, at Henderson, on Friday last, John P. Beverley was knocked down by Saml. Rouse, and his jaw-bone broken in one place and fractured in another.

It is feared that Fulton, the banner county of the Gibraltar of Democracy in the State, is backsliding. In the Presidential election Grant received six votes, while Mr. Wing polled seven.

Governor Stevenson and family, after a visit of ten days at Crab Orchard Springs, returned to Frankfort on Thursday evening. The Governor during his absence, was at one time quite unwell, but has entirely recovered.

A house on Main street, Bowling Green, belonging to G. W. Rose, caught fire on last Tuesday, about the middle of the day, and owing to scarcity of water and lack of organization in the fire department, was almost entirely consumed.

Col. R. H. Paxton (not Brown), of Anderson county, has a brown mare mule, fifteen months old, fifteen hands three inches and a half high, that weighs one thousand and seventy pounds. Also, a bull calf, two days younger, that weighs one thousand and nineteen pounds.

A negro man in the employ of T. W. Muir, of Lexington, by the name of Scott, was stabbed, on Monday last, by another negro by the name of Peter. The latter is said to be a very bad man, and has killed one or more negroes before. The wound was dressed by Dr. Willis, of Pine Grove, in Clark county, and is said to be a very serious one.

The Stanford Dispatch of the 13th says: "John Warren, who killed John Chappel in Crab Orchard on the 21st of July, was tried before his honor J. F. Cook, County Judge, on Friday last. Warren, after hearing the evidence, refused to [illegible] to give bail, and he was committed to [illegible] the action of the grand jury at the [illegible] term of the Lincoln Circuit [illegible]"

Mr. Jacob Stecher, a German farmer, from Wayne county, Indiana, has been reconnoitering in Fulton county and vicinity looking at land suitable for a German settlement of farmers. He bought for himself the farm of Mr. Roberts four miles from Hickman. He is delighted with the prospect, and is sanguine of being able to induce a number of German farmers to settle in that vicinity with him.

James Shea and Frank Myers, both of Covington, who had a fight according to the rules of the prize ring, on the 18th of July last, about three miles south of Newport, on the Licking turnpike, were arrested in the former city on Friday morning, and taken to Newport for trial. Myers was fined before Esquire Payne, who assessed a fine of $50 and costs against him. Shea will be tried before the same magistrate next Tuesday.

The Lebanon Clarion of Saturday says: "In removing the roof of the Presbyterian church, Mr. R. B. Nesbit found a four-inch Parrott shell lying in the space between the ceiling and the plastering on the west side of the building. It is, no doubt, one fired from a battery under the command of Gen. John Morgan, during the memorable fight of the 5th of July, 1863. The shell is still loaded, and, in these piping times of peace, is handled very carefully by the curious who go to see it."

The editor of the Lexington Observer and Reporter has been made inexpressibly happy by the present of a "curiosity" in the shape of a consolidated combination ear of corn. It looks for all the world like a female head with its long and luxuriant tresses hanging gracefully about it, and is composed of at least twenty ears of corn all in one. It was raised by Mr. J. W. Kizer on his place on the Newtown pike. The only solution to this natural problem is that it got badly corned when it was a mere "sprout."

Frank Wilhite, a negro, has been removed from Lincoln county to the jail at Lebanon, Marion county, for safe keeping, his life not being considered altogether safe in the first named place. It is stated that on Thursday of last week he committed a most infamous outrage on the person of Mrs. Collier, an old lady of 67 years of age, near Milledgeville. The affair created a good deal of excitement, and the accused's removal to other quarters.

Mr. J. W. Stone, of Calloway county, has just received letters patent for a press for the manufacture of chewing tobacco. This press, when ready for use, will be made of cast iron, and will be about seven or eight feet long. In front there is a revolving feeder, which receives the tobacco and passes it beneath the lever. There are three cog-wheels, two of them sixteen and twelve inches in diameter, the combination of which forms the power of the machine. There is sufficient to press the tobacco to its minimum capacity. The pressure is regulated by an adjusting weight upon the lever according to the texture of the leaf in process of expression. As the compressed tobacco passes through the press it is cut off at the farther end in a six or eight inch plug, as desired, the knives, of which there are two, being removed from the roller at pleasure.

The time for holding the fall meeting of the Locust Course Association at Bowling Green has not yet been definitely agreed upon, but will take place some time in October. The following stakes have been filled and closed with the following entries: Morgan-Hines stake for two-year-old colts and fillies, mile dash, $20 entrance, [illegible] added by association. [illegible] [illegible] L. Roe, enters [illegible] by Joe Stoner, dam by [illegible] Miss Kelley names Lewis, by Commodore, dam by Captain Magee; same enters Rosa [illegible], by Commodore, dam sister to Pryor; same enters [illegible], by Commodore, dam Alice. Ladies' purse for three-year-old colts and fillies, mile heats, [illegible] entrance, p. or p., with $100 added by [illegible] [illegible] enters [illegible], by Bill Alkin, dam Liberty, by Young Boyd. [illegible] Thompson enters [illegible], by Virginia, by Goodwood [illegible] Lexington. John R. Holmes enters [illegible] by Albion, dam by Wagoner.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

Natchez, Mississippi, has the sidewalk [illegible] nuisance.

A revival is in progress in the Baptist church at Helena, Ark.

Ex-Gov. Worth is lying very ill at Rockbridge Alum Springs, Va.

The union depot to be built at Kansas City, Mo., this fall, will cost $150,000.

Mr. N. H. Kirkley, of the firm of Joyner & Kirkley, of Memphis, died in Sidney, Ohio, on the 6th inst.

Dr. James F. McRee, one of the oldest citizens of Wilmington, N. C., died on Monday last, aged 74.

The name of Daysville, Loudoun Co., Va., is changed to Palmerville, and Leah F. Palmer appointed as postmistress.

On the 4th instant Orville Lyon, of [illegible] county, Mo., was shot and killed by [illegible] Williams, while the two were engaged in [illegible]

It is reported that Turner, the negro [illegible] of Macon, Georgia, has been removed, and Mr. Washington, the old incumbent, [illegible]

[illegible] Memphis cotton seed oil mills have [illegible] during the season [illegible] of seed has [illegible]

The Baptist Sunday School Association of [illegible], Va., numbers 1,241 scholars and [illegible]; High street church is the banner [illegible], numbering 322 scholars.

At the recent meeting of the State Baptist Association at Columbia, Mo., a collection was taken of nearly forty thousand dollars for the various interests of the church.

The trial of Nat. Jackson, for the murder of Alexander Bruce, in Farmville, Virginia, in March, will commence in the Circuit Court of Prince Edward county on Monday.

Colored men are performing jury duty at the present term of the Warren (Miss.) Criminal Court. They are the first negro jurors that have been empanelled in that county.

The Milledgeville (Ga.) Recorder says that Mr. Stephens' general health is good. He is now recovering from his accident, and works daily on the second volume of his great work.

A discharged Federal soldier named [illegible] was killed in Collin county, Texas, on [illegible]. About $80 in currency was found in [illegible] pocket in his blouse, his pants pockets being turned inside out.

The new opera-house at Kansas City, is modeled after the opera-house at Detroit, [illegible] will cost $50,000. Its dimensions are seventy by one hundred and ten feet, and it is [illegible] to seat 2,100 people.

On Sunday last a Mr. Padgett and a Mr. [illegible], of Opelika, Ala., had a difficulty, which resulted in the wounding of Mr. Padgett in five places [illegible] pistol shots, and in the [illegible] of Mr. Tucker.

A farmer of Decatur county, Ga., has [illegible] full of balls that some of the stalks are [illegible] by the weight. It is from the Dickson [illegible] manured with guano. He is expecting [illegible] bales to the acre.

A dispatch from Lexington, S. C., states that the jury in the case of Dr. F. S. Lewis, who was tried for the homicide of S. Elliot Bratis [illegible], and for the seduction of his wife, rendered a verdict of guilty.

The question of annexing Western Florida to Alabama is to be voted upon by all the people of Florida on the 2d of November, according to the Governor's proclamation. There are eight counties in Western Florida, and they comprise the best cotton and sugar lands in the State.

At Dublin, Ga., on the 3d inst., Mr. Jas. [illegible] attacked one Kinion B. Keen, who, in [illegible], made a fatal blow with a small [illegible], the blade of which penetrated just under [illegible] rib, and ranging upward severed an artery, causing Mr. Brantly's death in about an hour.

On Tuesday evening, last General J. [illegible] Magruder delivered his lecture on "[illegible] Maximilian and Carlotta," in the ballroom of the White Sulphur Springs, Va. General [illegible] introduced the speaker, whose discourse was [illegible] favorably received by a large and [illegible] audience.

On Wednesday of last week a special term of the Circuit Court was held in Fredericksburg for the purpose of trying some fellows named John Ducked and James Boyle, [illegible] with horse-stealing. They were sentenced to five years' imprisonment in the penitentiary [illegible] Jefferson City.

The [illegible] News says that it has [illegible] Governor Bullock is [illegible] of that Senatorial [illegible] for the vacant [illegible]

[illegible] Senatorship, caused by Welch's resignation. [illegible] is preaching it from the pulpit. The plan is to get ready, when Gov. Bullock will get up excuse to send troops down and order an election.

The fine new flouring mill of Hon. Wm. Byers, of Batesville, Ark., was burned last Tuesday night about 12 o'clock. This mill, one mile west of Batesville, had just been completed and was in successful operation, and was capable of grinding six hundred bushels of wheat per day. There was also attached a cotton gin and press of the most improved pattern. The loss is estimated at $22,000.

The Napoleon (Ark.) News relates a miraculous adventure of a man named E. B. Parrish, who, while in a boozy state, took off all his clothing, got into a canoe, floated down stream several miles, when his canoe was upset upon a pile of drift. He swam to the nearest shore, and scrambled about for six or seven days, subsisting on blackberries. He was absent from the day he launched his frail vessel until he was found by Mr. R. Smith, on a point above Arkansas Post, thirteen days, being entirely naked, and having had nothing to eat except a few blackberries, which he crawled through a brier thicket and gathered the fourth day before he was found. He is now safe at home at Pendleton.

The Jefferson (Texas) Jimplecute says: "Rumor informs us that a squad of United States soldiers went from here to Davis county on last Wednesday night to arrest William Gray, who was charged with having killed quite a number of citizens. The squad surrounded and charged on the house of the widow Phillips, where Gray was tarrying, and ordered him to surrender. He refused to do so, and attempted to make his escape, when he was three times ordered by the soldiers to halt, but disobeying the warning, he was fired upon and instantly killed. At the time he was shot he is said to have been unarmed, bareheaded, barefooted, and in his night clothes."

The Macon (Ga.) Telegraph of the 12th has the following wonderful cotton statement: "We learned yesterday from a gentleman just up from Eufaula, that the stalks, bolls and squares in the brag acre of cotton belonging to Major L. F. Johnston, near Eufaula, had been counted within the last day or two, and that by a close mathematical calculation the acre will yield at least five and, probably, eight 450-pound bales of cotton. Old and experienced planters who were present and examined the cotton stalks, said that the acre would certainly yield five bales, and with favorable weather and close picking seven bales would probably be obtained. This is a most fabulous-sounding statement, but we are assured that it is true."

The Savannah News of the 11th reports that Justice Wade, of that city, had issued warrants, based upon the affidavit of a citizen residing in the vicinity of Ogeechee river, for the arrest of a white man and some ten negroes, the white man being charged with inciting the negroes to riot and assault and battery, and the negroes, some of whom are recognized as parties to the first Ogeechee riot, with being concerned. Officers Butler, Cause, and Endres were charged with the execution of the warrants, and yesterday proceeded to the Ogeechee river to arrest the parties, five of whom were taken into custody, the white man and four negroes, named Jude Bug, Bristo McGetty, Ben Gordon, and Peter Blake, who were brought before Justice Wade, and bonds entered into for their appearance to answer. The statement of the party prosecuting was that he and the other white party had some difficulty of words, when the latter blew a horn, which summoned the ten negroes around, who [illegible] had him down, and would have taken his life had it not been for the assistance rendered by a negro who was with him in a buggy. Verily, the Ogeechee is a hard place.

A Great Man and a Little One.

Gen. Grant has been called a great man. It has been claimed in his behalf that he possesses the utmost purity and pride of character. It is alleged by his friends that he has the nicest and loftiest sense of honor, shrinking from even the suspicion of a doubtful thought or act as he would shrink from a deadly contagion. Comparisons have been boldly challenged between him in both military and private life and the noblest military men and statesmen that adorn the annals of European history. There is certainly a great and striking difference in some material respects between him and the great historical characters of the Eastern Hemisphere. He thinks not like them, he feels not like them, he acts not like them. Let us see what was the course of the great Duke of Wellington in regard to a matter which has excited much attention and given rise to much discussion in the case of Grant. The Duke, in cases where he had patronage to bestow, disdained to receive gifts from those who sought his favor. He had a too refined sense of honor to do a thing so gross and ignoble. A gentleman, having sent him upon a certain occasion a number of fine and valuable pictures as a present, soon followed them with an application for a place under the British Government, whereupon the old Duke, not inaptly called "the Iron Duke," made this reply:

BRIGHTON, April 9, 1828.

To ——:

SIR—I had the honor of receiving, this morning, your letter of the 5th instant, and I am highly flattered by the mark of your respect you are pleased to present to me.

It appears by your letter that you are desirous of obtaining some employment, civil or military, an ambition which I think highly commendable, and that you wish me to confer upon you such an appointment.

When you first did me the honor to address me, I conceived that you wished that the pictures painted by your grandfather, which you declined to sell, should find a place in my collection; and I accepted the offer you made me of two of them on the score of your respect for the services, and with a view to gratify this desire of yours. If you had then mentioned your wish to obtain employment, I should have declined your offer, as I consider myself obliged to do since the receipt of your letter.

I am perfectly aware that your desire of employment is quite distinct from the other on which you have written to me. If I did not think so, I should probably treat it in a different manner. But you must be sensible that public men in this country cannot be too cautious or too free from suspicion; and upon consideration you will not be surprised that I should inform you, that if by Monday the 15th I should not receive from you an intimation to what place you wish the three cases of your pictures, now in my house in Piccadilly, should be sent, I will send them to you to No. 8, St. Vincent's Parade, Hotwells, Bristol. I have, &c.,

WELLINGTON.

Thus spoke out and flashed out the soul of one whom no gifts could buy or influence. He scorned every semblance of bribery with a scorn unutterable in words. But *our* great military hero, he whom interested and mercenary political and personal flatterers endeavor to exalt above all others, would have accepted the gift with avidity, made haste to ascertain its precise pecuniary value, and removed the first crippled soldier or soldier's widow that he could find in office to make place for the venal dispenser of presents. *He* was never known, so far as the world is informed, either to refuse a gift or to decline the bestowal of public office upon the giver. Even his political friends blush for him, though few of them care to express in language the shame they feel.

In another case the conqueror of Napoleon was offered a minor present, not a house and lot, not a hundred thousand dollars in gold or greenbacks, but an humble present such as an inferior officer was able to afford. And here is his reply:

ORDNANCE OFFICE, 23d February, 1824.

To ——:

SIR—Your letter of the 11th reached me this morning, and I avail myself of the earliest opportunity to inform you that I cannot possibly accept the present which you have thought proper to offer to me. I am unwilling to express to you the disagreeable feeling which your letter has excited, as I am convinced that an officer who has served with so much credit as you have obtained could not be actuated by an improper motive. A little consideration, however, would, I am sure, show you the impropriety of offering a present to an officer to whom you are a total stranger, and with whom, from being in the same department, you would probably be hereafter in the habit of communicating.

I have, etc., WELLINGTON.

This was as noble as it was kindly. It was a rebuke, but a gentle one, a rebuke administered from a sense of delicacy to a worthy soldier, who, in offering a gift to Wellington, had, as the illustrious Duke believed, committed an error of judgment. The great captain's sense of honor was hurt by his humble admirer's offer, and, in following the plain path of duty marked out for himself upon all such occasions, he felt constrained to reject the gift. How in contrast Wellington and Grant here show themselves to the world, the one standing erect in conscious purity and nobility of feeling and of action, and the other leaning anxiously forward and thrusting out his hand for whatever the selfish and the sordid may choose to lay upon its polluted palm. Grant may be a hero, but one hero differs from another hero. No American citizen, fit to be an American citizen, can view the course of Grant in connection with that of Wellington without experiencing a deep and torturing sense of shame that Grant is the chief-magistrate of our country.

Things in Brazil.

Men talk about the tyranny of Lopez, the ruler of Paraguay, but his tyranny, though undoubtedly real, is vastly exceeded by that of the Emperor of Brazil. The latter, in order to obtain a majority for himself in a new Parliament, recently caused men of infamous character to be installed in office in some cases in disregard and defiance of the popular will. Among the persons who were made magistrates was one who had murdered his own sister's husband in her arms. Another who had been tried for two murders and was notoriously guilty, a third an agent of police who had caused the massacre of Carmo, and a fourth whom the chief of police had in a public report designated as a murderer. Numerous assassinations were perpetrated by military detachments or by the police sent officially for the purpose, on fraudulent or vindictive complaints being lodged by the voter's enemies. Two most atrocious cases are recorded by one of the Senators, the member of the upper House. In the first, the soldiers entered a house where the wife was very ill, searched her bed in pretense of seeing whether any recruitable man was concealed there, and terrified her so that she became delirious and died, leaving a young family; her husband, in order to save her from these horrors, offered himself as a prisoner, but the ruffians only laughed at him. In the second, the police surrounded the coffee estate of a planter who was absent, arrested his laborers, whipped his female slaves, searched the house, and threatened his wife with a caning.

De Souza, a leading member of the Brazilian Senate, says with apparent reason, that one may now recognize the fact that the lot of the subjects of Asiatic Turkey is a thousand times better than that of a Brazilian at the present time. Many citizens of the United States have attempted, since the close of the war, to reside in Brazil, but we believe that none of them now remain there, all who survive having made their escape from a country upon which God rained His blessings but man has showered his curses.

The Radical Party and the Chinese.

The following is the commencement of an article in the New York Commercial:

The Democratic organs and conventions, in old Democratic times, never omitted an opportunity to declare that this was "the home of the oppressed," "the asylum of all nations." They have ignored those old party cries that used to tickle the ears of the Irish and German. Now these favorite expressions are ignored. The door of the "home of the oppressed" is slammed in the faces of the thrifty delvers of the soil who come from the "flowery kingdom." They are informed that there is no asylum for them here—in fact, that they are not wanted.

Whether the editor of the Commercial knows the fact or not, it *is* a fact, that ten or twenty times as much opposition is made to Chinese immigration by the Radical as by the Democratic party. Very nearly the whole opposition to it, except in California, is made by the Radicals, and there is quite as much opposition to it, even in California, from them as from the Democrats, if not a great deal more. The enterprises inaugurated at Memphis, at New Orleans, and at St. Louis, for the introduction of Chinese labor, were inaugurated under the auspices of Democrats and are managed by Democrats. Warnings and threats are constantly put forth by the Radical press in regard to what Congress will do at its next session to prevent Chinese competition or interference with black labor. The great apprehension of the South now is, as it may well be, that our Radical Congress, fiercely intent upon upholding the negro at the expense of the white population, will throw such obstacles in the way of the employment of Chinese labor as will frustrate for a time all the bright and high expectations which have recently pervaded the South and extended in no small degree to other sections of the country. Congress is now the lion in the path of national prosperity.

Grant Rampant.

In an article in a late number of the Philadelphia Telegraph, a Radical organ, we find this passage:

In the New York World, and other sheets of like character, all the movements of the President are detailed with sneering comments, with a view of belittling him in the eyes of the public; and the President, from his official position, is obliged to endure insolence from these scampish quill-drivers that, if he were a private individual, they would not dare to attempt.

The editor of the Telegraph, we understand, wrote this after an interview with the President at Long Branch or Washington. Grant, it seems, is belligerent. He is pugnacious, he is bloody-minded. Nothing restrains him but the chains and fetters of his official position. If he were only a private individual, he would not endure the sneering comments and the insolence of the "scampish quill-drivers." No, he would start out and "swing around the circle" with a cudgel, horsewhip, pistol, and blunderbuss. But let the quill-drivers remember that their security, their exemption from the consequences of Grant's direful wrath, is only temporary. No doubt he instructs his private secretary to keep a careful list of the names of the scampish quill-drivers who offend him, and, as soon as the flight of the remaining portion of his official time shall leave him "free of heart and limb," they may expect to suffer for their temerity, the whole ten thousand of them. He will "propose to move immediately upon their works." And there's another thing which perhaps they had better remember. If they make him too mad, so mad that he can't stand it, so furious that he can't restrain or contain himself, he may, to satiate his hunger and thirst for vengeance, resign the Presidency at once, and then the devil will be to pay sure enough.

Pennsylvania.

The prominent radical organs of Pennsylvania admit the apathy of their party in that State and betray their apprehensions as to the result of the approaching elections. We have little doubt of the success of the Democracy. They have a strong candidate for the Governorship; they are unanimous in favor of him; they harmonize entirely in their support of principles and measures; and they are impelled to vigorous action by confidence and enthusiasm. We fully believe that they will carry their State by a handsome majority, and we need not say how important a State she is in the politics of the country.

☞ The new building of the Young Men's Christian Association, at the corner of Twenty-third street and Fourth avenue, is believed to be the finest edifice ever erected by any similar organization.—[N. Y. Eve. Post.

The new edifice of the Young Men's Christian Association is here called the finest ever erected by any *similar* organization, that is by any organization *similar* to that which erected it. The editor of the Post is one of the most classical editors living, but he trips in his use of the English language sometimes.

☞ What is the significance of the proposition of the Washington Republican, the central organ of Radicalism, that ninety-nine hundredths of the negroes, that is, all who cannot read and write, shall be disfranchised? Is it one of the many omens which are said to portend the end of the world? It certainly seems to portend a speedy end of the world of Radicalism.

☞ Mr. Creswell, Grant's Postmaster General, who so fiercely demands that no persons elected in the Southern States shall take office without first taking the iron-clad oath, couldn't take it himself except by committing perjury. After the commencement of the war he was one of the first to raise recruits in Maryland for the Southern Confederacy.

☞ The Chicago Tribune says that there is no evidence that Grant sympathized with the Stokes party in Tennessee. Then Boutwell's assertion in his letter to Stokes, an assertion which Grant did not correct or seek to have modified, is no evidence.

☞ If the Democracy have accomplished no other good by supporting Republican candidates in Virginia, Tennessee, Mississippi, and Texas, they have at least set the two portions of the late Grant party to fighting each other.

☞ The Cuban insurgents celebrated the birthday of American Independence with salutes and illuminations. We hope that the birthday of their own independence will be similarly celebrated for a century to come.

The business of the country is being satisfactorily conducted. All the Government departments are daily running.—[Detroit Post.

Perhaps the Post means that the President and the heads of departments are "daily running."

☞ It seems that President Grant, on account of his plebeian face, gets habitually "snubbed" by those who don't personally know him. Next time let the people elect a President that looks like one.

☞ Stokes once cut off a man's ears. Probably he now wishes that he had lost his own before he heard the result of the late election in Tennessee.

☞ The difference between Gen. Grant and a present made to him a few weeks ago, is, that one is a puppy and the other a puppet.

☞ Grant's family are like lumbermen—they get all they ax.

CITY ITEMS.

What an Eminent Chemist Says.

Read the testimonial of Dr. J. P. Barnum, the eminent chemist and proprietor of the well-known Louisville Chemical Works:

LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS, July 26, 1869.

Dr. Wintersmith:

DEAR SIR: Being acquainted with your formula and method of preparing your Tonic Sirup or Improved Chill Cure, it gives me pleasure to state that it contains no arsenic, but is strictly a vegetable preparation, and has, in my opinion, more than ordinary merit as a domestic remedy for malarious diseases. I have recommended it in several cases of chills and fever of long standing, some of them for years, and it has been in every case a perfect success.

J. P. BARNUM, M. D.

Information Wanted.

The distressed parents of Kittie Winn, who left her home about 2½ o'clock on Friday afternoon last, would be more than grateful to any one leaving information as to her whereabouts. The mind of the poor girl is partially affected. When she left home she had on a dark calico dress with small figure, a black velvet hat with a brown barege vail; had also in a bundle, which she carried, a green and white check mozambique dress and a black and white skirt dress of same material. She is of fair complexion, dark, auburn hair (heavy suit), about 20 years of age, quite low and very slender. Any information will be gratefully received at the residence of John L. Winn, Nineteenth street, second door from Market, west side.

What is Said of Walker's Tonic Bitters by Those Who Know their Worth.

We have seen the formula, and know what the solid ingredients in Walker's Tonic Bitters are, and we have no hesitation in saying that they are wholesome and well selected, and of the best quality.

We believe that when combined with the fine Bourbon selected by Mr. Walker, the result is a Tonic unsurpassed by any in the country.

HENRY CHAMBERS & CO., Wholesale Druggists and Chemists, Main street, between Sixth and Seventh, Louisville, Ky.

☞ C. C. Spencer commences on Monday morning the assignee's and constable's sale of fancy goods, at 165 Fourth street, between Green and Walnut. The stock is fresh, and of the best quality. The sale will be continued until the entire stock and fixtures are closed out.

Religious.

Rev. Louis P. Tschiffely, of Tenn., will officiate to-day, morning and evening, at Grace church. All are invited to attend.

☞ Attention is called to the card of Mr. E. H. Vernon, grocer, corner of Sixth and Chestnut streets, who has sold out to Mr. W. H. Meriwether, jr., and bespeaks for his successor the liberal patronage hitherto extended to him.

☞ One of the curiosities of our city that all strangers should visit is D. O'Hare's great Trunk Manufactory and Emporium, on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth. Go and see it, by all means, whether you wish to purchase or not.

Horse Men and Others.

We call especial attention to the sale of three horses, one rockaway, one open buggy and sulky, to be sold in front of the Court-house, on Monday morning, August 16, 1869, at 11 o'clock, the property of E. Pearson, Esq. All of the horses are three minutes in harness. There is one splendid rockaway horse, safe and gentle, and very fast: also three setts of harness. Sale positive. S. P. WHALEY, Ac't.

☞ Comicade slays bed-bugs on a new plan.

☞ When you want good pictures at low prices find J. C. Elrod's old gallery, No. 136 Main street.

☞ You can buy a Saratoga trunk for $4 50 at D. O'Hare's, on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

A. L. Childers' Pure Grape Wine—Woodford County Vineyards, Kentucky.

For sale by all druggists at $1 per bottle or 6 bottles for $5.

E. S. SUTTON, Druggist, Sole Agent, 361 Jefferson street, between Ninth and Tenth.

☞ We call the attention of our patrons and friends to Ward's Eureka Tonic Bitters. It is no quack nostrum, leaving the poor invalid a thousand times worse than before taking, but a safe and admirable tonic, compounded by an eminent physician of Louisville.

☞ XX sole leather trunks, with improved steel spring, at D. O'Hare's Trunk Manufactory, on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

TAKE AS A PREVENTIVE.

The Reasons of its Superiority Over All Other Chill Remedies.

Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup or Improved Chill Cure is not only an anti-periodic, but acts upon the liver also, so that in cases where persons are bilious, as indicated by sallow complexions, loss of appetite, &c., generally followed by chills and fever, or in higher latitudes or in more exposed situations by continued or intermitting fever, the use of this tonic for a few days will entirely remove these symptoms, and show evidence of its efficacy by restoring the normal clearness of the complexion, and in an increased appetite and a restored healthy action of the secretory organs. This is really the great advantage this tonic possesses over the so-called tonics now in use, the best of which are but anti-periodics, and which they may break the chill, they do not remove the cause of the disease, but leave the system in as bad or in a worse condition than when first taken. The use of this medicine is therefore indicated in cases where persons are exposed to miasmatic influences, and is as valuable in warding off attacks of bilious and other fevers as in curing chills and fevers. By the use of chlorine or carbolic acid in the sleeping chambers, and a proper use of Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup as indicated by the symptoms, a person may live and enjoy good health in the most malarious districts.

Shell Oysters! Shell Oysters!

First of the season. Fresh shell oysters just received at Rufer's Hotel and Restaurant. Also young grouse, blue-wing ducks, woodcock, snipes, squirrels. Fifth street, between Main and Market. C. C. RUFER, Proprietor.

☞ One dollar and fifty cents will buy a trunk at D. O'Hare's Great Western Trunk Manufactory, on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

Home Testimony.

Read the certificate of R. A. Gresham, of the Louisville Transfer Company:

I have taken nearly all the alterative medicines in the market. I have found nothing to do me half so much good as Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla and Stillingia. R. A. GRESHAM, Louisville Transfer Company.

☞ Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup or Improved Chill Cure is meeting with extraordinary success. It never fails when properly taken to cure the most obstinate case of fever and ague. For sale by all druggists.

☞ The A No. XX sole leather valise, copper-riveted edge and improved steel springs, at D. O'Hare's trunk house, on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

LOCAL NOTICES.

30 Days.

We will offer for the next thirty days our large stock of fine Teas at Eastern wholesale prices, in lots of one pound and upward. Country merchants, hotel keepers, and close buyers generally are invited to examine our teas at the following prices: Good Oolong, black, 85c; best do do, extra choice, $1 50; best Japan, very choice, $1 25; good Imperial, $1; best do, $2; good Gunpowder, $1 50; best do, very superior, $2. H. N. GAGE, 167 Fourth street, bet. Green and Walnut, Louisville, Ky.

au15 SuTh&Sa

☞ **Fluting Machines, Scissors, Brushes, all kinds, and new goods in general, at and arriving at Rogers' House-furnishing Emporium, 146 south side of Market, between Fourth and Fifth. au15 d2**

St. Michael's Benevolent Society.

All of the members of this society will meet at their hall at half-past one o'clock, precisely, this afternoon.

☞ **Be sure and read Kutzleb & Lampton's advertisement of residence sites at auction.**

An Acknowledged Fact!

that Miles' Saddlery Emporium is the most complete establishment of the kind in the West, where may be found a full line of Saddles, Harness, Trunks, Valises, Traveling-sacks, &c.

R. E. MILES, No. 52 Main, bet. Second and Third sts.

Something New.

The newest and best thing now on the market is the Russia zinc traveling trunk, manufactured and sold by D. O'Hare. Neither water, lightning, nor hotel porters can affect them. They are not only far superior to the best sole leather trunks, but they are at least 50 per cent. cheaper.

☞ There is no mistake about it, PLANTATION BITTERS will ward off fever and ague and all kindred diseases, if used in time. No family need suffer from this distressing complaint if they will keep PLANTATION BITTERS in the house and use it according to directions. The most important ingredient of this medicine is Calisaya or Peruvian bark, which is known to be the finest and purest tonic in the vegetable kingdom. The extract of this bark is the active principle of all the good fever and ague medicines prescribed by intelligent doctors. Calisaya bark is used extensively in the manufacture of PLANTATION BITTERS, as well as quinine, and we dare say they owe their popularity mostly to that fact. We can recommend them.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. au15 eod3&w1

If you want a trunk that you can throw out of a four-story window without injury, call on D. O'Hare, at his Trunk Emporium, on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth, and get one of his Solid English Sole Leather Trunks. There is no discount on them.

Three in One,

variety, quality, and price of the Saddles, Bridles, Harness, &c., embraced in the stock of R. E. MILES, No. 52 Main, bet. Second and Third streets.

Look to Your Interests

and buy where you can buy the cheapest, and that is at D. O'Hare's Great Trunk Manufactory, on Main street, No. 142, between Fourth and Fifth, where he is retailing his immense stock at wholesale New York prices.

The House and Store

occupied by Mrs. A. Uhrig, on Jefferson street, near Fourth, is for rent, with or without fixtures. This is a very desirable location for a retail business of any kind. Rent reasonable. Apply to Mr. I. Tyler, Fourth street, opposite the Central Market, or at the house. au13 d4

5,000 Trunks

at wholesale and retail, at D. O'Hare's Great Western Trunk Manufactory, on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

Shelby County, Ala., Pig Iron,

always on hand, in quantities to suit purchasers. W. H. PASSMORE & CO., Agents, 357 Main street, Louisville, Ky. au11 dtf

Ristori, Eugenie, Saratoga,

and various other styles of Ladies' Trunks, unsurpassed in price or quality, at R. E. MILES', No. 52 Main, bet. Second and Third streets.

Competition is the Life of Trade,

and D. O'Hare is the life of competition in the Trunk business, 142 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

To the Public.

EVANSVILLE, IND., June 14, 1868.

I cheerfully recommend Dr. R. A. Armistead's Tonic Syrup as a reliable compound for ague, chills, and fever, and the only one (out of the thousand preparations before the public) which effects a cure without leaving the patient in a bloated or diseased condition. I speak thus plainly from a knowledge of the remedial virtues of the preparation in my practice, as well as from the fact that the discoverer is a physician of high professional attainments and experience.

JOHN MAGENISS, M. D., Formerly Surgeon United States Army.

For sale by all druggists. R. A. ROBINSON & CO., Wholesale Agents for Louisville. aug8 d3&wtf

Don't Waste Your Time in Wandering Around

among second and third-class dealers, but if you want a trunk or anything in that line go to headquarters, at D. O'Hare's, on Main street, No. 142, between Fourth and Fifth, where you can select from a stock of 5,000, and only pay the lowest wholesale price for a single trunk.

Now Ready,

the most complete and varied assortment of Trunks, Valises, Traveling-sacks, &c., to be found in this city, at prices that defy competition, at R. E. MILES', No. 52 Main, bet. Second and Third streets.

Are Greenbacks Worth Saving?

If you think so, then save from fifteen to twenty per cent. by buying your trunks, satchels, &c., at D. O'Hare's, 142 Main street. He can sell just that much cheaper than any other dealer in the West, and will sell you one trunk at the same rate he would charge for a thousand.

WINTERSMITH'S WORM CANDY,

—OR—

Santonin Lozenges.

Wintersmith's Worm Candy or Santonin Lozenges can be depended on as a certain and effectual worm-destroyer. It is not a secret nostrum, but is recommended and prescribed by our most eminent physicians. For sale by all druggists. jy25 dtf

Trunks Retailed

at wholesale prices at D. O'Hare's. Where is it? On Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

☞ All kinds of gold and silver watches, chains and rings, for sale at half price. JUL. WELLMAN, Exchange and Loan Office, 134 3d st. au11 tf

Old Trunks

neatly repaired at D. O'Hare's, on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

Burnett's Cologne Water.

Unrivaled in richness and delicacy of perfume.

DIED.

KENDALL—Near Vienna, Ind., on the 14th inst., at 3½ o'clock, HENRY L. KENDALL, formerly of this city, aged 80 years.

MEETINGS.

Masonic Notice.

Louisville Lodge (No. 400) F. A. M. meets in called communication, at Masonic Temple, on MONDAY, August 16, 1869, at 7½ hours P. M. By order A. H. GARDNER, Master. R. B. CALDWELL, Secy.

Notice.

THE stockholders of the People's Bank of Kentucky are hereby notified that the regular annual meeting for the election of Directors and general business will be held at the Bank in this city on Monday, the 4th day of October next, at 10 o'clock A. M. au15 dtOct4 JAMES H. HUBER, Cashier.

TO THE LADIES.

Mrs. Cyrene Smith's

Abdominal Corset!

Or Supporter for Females

Manufactured at Louisville, Ky., under the personal superintendence of Mrs. C. Smith.

This Corset, or Supporter,

is especially adapted to the treatment of the various displacements of the uterus, and a relaxed state of the abdominal parts.

When required, it can be converted into a T bandage by the addition of a perineal band.

It is a most necessary and valuable article to be worn just before confinement, and to any lady who is suffering from any relaxation of the abdominal parts should be without this Supporter.

Ladies who cannot take their accustomed walks without suffering great fatigue, will be enabled to do so by the use of this Supporter.

Manufactured to order, of all sizes, it being only necessary to take measurement around the largest portion of the hips.

The Supporter can be washed.

Physicians consider this Supporter superior to any others known. By permission, we refer to the following: Prof. H. Miller, M. D., University of Louisville; Prof. J. A. Ireland, M. D., Kentucky School of Medicine; E. D. Foree, M. D.; John A. Octerlony, M. D., University Dispensary; Drs. Taliaferro & Buckner, Cincinnati, Ohio.

WHOLESALE

Wood and Willow Ware.

BARRET & CO.

No. 168

Main Street, bet. Fourth and Fifth.

We are daily making additions to our large stock, consisting of

BUCKETS, TUBS, CHURNS, WASH-BOARDS, SEIVES, RED AND WHITE CEDAR WARE, WELL BUCKETS, BUTTER BUCKETS, HARVEST KEGS, MEASURES, &c.

Willow Ware of all kinds

Together with

BROOMS, BRUSHES, ROPE, TWINE, WRAPPING PAPER, PAPER BAGS, BLACKING, MATCHES INK, &c.

We ask the special attention of the WHOLESALE TRADE to the fact that we are now offering ALL PAINTED WARE AT FACTORY PRICES. BARRET & CO.

Notice.

THE undersigned has this day disposed of his stock of groceries to Mr. W. H. Meriwether, Jr., who will continue the business at the old stand, and while returning thanks to his friends for the liberal patronage extended to him, would cordially recommend his successor as worthy of their custom. E. H. VERNON, corner Sixth and Chestnut.

W. H. MERIWETHER, JR.,

(Successor to E. H. Vernon,)

GROCER,

Cor. Sixth and Chestnut Sts.

HAVING purchased the stock of Mr. E. H. Vernon, the undersigned calls the attention of his friends to his splendid stock of groceries and family supplies. He hopes by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of the patronage extended to his predecessor. W. H. MERIWETHER, Jr., au15 d3 Corner Sixth and Chestnut.

MARION COUNTY FAIR!

BEGINS AUGUST 31,

And Will Continue Five Days.

OUR fair grounds have been greatly improved since our last exhibition; our premium list more liberal; entrance fees much lower; our trotting track in fine condition; and our hotel accommodations are ample and good.

Special trains from Louisville, Richmond, and Lancaster will arrive at depot daily; refreshments furnished on the grounds for all. The Louisville Star Band will discourse fine music. In fact, we intend to leave nothing undone to make our fair the most pleasant and profitable to all who may visit us.

JOSEPH SPALDING, Prest. R. MARSHALL, Secy. au15 deodtd

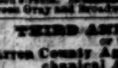
Farmers' & Drovers' Bank

No. 60 Third st., east side, bet. Main & Market.

L. L. O'BANNON, President. R. S. VEECH, Cashier.

IS now open and prepared to do a general Banking business. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. au15 d&wtf

B. I. EDDINS, Memphis, Tenn. L. N. WILLIAMS, Lavaca, Texas.



BLUFF CITY STOCK YARD

EDDINS & WILLIAMS, Proprietors.

Live Stock Commission Merchants,

Corner Linden and Clinton sts.,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

au15 dlm

Grate Setting.

HAVE your grates set by practical workmen and authorized parties to set Wallace's Patent Grate. WALLACE & CO., No. 111 Third st., bet. Jefferson and Market. au15 eod6t

RELIGIOUS.

Grace Church.

REV. LOUIS P. TSCHIFFELY, of Tennessee, will officiate morning and evening at Grace Church TO-DAY. Services commence at 10½ A. M. and 8 P. M.

Calvary Church.

Services TO-DAY, as usual, by the Rector.

GRAND DEMONSTRATION

OF ALL THE

Catholic Societies

IN THIS CITY,

On the Occasion of the Laying of the Corner Stone of the New Dominican Church,

WHICH WILL TAKE PLACE NEXT

Sunday Afternoon, at 4 O'Clock.

PROGRAMME OF ROUTE.

EASTERN DIVISION,

Under the Command of Messrs. Curran, Hilliger, and Everin, as Marshals.

Will form on Shelby street, in front of St. Martin's Church. Line of march, resumed—On Shelby to Walnut, down Walnut to St. John's Church. The societies there waiting will fall in line, march down Walnut to Hancock, in Hancock to Green, down Green to St. Boniface's Church. The societies there waiting will fall in line, march down Green to Floyd, in Floyd to Market, down Market to Brook, out Brook to St. Michael's Church. St. Michael's Benevolent Society will fall in line, march out Brook to Jefferson, down Jefferson to Fourth. The Italian Brotherhood will join the procession here, march in Fourth to Market, down Market to the hall of the United Sons of Erin. This society in line, march down Market to Fifth, out Fifth to Jefferson, and halt—right resting on Jefferson street.

WESTERN DIVISION,

Under the command of Messrs. Hackett and Gorman as Marshals.

Will form on Market street, in front of St. Patrick's Church, right resting on Thirteenth street, march up Market to Tenth, out Tenth to Walnut, up Walnut to Eighth, down Eighth to St. Mary's Church. The societies belonging to this Church, as well as other societies there awaiting the arrival of the procession, will fall in line, march in Eighth to Jefferson, up Jefferson to Fifth, right resting on Fifth, and halt. St. Patrick's Benevolent Society of Portland will meet and join the procession at St. Patrick's Church.

Both Divisions having arrived, the Grand Marshal, Mr. Thos. Hackett, will take command. With the Eastern Division on the right, the procession will march out Fifth to Broadway, down Broadway to Sixth, out Sixth to the place where the corner stone will be laid.

NOTICE.

The different societies will assemble at their respective places of meeting at 1½ o'clock precisely Sunday afternoon, August 15, 1869.

THOS. HACKETT, Grand Marshal.

DRY GOODS.

CINCINNATI

DRY GOODS

PRICE CURRENT.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 14, 1869.

We annex current prices in this market for a few well-known brands of Cottons and Woolens, and invite attention to the large stocks held here, and offered at as uniformly low rates as can be found East—subject to a cash discount:

BROWN COTTONS.

Atlantic A	17	Stark A	16½
Indian Head	17	Augusta	15½
Appleton A	16½	Mt. Vernon	15
Pepperell E	15½	Pepperell O	15½
Pepperell R	15½	Pepperell N	17½

BLEACHED COTTONS.

New York Mills	35	Clinton C	18½
Wamsutta	32½	Social L	18
Lonsdale	19½	Portsmouth E	20½
Hope	16½	Boot R	15

COLORED COTTONS.

No. 50 Union Check	26½
No. 20 Union Check	25
No. 18 Union Check	22½
Kennebec	20

TICKINGS.

Conestoga C C A	31	Conestoga C Y	36½
Conestoga G M	35	Conestoga Extra	50

FLANNELS.

Ballard, Vale, and others at Agents' List Price.

Berlin Henrietta	$1 00
Monitor Coin Blue	45
Monson's Satines	35

Clark's and "Sterling" Spool Cotton, 90c.

Alexandre, Court, Courvoisier, and Grand Duchess Kid Gloves at Eastern Prices.

JOHN SHILLITO & CO.,

FOURTH ST.,

CINCINNATI, O.

THE TRADE ARE INVITED TO EXAMINE THE NEW FALL STYLES OF

G. M. RICHMOND & SONS'

PRINTS,

Now coming forward in choice staple and fancy patterns.

THESE GOODS, so favorably known for the past twenty-one years, are invariably printed on the best sixty-one square cloths, in fast colors only, and buyers may feel assured of getting a first-class print in all respects. No pains will be spared to maintain and improve the high standard always held by these prints.

RETAILERS and CONSUMERS, when buying, should ask to see the "RICHMOND PRINTS." Special care given to orders. For sale to JOBBERS only by the

RICHMOND MFG. CO.,

188 CHURCH ST. NEW YORK.

au15 eod6m

EDUCATIONAL.

HAMBLETON COLLEGE,

ELIZABETHTOWN, KY.

WILL open on the first Monday in September, 1869. TERMS PER 20 WEEKS, ONE HALF IN ADVANCE: Board and Tuition, light, washing, fuel, and pleasant room ... $150. For further particulars address REV. J. W. HEAGAN, Elizabethtown, Ky. au15 d18

B. B. HUNTOON'S

SCHOOL FOR BOYS

WILL reopen Monday, Sept. 6, at 377 Sixth street. Terms per school year of forty weeks $[illegible], payable quarterly in advance. au15 d1m

SALEM COLLEGE,

Garnettsville, Meade County, Ky.

THE third academical year of this institution will commence on MONDAY, Sept. 6, 1869, under the supervision of W. B. HAYWARD as President, assisted by an able corps of professors.

Terms per session of twenty weeks:

Tuition, Preparatory Department	$20 00
Tuition, Collegiate Department	25 00
Board, including fuel, lights and washing	75 00

For further information, address the President, or Dr. B. K. PUSEY, Secretary Board of Trustees, Garnettsville, Ky. au14 d6—au15 deod3

FIRM CHANGES.

Notice.

BY mutual consent, the firm of Spratt & Co. has been dissolved—John P. Gray retiring on the 1st of February, 1869, and Wm. O. Whittingham on the 14th of April, 1869. The tobacco warehouse business will be continued by G. Spratt and C. A. Bridges, under the old firm style, who alone are authorized to settle up the business of the late firm.

G. SPRATT, C. A. BRIDGES, J. P. GRAY, W. O. WHITTINGHAM.

au15 d6

Copartnership.

THE undersigned have formed a copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the iron foundry business, on Portland avenue, under the name and style of "Star Foundry."

DARRAGH, EMERSON & CO. July 8, 1869. au15 d3*

Notice.

HAVING this day withdrawn from the auction house of Wharton & Co., I take this method of thanking my friends and the public for the liberal patronage extended to the old firm, and wish its continuance to my successor, whom I recommend as a most reliable business man.

WM. E. LANCASTER.

The old business will be settled by either party. Persons having claims will please call and get their money.

THE Auction business will be continued at the old stand, No. 83 Third street, between Main and Market, with the same promptness and energy which has characterized it hitherto.

Aug. 9, 1869—au15 d3 WHARTON & CO.

REMOVAL.

Removal.

HART & MAPOTHER

Have removed their LITHOGRAPHING, ENGRAVING, and JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT to the Johnson Block, No. 118 & 120 Main street, south side, between Third and Fourth. au15 d1m

J. BROWN HILL

SIGN PAINTER.

102 Jefferson St., bet. Third and Fourth.

REMNANTS

—OF—

Ribbons,

Embroidered Edgings,

Embroidered Bands,

Embroidered Insertions.

To be Sold Very Low.

ALSO full stock of corsets with whalebone, dara, riviere, linen collars and cuffs, lace, chemisettes, etc., etc., at

CHAS. F. SAUCHFUSS' Cheap Lace Store, 103 1-2 Fourth street.

EDUCATIONAL.

MRS. & [illegible] MENEFEE

WILL open schools at the residence of her father, [illegible], Walnut and Broadway. For further information apply at [illegible], or at J. L. [illegible] & CO., 86 & Main. au15 d3

PRESENTATION ACADEMY,

NO. 181 FIFTH ST., between Walnut and Green, conducted by the Sisters of Charity from Nazareth, will reopen on the first Monday of September. au13 d&Sell

Dr. H. MOORE'S COLLEGIATE SCHOOL,

Seventh st., bet. Magazine and Broadway.

WILL be opened again on Monday, 6th September. All the English branches taught, and boys thoroughly prepared for college. $[illegible] per session, quarterly in advance. au15 d2t

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,

Mrs. E. A. Achus and Miss J. H. Haskall, Principals.

AS previously announced, the first session of our school will commence on Monday, September 6, 1869, at 215 Chestnut street. Instruction will be given in the usual English branches of a good education; also Latin, French and Penmanship.

Terms per Session of Forty Weeks:

For First Division	$[illegible]
For Second Division	[illegible]
For Third Division	[illegible]

Payable quarterly in advance.

Mrs. Pelot will give instruction in Penmanship. Miss Selma Ir., Teacher of French and German. Boarding in private families. au11 dtf

CECILIAN COLLEGE,

NEAR ELIZABETHTOWN, KY.

EXCLUSIVELY MALE,

Will resume on the

First Monday in September, 1869.

TERMS PER TWENTY WEEKS (IN ADVANCE): Board and Tuition, including washing, fuel, lights ... $100

☞ For particulars, apply for catalogue.

Address H. A. CECIL & BROS., au11 d&w Elizabethtown, Ky.

The Jefferson Academy

WILL be opened for the reception of boarders and pupils on the first Monday in September, 1869. In addition to the English course, instruction will be given in Ancient and Modern Languages and Music. G. E. Roberts, Proprietor; Prof. W. R. Dalrymple, A. M., Academic Department; Mrs. H. S. Roberts, Intermediate; Miss Mollie H. Funk, Vocal and Instrumental Music. For circulars address G. E. Roberts, Jeffersontown, Ky. au10 d1m*

Miss H. Barbaroux and Miss Belle Peers' School for Young Ladies.

THE school building having been enlarged and improved will accommodate more pupils than heretofore, and will be opened on Monday, September 6th.

Rev. T. A. Scearce, teacher of Latin and Mathematics.

Mrs. S. Pelot, teacher of Penmanship.

For terms, circulars, &c., apply at No. 113 Chestnut street, between Brook and First. au1 Su&W tf

HOME SELECT SCHOOL.

MRS. G. A. CHASE will open the third annual session of her HOME SCHOOL on the first Monday in September next, at her husband's residence, No. 243 First street, opposite the Female High School. Number of pupils limited. Terms $50 per year, payable quarterly in advance. jy7 We&Sutf

Mrs. EVA P. ROBY,

ARTIST IN WAX,

WILL give instruction in the art of making Wax Flowers, Autumn Leaves, Crosses, Fruit and Liquid.

Terms can be learned and specimens and diplomas can be seen at 161 Seventh street. Orders promptly and reasonably filled. je8 eod6m

High School for Boys, Danville, Ky.

Rev. W. F. Junkin, Principal; Col. J. W. Lyell, late Professor in Virginia Military Institute, J. F. Strider, A. M. of Washington College, Va., Instructors.

SESSION will open Sept. 13, 1869, and continue 40 weeks. Buildings elegant and commodious. Instruction thorough. Boarding in the family of the Principal and elsewhere in the town, at reasonable rates. Col. Lyell and Mr. Strider bear high testimonials from Gen. Robt. E. Lee, President of Washington College, Va., and Gen. F. H. Smith, Sup't Virginia Military Institute, and refer by permission to Col. J. T. L. Preston, Com. F. M. Maury, Gen. G. W. P. Custis Lee, Col. Johnston, and others of the faculties of Washington College and Virginia Military Institute.

For terms, &c., apply to W. F. JUNKIN, au13 d&ThSa&Tu Danville, Ky.

MRS. PLATT'S

School for Young Ladies

WILL OPEN SEPTEMBER 6, according to previous notice. au11 W&Sutf

Miami University,

OXFORD, OHIO.

THIS institution, 40 miles from Cincinnati by rail, will open its forty-sixth collegiate year on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15, 1869. Examinations for admission into any of the classes will be held on TUESDAY, Sept. 14.

The successful career of Miami University for nearly fifty years, in its large body of Alumni, embracing some of the most distinguished men of the country, and its liberal course of studies, are among its claims to patronage. For further information, send to the President for catalogues. DR. R. L. STANTON, au12 d2&w6 President.

St. John's Academy

For Girls and Young Ladies.

MRS. W. J. WALTHALL, of Marion, Ala., proposes to open in the rear buildings of St. John's church, Jefferson street, between Eleventh and Twelfth, a first-class Academy for Misses.

Mrs. Lockhart will conduct the Music Department, and the undersigned will act as Rector to the school and Lecturer on Natural Science.

The terms per session will be lower than schools of like advantages.

Mrs. Walthall has had such experience as a teacher as to give character at once to her school. She is indorsed by the leading men of Alabama. The Hon. [illegible] writes: [illegible] Mrs. Walthall [illegible] as "a lady of superior endowments and the highest culture." Bishop Wilmer, Judge Bolling, and other gentlemen of distinction, concur as to her having been her patrons commend her as "the best manager of girls they have ever known," and "eminently well educated and fitted as a teacher."

The undersigned feels assured that he has secured a lady of rare qualifications for the post.

The school will open the first Monday in September. Apply for circular or any other particulars, to the Rector, at the vestry room, or at his residence, No. 355 Jefferson street.

GEORGE M. EVERHART, Rector St. John's Church. au1 d2&w1m

FOREST ACADEMY

A MALE SCHOOL, situated in a healthy country, 12 miles from Louisville, on the Louisville and Cincinnati and Lexington Railroad, by B. H. McCown, Principal and Proprietor, and Professor of Hebrew and Mental and Moral Philosophy, and instructor in the French and Spanish Languages, and of the elementary classes. COL. G. H. Ledgar, of Missouri, Professor of Mathematics and of the Natural Sciences, and instructor in Military Tactics. Mr. R. L. Breckenboro, of Virginia, Professor of the Latin and Greek Languages and of Grecian and Roman Literature. Billy McGown, of Kentucky, Professor of Instrumental Music. For catalogue and terms, apply to B. H. McCOWN, jy21 deod6Sel Hobbs' Station, L. C. & L. R. R.

KENTUCKY MILITARY INSTITUTE,

(SIX MILES SOUTH OF FRANKFORT.)

COL. R. T. P. ALLEN, Superintendent, ASSISTED BY AN ABLE FACULTY.

THE 27th academical year of this institute will begin on Monday, September 6, 1869. TERMS—Three hundred and fifty dollars ($350) per academical year of forty weeks.

For special information, address Colonel R. T. P. ALLEN, Superintendent, Farmdale, Franklin county, Ky. je11 deod3m&w3m

Cedar Grove, or St. Benedict's Academy.

THIS institution, under the direction of the Sisters of Loretto, and long favorably known to the public as a first-class boarding school, will hereafter, in addition, conduct a select day school.

Classes will be resumed on the first Monday in September.

For terms, &c., apply to SISTER SUPERIOR, au8 deod15 Cedar Grove, Portland, Ky.

Young Ladies' Institute.

SEVENTH annual session will commence Monday, September 6, 1869. For circular or further particulars address the principal, Miss ANNA BRANNAN, 349 Third street, Louisville, Ky. A limited number of small boys will be received. jy18 d&sep15

Seminary for Young Ladies

E. A. GRANT, LL. D., Principal.

THIS institution occupies the large and elegant Presbyterian school building on Sixth street, between Walnut and Chestnut streets. The grounds, buildings, apparatus, and other appliances of the school are among the most complete and valuable in the West. Experienced teachers, residing at the school, will devote themselves entirely to the care and advancement of the pupils.

Annual session begins on Monday, September 6.

Tuition fees	from $15 to $20 per quarter.
Board	$70 "

French, German, and Music at Professors' prices. All fees payable in advance. au1 dtf

WARRENDALE FEMALE SCHOOL,

Georgetown, Ky.

THE 8th annual session will open Wednesday, September 1, 1869. For Circulars address the Principal. au1 d26 MISS BELLE FITZPATRICK.

Loretto Academy,

MARION COUNTY, KY.

THIS Academy for young ladies will resume classes on Monday, September 6, 1869. Prospectus sent immediately on application. Address MOTHER SUPERIOR, Loretto, Marion co., Ky. au8 d3m&w1

School Notice.

NOBLE BUTLER will open his school, Walnut street, between Fourth and Fifth, Monday, September 6.

Fee for term of twenty weeks, $60, payable one-half at the beginning, and one-half at the middle of the term. au15 dtf

Kentucky Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, at Danville.

THE next session of this Institution commences October 1, and will continue ten months. The Institution is open to all the pupils of the State between the ages of ten and thirty. Ten is the best age for entrance. Applicants must be in good health, of sound mind, and of good morals. A catalogue and all desired information may be obtained by writing to (au13 d1) J. A. JACOBS, Principal.

ST. LOUIS UNIVERSITY.

THE fortieth annual session of studies in the St. Louis University will open MONDAY, Sept. 6, '69. The course of studies offers every facility for acquiring a thorough

Classical and Commercial Education.

References—Messrs. T. H. Slevin & Co., J. C. Metcalfe, M. D. For catalogue, &c., address REV. F. H. STUNTEBECK, S. J., Pres't, jy30 d1m St. Louis University, St. Louis, Mo.

Mt. Vernon Institute,

ENGLISH AND FRENCH HOME SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,

No. 46 Mt. Vernon Place, Baltimore.

Mrs. MARY J. JONES, Principal, assisted by Professors of great ability.

THIS school is situated in the most elevated and beautiful part of the city, and offers to the pupil all the comforts of home as well as the best advantages for a good, useful, and Christian training. The tenth annual session will commence September 16. For circulars address the Principal. References—Gen. R. E. Lee, Lexington, Va.; Gen. Francis H. Smith, Military Institute, Va.; Judge Breese, Versailles, Ky.; Woodward, Baldwin & Co., Baltimore; Porch, Cooke & Bryant, Louisville. jy28 d3&w1

Louisville Female Seminary.

NINETEENTH ANNUAL SESSION will commence MONDAY, Sept. 6, 1869. For catalogue or further particulars address Mrs. W. D. KOLD, No. 8, Chestnut street, Louisville, Ky. jy2 d6t

FRENCH.

PRIVATE LESSONS BY A NEW METHOD—A course of forty lessons, enabling the pupil to read and write the language without hesitation. Terms received singly or in classes. Apply at 161 Seventh street, between Walnut and Grayson.

ELOCUTION.

Private lessons given by Mrs. E. P. ROBY. Apply at 161 Seventh street. jel dtf

Educational.

A MARRIED gentleman, of 13 years' experience in conducting schools, desires a situation as principal of some good school. Will take charge of either boarding or day school, or will rent a house suitable for school property. Address J. HENRY, jy18 We&Sa&w1 Springfield, Ky.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Attention Wagon & Carriage Makers

I HAVE opened a Store at No. 320 Main street, between Eighth and Ninth, where there may be found a large assortment of Wagon and Carriage Materials [illegible] and [illegible] and [illegible] and oak spokes [illegible] and oak [illegible]. Wheels on hand and made to order of the best material. R. FULTON (Formerly [illegible] & Fulton), jy18 dm 320 Main, bet. Eighth and Ninth.

Ferry Notice.

AT a regular meeting of the City Council held August [illegible], 1869, the following resolution was offered by Councilman Lange and unanimously adopted: Resolved, That the ferry privilege from Paducah to [illegible] will be sold by the Marshal, on the 31st day of August, [illegible] at 11 o'clock A. M., at the Court-house door, in said city, to the highest and best bidder, for the period of one year, the city reserving the right to reject any and all bids. Rates of ferriage and conditions of lease to be made known on the day of sale.

It was further ordered that the above be published in the St. Louis Republican and Louisville Courier-Journal five times and in the Paducah Herald and Paducah Kentuckian until day of lease.

By order of the Council.

W. N. GREENWOOD, C. C. C. P. Paducah, Ky., August 6, 1869. au13 d1

Notice.

Wm. P. Mellen, trustee, and the United States and others against the New Orleans and Ohio Railroad Company and others.

THIS cause having been referred back to me as special Commissioner, by the Hon. Bland Ballard, Judge of the United States District Court for the District of Kentucky, for the purpose of taking further proof, &c., therefore,

Notice is hereby given to all bond holders of the first and second mortgage bonds, and the coupons thereunto belonging and unpaid, of the New Orleans and Ohio Railroad Company, that have not already been reported to me under a former order of said court, to come forward and present and file with me, as said Commissioner, said bonds and coupons as aforesaid, at my office in the city of Paducah, and State of Kentucky, on or before the first Monday in November, 1869; also, in case of lost bonds, if any, or in case of claimants claiming the right to have any bonds not heretofore actually issued to them, said parties are notified to take proof of same before me at the place aforenamed on or before the first Monday in November, 1869. W. H. JONES, au8 dto Special Commissioner.

Sugar.

450 HHDS. New Orleans, from fair to prime, in store and for sale by E. BUSTARD, jell 71 West Main st., bet. 3d and 4th.

Awnings—Awnings.

AWNINGS for stores and private houses will be made to order in the very best manner and newest style at the Upholstery Store of HENRY BEYRODT, 184 Third st., bet. Green and Walnut, jy10 d2m Judge Nicholas' New Block.

Mosquito Bars.

MOSQUITO Bars of every description and every price will be made to order at the Upholstery Store of HENRY BEYRODT, 184 Third st., bet. Green and Walnut, jy10 d2m Judge Nicholas' Block.

Proclamation.

THE following resolution, which passed the General Council April 23, has been approved by the Mayor, and transmitted to the Board of Police Commissioners:

Resolved, That the Police Commissioners be and are hereby requested to kill all dogs unmuzzled after the 1st of May, 1869. All citizens owning dogs are hereby notified to keep them on their premises after that date.

W. F. DUERSON, P. B. C. C.

J. M. VAUGHAN, C. B. C. C.

WM. F. RUBEL, P. B. A.

OLIVER LUCAS, C. B. A.

Approved 24th day of April, 1869.

PHILIP TOMPPERT, Mayor.

The foregoing enactment will be strictly enforced.

T. E. C. BRINLY, JOHN H. SHIVELY, BENONI FIGG, Police Commissioners.

a25 dtf

Copper Whisky.

300 BBLS. Copper Whisky, from 4 to 11 years old, in store and for sale by E. BUSTARD, No. 71 Main street, mh8 dtf Bet. Second and Third.

Sugar, Coffee, and Molasses.

200 HHDS. Fair to Choice New Orleans Sugars.

300 hhds. Prime to Strictly Choice Demarara do

500 bbls. Crushed Sugar,

250 bbls. Granulated Sugars.

250 bbls. Powdered Sugar.

150 bbls. A Sugar.

150 bbls. B Sugar.

150 bbls. Extra C Sugar.

2,000 bags Common to Choice Rio Coffee.

200 mats Choice Old Java Coffee.

200 bbls. New Orleans Molasses.

In store and for sale at very low rates.

NEWCOMB, BUCHANAN & CO., ap10 dtf 34 Fourth street.

WINTERSMITH'S

REMEDIES.

BEST MEDICINES of the AGE.

Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup.
Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup.
Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup.
Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup.

Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla.
Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla.
Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla.
Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla.

Wintersmith's Extract Buchu.
Wintersmith's Extract Buchu.
Wintersmith's Extract Buchu.
Wintersmith's Extract Buchu.

Wintersmith's Worm Candy.
Wintersmith's Worm Candy.
Wintersmith's Worm Candy.
Wintersmith's Worm Candy.

For sale by T. F. REITER, Druggist, au14 d4 Corner Seventeenth and Main sts.

LAND SALE!

HENDERSON COUNTY, KY.,

By Public Drawing!

Authorized by the Kentucky Legislature.

511 PRIZES!

Capital Prize, $150,000.

SMALLEST PRIZE, $50.

Drawing to take place at Masonic Temple Louisville, Ky., September 1, 1869.

Tickets, Five Dollars.

Send to either of the following agents for tickets, who will also furnish pamphlets, &c., giving description of the property:

L. H. LYNE, Farmers' Bank, Henderson, Ky.

R. S. ALEXANDER, Commercial Bank, Louisville, Ky.

JOHN C. LATHAM, Pres't Bank Hopkinsville, Hopkinsville, Ky.

JAS. L. DALLAM, Commercial Bk., Paducah, Ky.

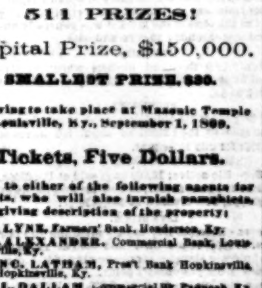
R. G. THOMAS, Lexington, Ky.

W. B. TYLER, Owensboro, Ky. au14 d&wtu

Aikin & Drummond

(Successors to Pearce, Aikin & Co.)

LOUISVILLE, KY.



Sole manufacturers of the Great Western Sugar Mills and Scantling's Seamless Evaporators, Dexter Cider Mills, &c. Liberal discount to dealers. Steam Engines, Mill Work, and Castings of all descriptions.

au8 eod6m

"SECOND TO NONE."

THE

WESTERN OF BUFFALO,

N. Y.

FIRE AND MARINE

INSURANCE

Organized in 1863.

Cash Assets - - - - - $700,000

JAMES S. LYMAN, Agent, jy27 eod6m No. 142 Main st., Louisville.

KENTUCKY SAFE MANUFACTORY.

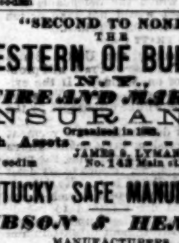
GIBSON & HEMLER,

MANUFACTURERS

Fire Proof, Fire and Burglar Proof, and Burglar Proof Safes, Combination Bank Locks, Bank Vaults, Jail Work.

Iron Railings, &c.,

91 & 93 Green St., opp. Custom-house, LOUISVILLE, KY.



We are the only safe manufacturers in the State of Kentucky who make a specialty of manufacturing Fire and Burglar Proof Safes, and all our safes are warranted Fire and Damp Proof. We call especial attention to our new and important improvement in burglar proof work. We will sell as low as any other manufacturers, and at the same time warrant the work to be superior to any in the market. au11 deod&w6m GIBSON & HEMLER.

BLANK BOOKS,

School Books and Stationery

(THE OLDEST HOUSE BUT ONE IN THE CITY).

WE take pleasure in informing our friends and the public generally that we are now receiving our usual stock of Blank Books, School Books, Stationery, and will constantly keep a large assortment on hand. The customary discount made to Country Merchants, Colleges, and Academies.

We are prepared to make to order every description of BLANK BOOK, of the best material and workmanship, which we are selling at Cincinnati prices.

JOB PRINTING and BOOK BINDING done in the best style and at short notice.

J. C. WEBB & CO., au3 eod1m&w1m No. 99 Main st.

J. ESTEN COOKE,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT.

OFFICE, No. 140 West Main street, over Kitts & Werne's Jewelry Store.

German Security Bank, of Louisville. Cash capital (all paid up), $300,000.

Western Insurance Company, of Covington. Capital and surplus, $[illegible].

No connection with the Board of Underwriters.

Risks taken on their merits. au8 d&w

Mad. B. WITTGENSTEIN

A. HAUSER.

Fashionable Dress and Cloak Making,

150 FOURTH ST.,

Between Green and Walnut streets,

je20 3m LOUISVILLE, KY.

Heavy Canvas,

FOR steamboat decking, constantly on hand and for sale by JOS. T. TOMPKINS & CO., jy12 74 and 76 Main street.

J. W. DAVIS & CO.

Manufacturers of Furniture,

Factory and Warerooms corner Ninth and Jefferson sts.,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Bedsteads,	Lounges,
Bureaus,	Sideboards,
Chairs, all kinds,	Tin Safes,
Breakfast and Dining Tables,	Washstands,
Wardrobes,	Extension Tables,
Desks, Hat Racks,	Card and Saloon Tables,
Crib Bedsteads,	Etageres,
Marble-top Tables,	Cribs, &c.

PARLOR FURNITURE;

Shuck, Cotton-top, Hair-top, Moss, Hair, Cotton, & Spring Mattresses.

We are prepared to supply the above articles of the latest styles and of superior quality both in material and finish, and guarantee prices as low as in ANY city in the West.

Our facilities for manufacturing FURNITURE and MATTRESSES are very extensive and our variety of styles so great that any dealer may easily select a full and well-assorted stock in our Warerooms. au16 d2

R. BOYD. THOS. B. CRUTCHER

R. BOYD & CO.,

DEALERS IN

STEEL, NAILS, HORSE SHOES,

Sheet, Plate, and Angle Iron,

Thimble Skeins, Hot-pressed Nuts, Washers, Horse Shoe Nails, Blacksmiths' Tools, Coil Chain, Carriage and Plow Bolts, Anvils, Sledges, Springs,

AXLES, &C.,

Warehouse—113 Main street, between Third and Fourth, Louisville, Kentucky.

R. BOYD, AGENT FOR LAWRENCE IRON WORKS CO.

au1 d&w6

G. BAURMANN & Co

Importers and Dealers in Foreign and Domestic

HARDWARE

CUTLERY, GUNS, RIFLES, NAILS,

No. 289 Main Street,

Between Seventh and Eighth, LOUISVILLE, KY.

H. BURDEN & SONS' HORSESHOES, S. S. PUTNAM & CO. AND NORWAY CROWN IRON FORGED HORSE NAILS. ALSO, AGENTS FOR MALLORY WHEELER & CO.'S DOOR AND PADLOCK. au5 eodtf

COMMISSION HOUSE.

GRIFFITH, BALLARD & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Produce Dealers,

No. 99 Main street, between Third and Fourth,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

☞ Personal attention given to sale of all kinds COUNTRY PRODUCE. je20 deod6m

SUMMER RESORTS.

Crab Orchard Springs.

ALL those seeking health, comfort, or pleasure would do well to visit this watering place of the West, which is now open for the reception of visitors, for whose comfort and pleasure every effort will be made. This favorite place of resort is situated on the Louisville and Knoxville Railroad, with daily trains to and from the former place, within 6 or 8 hours run, and near the base of the mountains, possessing an altitude of several hundred feet above that of Louisville, where you have the pure mountain air, together with the finest mineral waters in the West, among which is the

GREAT AMERICAN EPSOM,

which is superior to any on this continent, and some five other springs, in which is combined carbonates of iron, magnesia and magnesium, sulphate magnesia, lime, potash, and soda, chloride sodium, besides silica and bromine, which for the cure of chronic diseases of the stomach, liver, bowels, kidneys, and infantile diseases, is unsurpassed.

The proprietor with his well-known indefatigable energy for the comfort and convenience of his guests will make this old and celebrated watering place [illegible]. For further particulars and circulars, containing an analysis of the various springs, taken from the second report of the geological survey of Kentucky, by David Dale Owen, in 1857, refer please to CAPT. [illegible] COL. D. W. JONES, my28 dtf Crab Orchard Springs, Ky.

DENTISTRY.

DENTISTRY

The Cotton Dental Association, No. 134 Fifth street, between Green and Walnut, west side, originated the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas for the painless extraction of teeth, and, as an institution, have administered it to over 10,000 persons without an accident. Perform all operations in surgical, operative, and mechanical dentistry. Call and examine specimens.

ja6 deodtf S. M. GILDEA, D. D. S.

J. F. CANINE,

DENTIST,

and manufacturer of Porcelain Teeth, No. 176 FIFTH STREET, bet. Green and Walnut, west side, Louisville, Ky. Teeth extracted without pain by the use of the Nitrous Oxide Gas. au1 dtf

LAWYERS.

P. A. GAERTNER,

Attorney at Law

No. 33 Court Place, LOUISVILLE KY.

ALL business intrusted to me promptly attended to. je8 eodtf

THOS. L. BRAMLETTE. R. T. DURRETT.

BRAMLETTE & DURRETT,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law.

Office at 90½ east side Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson streets,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

WILL practice in all the Courts, both State and Federal, in this city, and give special attention to cases in the Court of Appeals. my23 dm

G. W. CHILTON, BLANTON DUNCAN,

No. 75 FIFTH STREET,

HAVE associated themselves together to practice law in the Courts of the State, and will give prompt attention to any business entrusted to them. fe8 dly

J. MORGAN COLEMAN, President. BARRY COLEMAN, Vice President.

Kentucky Rolling Mill Co.

NO. 291 MAIN STREET.

LOUISVILLE IRON TIES.

Iron, Nails, Steel,

Horse Shoes, &c.

jy11 eod6m

PERRIN'S

NEWSPAPER

ADVERTISING

AGENCY.

Office in Courier-Journal Building, 112 West Jefferson street,

Louisville, Ky.

Advertisements taken for all leading KENTUCKY and SOUTHERN papers at publishers' LOWEST CASH RATES. Papers kept on file.

As to promptness and reliability refers to the publishers of all papers and business generally.

Address W. HENRY PERRIN. je8 eodtf

NEW FIRM.

Auction, Commission, Storage, and Manufacturers' Agents.

K. P. THIXTON & CO.,

At the old stand of Sherman P. Whaley & Co., No. 89 Market st., 3 doors below cor. Third.

WE take pleasure in informing the citizens of Louisville and vicinity that we have bought and purchased the entire interest of S. P. Whaley & Co., and shall continue a General Auction, Commission, and Storage Business, in connection with the Real Estate business. Our long experience and hope by strict attention to business to merit a share of the public patronage. It will be our study and aim at all times to give satisfaction. We are determined to make quick sales and prompt returns. We will also attend to sales in any part of the city, giving it our special attention, being of the most experienced and best auctioneers in the city, will leave nothing undone to promote the interest of our customers.

The old firm will settle all real estate and collection business with the same attention as usual at the above stand, and solicit a continuance of their business.

K. P. THIXTON & CO., au5 d12 No. 89 Market Street.

MURPHY HOTEL,

MAIN STREET,

Bardstown, Ky.

F. O. MURPHY, Agent......... Proprietor.

my18 eod6m*

GRAIN BAGS.

3,000 2-BUSHEL SEAMLESS BAGS,

1,000 2½-BUSHEL " "

1,000 3-BUSHEL " "

For sale by

PITKIN, WIARD, & CO., au14 d3 Louisville, Ky.

Piedmont Life Insurance Comp'y

OF RICHMOND, VA.

Capital and Accumulation over...... $[illegible]

Assets realized in Kentucky to be invested here by advice of a Board of Directors in the State.

THOS. H. CHAMPION, General Agent Louisville, Office No. 75 Third st., bet. Main and Market.

Dr. ALEX. ANDERSON and [illegible], Medical Examiners.

JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE and R. S. BRADY, General Agents. Office Lexington, Ky.

Agents wanted everywhere in the State. au16 eodm

PROPOSALS.

Proposals.

LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI, & LEXINGTON R. ROAD, ASS'T SUP'T AND ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT, LOUISVILLE, KY., Aug. 7, 1869.

SEALED proposals will be received at the office of the Assistant Superintendent and Engineer until the 18th inst. for the masonry in piers and abutments to Licking river bridge.

Proposals to cover work from low-water line to top of coping, inclusive, and a separate proposal for cofferdams and foundations. Proposition to cover excavation for foundations of piers in main river.

Location of bridge at first falls of Licking river, three miles above its mouth.

Plans and specifications to be seen at office, corner of Jefferson and Brook streets, Louisville.

H. T. DOUGLAS, au12 d1d Ass't Sup't and Engineer.

Proposals for Painting.

THE undersigned will receive proposals at the office of D. McPherson, corner of Walnut and Center streets, where the specifications can be seen, until THURSDAY, the 19th inst., at 12 M., for painting the outside of the Portland schoolhouse. The right to reject any or all the bids is reserved.

GEO. A. SCOTT, T. C. TUCKER, A. DUVALL, Sr. au12 d6 Building Committee.

Proposals for Supplies.

SEALED PROPOSALS to furnish the following supplies, or any part thereof, for the public schools, will be received until MONDAY, the 16th inst., at 11 M., at the office of the Secretary of the Board of Trustees, corner Center and Walnut sts. Samples at office. OLIVER LUCAS, HENRY McDONALD, B. F. CAMP, Committee on Supplies.

Books and Stationery for the Year '69-'70.

Goodrich's Readers.
Sander's Speller (Union).
Butler's Grammars (large and small).
Ray's Arithmetics.
Mitchell's Geography.
[illegible] U. S.
P. D. & S.'s Penmanship Copy Books.
Geography (Mont Rib Nos. 3 and 4)
Slates—[illegible]
Towne's Arithmetic (three numbers).
Goodrich's Intellectual Arithmetic.
Mason's Song Garden, Nos. 1, 2, and 3.
Bartholomew Drawing Books, Cards and Slates.

GERMAN.

Knoefel's Primer, Second, Third, and Fourth Readers.
Knapp's First.
Otto's German Course.
Plate's German Grammar.
Woodbury's German Method.
Breniger's Penmanship.
Paper—Legal Cap; white; 10 pounds.
Pens—Leavenworth's Pegrose.
Ink—Leave sample. For gallon.
Crayons—Leave sample. Blackboard, per gross.
Wallets.
Blackboard Rubbers. Leave samples.
Bristol boards—[illegible]
Brooms—[illegible] dozen.
Shovels and Pokers. Leave samples.
Water Buckets—[illegible] dozen.
Coal Buckets—[illegible] dozen.
Feather Dusters—[illegible] dozen.
Stove Pans, iron.
Ink Wells.

au11 d5

Proposals for Printing.

SEALED PROPOSALS for the printing of certain books, blanks, and bills, will be received until MONDAY, the 16th inst., at 11 M., at the office of the Secretary of the Board of Trustees of the Public Schools, corner Center and Walnut streets. Specimen copies and samples can be seen at said office.

JAMES T. BRASHEAR, JOHN COLGAN, HENRY KIRKLIGHTER, Committee on Printing. au11 d5

Proposals.

SEALED proposals will be received by the undersigned until September 15, for the graduation and masonry of the Glasgow Railroad. The road is a little over ten miles in length, running from Glasgow Junction, on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, to Glasgow, Ky. Bids will be received for the whole work or portions thereof.

For further information address RUDOLPH FINK, Engineer in charge, at Louisville, or the undersigned, at Glasgow, Ky. J. R. GARNETT, au11 d&Sep15 President Glasgow R. R.

Notice.

STATE OF ARKANSAS, County of White.

NOTICE is hereby given that sealed proposals for the building of a court-house for the county of White, in the State of Arkansas, will be received by the undersigned at his office, in the town of Searcy, up until the 8th day of September, 1869. The plans and specifications of said house can be seen at this office, or at the office of M. H. Baldwin, Architect, Memphis, Tenn.

Parties submitting proposals will be required to furnish, at the same time, satisfactory evidence of their ability to execute a good and solvent bond for the faithful performance of their contract.

Said proposals will be opened by the County Court of White county, on said 8th day of September, 1869, said Court reserving to itself the right to reject any and all bids.

The amount appropriated by the County Court for the erection of said building is $20,000.

[L. S.] JOHN A. COLE, au8 dim Clerk White county, Arkansas.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED proposals will be received by the Jefferson Southern Pond Draining Company until the [illegible] day of [illegible], August 21, at the [illegible] of [illegible] & Able, for cutting the ditch from the upper end of the [illegible] along the line of the [illegible] to [illegible] ... Third and Fourth. E. D. STANDIFORD, E. G. MINOR, Sec'y. au8 dtd

Notice of Postponement—Center College, Danville, Ky.

SUPERINTENDENT'S ARCHITECT'S OFFICE, Hamilton Bro.'s Building, cor. Sixth & Main sts., LOUISVILLE, KY., July 31, 1869.

THE proposals for work to be done in erecting a New Center College, building at Danville, Ky., will be received at the office of the Financial Agent at Danville, Ky., or at the office of the Superintending Architects, on or before the 26th day of August, 1869. The plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintending Architects on and after the [illegible] inst.

Bidders will be required to furnish proper guarantees. Sureties to be bound jointly and severally with the contractor for the faithful execution of his contract. Blank forms of proposals can be obtained at our office or at Danville, Ky., on and after the 9th day of August, 1869.

STANCLIFF & ANDREWARTHA, jy29 d&Aug26 Superintending Architects.

Public Letting of Kentucky River Improvements.

THE party offering the highest bid for the Kentucky river improvements of all the lots proposed [illegible] will receive the [illegible] by the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund for the term and best bidder, for the period of 10 years, on Thursday, the 26th day of August next, at the door of the [illegible] in the city of Frankfort, at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., in pursuance of the provisions prescribed in an act approved February 24, 1869, said lock improvements, embracing all five locks and dams, lock houses, and other appurtenances, appendages, and accumulations belonging thereto, together with all the unexpended [illegible] accumulated for the purpose of repairing the said locks and dams on said river.

J. W. STEVENSON, Governor, and Chairman Commissioners Sinking Fund. jy29 dtd

BLOOMINGTON NURSERY!

THE proprietor, Mr. Phoenix, has been a practical Western Nurseryman for 35 years, and has devoted much time and attention to testing and adapting varieties for different localities. His nursery now covers

500 Acres Closely Planted!

Affording an extensive stock of all [illegible] in fine condition, and selected Western Varieties, [illegible] ... [illegible] F. K. PHOENIX, Bloomington, Ill.

Masonic Supply Store.

CONVENIENT [illegible] Masonic Temple, Chestnut, [illegible] ... Lodge, Chapter, and Commandery Regalia, Jewels, Furniture and Charts, Books, Blank Books, &c. Also, Jewels for I. O. O. F. Lodges and Encampments, Knights of Pythias, Chapter Rose Croix, Good Templars, &c. JOHN D. CALDWELL, Secretary.

JAMES T. HELM, M. D.,

OFFICE, Northwest corner of Second and Jefferson streets. Residence, No. 227 Second street, between Gray and Broadway. au17 tf

THIRD ANNUAL FAIR

OF THE

Warren County Agricultural and Mechanical Association.

WILL be held near Bowling Green, Ky., Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, September 1, 2, 3, and 4. jy12 d&w

WANTED.

WANTED—BOY—To learn the printing business. Apply at this office.

WANTED—A HORSE—A first-class driving horse, not less than 15 hands high, and about four years old, of kind and gentle disposition; must be sound in every respect, and one that would be suitable for a family horse. Address, with full description, "HORSE," Courier-Journal office.

WANTED—RELIABLE MALE HELP—Of all kinds, promptly supplied free of charge to manufacturers, dealers, boss help, &c. Hotels, saloons, stores, porters, salesmen, &c. Help directed, FOURTH EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, corner of Third and Jefferson sts.

WANTED—SITUATION—By an Arkansas man, well posted in that State. First-class references and testimonials. Address "Traveler," box 1176, Toledo, Ohio. au23 d3t

WANTED—100 railroad hands, 50 farm hands, 4 carpenters, 2 blacksmiths, 1 dairyman, 4 men's waiters, 12 porters to wash $.50 to $2.00, also ten boy clerks, salesmen, porters, waiters, drivers, &c. Call by mail or write, to KENTUCKY EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, corner Fourth and Jefferson sts. au23 d3t

WANTED—SITUATION—By an Arkansas man, well posted in that State. First-class references and testimonials. Address "Traveler," box 1176, Toledo, Ohio.

WANTED—100 railroad hands, 50 farm hands, 4 carpenters, 2 blacksmiths, 1 dairyman, 4 men's waiters, 12 porters to wash $.50 to $2.00, also ten boy clerks, salesmen, porters, waiters, drivers, &c. Call by mail or write, to KENTUCKY EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, corner Fourth and Jefferson sts. au23 d3t

WANTED—A PARTNER—With a capital of from $2,000 to $3,000, to take charge of a lucrative and legitimate business; must be well known. Address "Partner," Courier-Journal office, stating where an interview can be had. au23 d3t

WANTED—TO BORROW $8,000—For six or twelve months. Perfect satisfaction given by security offered on No. 1 business property. Apply or by mail to HARRIS & BRO., 1 Jefferson st. au23 d3t

WANTED—20 COOPERS—At barrel factory of Louisville Steam Cooperage Company, at the Falls, for current and floor barrels, with circled heads. Steady work to good hands. Apply at factory. au14 d3

WANTED—TO RENT—ROOM—A well-furnished sleeping-room, desirably located between Walnut and Market and Chestnut streets. Address R. S. this office. au14 d3t

WANTED—TO BUY—A two-story brick dwelling of 6 or 8 rooms, of modern style, with all improvements, situated on Second street, between Walnut and Breckinridge streets. Must be cheap for cash. Will only buy of owner. Address "Second," Courier-Journal office. au14 d3t

WANTED—TO BUSINESS MEN—A German book-keeper, now employed at night at work, wishes to change his employment, and will work night work is required. He has always given satisfaction, to his employers, and now the change, work is change on account of health. Address L. K., this office. au14 d3t

WANTED—SALESMAN—Apply to L. H. MOORMAN, East Jefferson street, between Preston and Floyds, between Nos. 1095 and 1111, up stairs. au13 d3t

WANTED—A SITUATION—By a steady, married Englishman, who has ALWAYS been accustomed to attending to horses. Address A. C. E., Portland. au13 d3t

WANTED—300 GIRLS—TO YOU WHO ARE AGED 15 to 20—Call at 1 KNOPF'S, corner Fourth and Jefferson streets, to get a good gift at once, and a chance to secure a position to call and obtain situations free of charge. Beware of imitators. MILLER & CO., Agents. au13 d3t

WANTED—TO SELL—BOOK STORE—Will sell my book store, with or without stock. Inquire at Bowling Green, Ky. jy6 d3t

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—The Mutual Life Insurance Company of Chicago can give employment to several active gentlemen of character and energy, and traveling or local, on very liberal terms. Call at the office, 115 Fourth avenue, between Third and Fourth streets, Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—AGENTS—$20 A DAY—To man and woman agents, to introduce the Beckwith $3 Combination Family Sewing Machine in the country and to sell our family Sewing Machine in the market. Both machines are fully warranted for five years, and the seller and user are liable to prosecution for misrepresentation. Address W. A. HENDERSON & CO., Cleveland, Ohio. au13 d3t

WANTED—AGENTS—The De Soto Mutual Life Insurance Company of Louisville, Ky., will employ men and also to traveling agents on liberal terms. Call at the office, 115 Fourth avenue, between Third and Fourth streets. au13 d3t

FOR SALE—CITY.

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE—One of the nicest residences in Portland. A double house, containing nine rooms, with stabling for horses or cows, carriage-house and woodshed, and lot 25x165 feet front by 160 feet deep, situated on Market street, on the corner of Market and Ch—ton street, Portland, will be sold at a bargain. Apply to JOHN H. LEATHERS & CO., 64 and 66 Jefferson street. au11 d3t

FOR SALE—FARM—A small unimproved farm, containing 20 acres, for sale cheap. Apply to 1 Jefferson street, between Second and Third. au11 d3t

FOR SALE—TO PRINTERS—One-half interest in a long-established country weekly newspaper for sale to a practical printer only. Address, if preferable, in a town where there is offered to a printer with a small capital new property and inducements for a permanent and profitable business. Satisfactory reasons required. Address GEO. WARREN, Hickman, Ky.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FARM—One of the best and most desirable Buffalo county, Kansas farms in the city; situated on the Arkansas river and within 3 miles of the railroad bridge; well watered and timbered; 160 bearing fruit trees. Address "FARM," Courier-Journal office. au11 d3t

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FARM AND CITY LAND—In said, from 10 to 100 acres each lots; will sell for cash and time, or exchange for city property. WHITHEITHER & ISAACS, Real Estate Brokers, 1,093 West Jefferson st. au11 d3t

FOR SALE—300 ACRES OF NO. 1 LAND—On Shepherdsville road, 7 miles from city; 100 timber; balance cleared and in good cultivation. Inquire of WHITHEITHER & ISAACS, Real Estate Brokers.

FOR SALE—TOBACCO FACTORY—I wish to sell my tobacco steamery, located in Hardinsburg, Ky., on favorable terms, or to lease it for one year to five hundred hogsheads of tobacco; a good location; all conveniences. Will rent house. For further particulars, address the proprietor, at Hardinsburg, Ky. G. E. TAYLOR. jy31 d3m

BOARDING.

BOARDING—A gentleman and his wife, or two single gentlemen, can be accommodating with a fine large front room, with good board, in a private family, at No. 1,000 Third street, between Kentucky and Green streets. au13 d3t

BOARDING—Two handsome rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with board, in private family, near the city. Rooms newly painted and papered. Apply at this office. au12 d3t

EXCURSION TICKETS —TO— Crab Orchard!

On and after July 21, 1880, and until further notice, excursion tickets to Crab Orchard will be sold at the following reduced rates:

Single round trip	$6 00
Family tickets for 10 rides	40 00
Do for 15 rides	55 00
Do for 25 rides	75 00
Do for 50 rides	125 00

Excursion tickets will be sold only to persons transporting their families to the Crab Orchard Springs between Louisville and the springs during the season of 1880.

Tickets are not transferable.

Persons not connected with families may purchase excursion tickets will be taken to Crab Orchard at full rates, and returned free at or before the close of the season.

For excursion tickets and further information, apply at Ticket Office in depot of L. and N. R. R., corner of Ninth and Broadway, Louisville.

JOHN KING, Gen'l Sup't L. and N. R. R.

jy18 d3t

German Bank AND INSURANCE COMPANY, Of Louisville, Ky.,

Southwest Corner Seventh and Main.

DEPOSIT-SAVINGS-EXCHANGE-BANK AND FIRE INSURANCE CO.

CAPITAL $800,000

HENRY DEPPE, President.
F. VIGLINI, Secretary. my7 3m

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A safe house on Chestnut street, between Second and Third, suitable for a boarding-house. Apply to MORRIS & STEWART, 2 Jefferson st. au14 d3t

FOR RENT—STORE—No. 1,000 Third street, between Kentucky and Green streets. au14 d3t

FOR RENT—STORE—And factory for sale—on Market street, south side, No. 1,000, bet. Third and Fourth. au14 d3t

FOR RENT—A FAMILY DWELLING—On the south side of Chestnut street, second door east of Sixth, containing 10 rooms, bath-room, &c. Can be seen at any time. au13 d3t

FOR RENT—HOTEL AND STORE-ROOM—The Broadway House, opposite the Nashville Railroad Depot, containing 19 rooms besides store room. Will rent or lease as a whole, or will remodel and put in several rentals. This is one of the best stands in the city for a small hotel and saloon, or the store-room, by being enlarged, would make an admirable stand for hardware or dry goods, boots, shoes, &c. Apply to W. H. CLARK, Girard & Craycroft. au13 d3t

FOR RENT—A TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE—On Preston st., bet. Broadway and Jacob, containing 7 rooms. Apply to EARMON, MEDDIS & FERGUSON, 140 Main st. au13 d3t

FOR RENT—STOREROOMS—The store-house No. 1,000 Third street, between Main and Market. Apply at the Merchants' Bank of Kentucky, to J. H. LIEBERMANN. au13 d3t

FOR RENT—HOUSE—A large and well-lighted store-house on Bullitt street, well adapted for manufacturing or storage. Apply to D. G. PARK, 109 Fourth st. au13 d3t

FOR RENT—SECOND AND THIRD FLOORS—Of the centrally-located building now occupied by Third and Market, containing large hall, three feet, suitable for a lodge room, one small hall, three rooms and kitchen, and two rooms and kitchen. Apply to MAPOTHER, 118 & 120 West Main st. au9 d3t

FOR RENT AND FOR SALE—OFFICE—Suitable for any business, on Jefferson street, northwest corner Fourth and Main, in for rent and Southern Insurance Company's office. au9 d3t

FOR RENT—HOUSE—A large and well-lighted store-house on Bullitt street, well adapted for manufacturing or storage. Apply to D. G. PARK, 109 Fourth st. au8 d3t

FOR RENT—SECOND AND THIRD FLOORS—Of the centrally-located building occupied by Third and Market, containing large hall, three feet, suitable for a lodge room, one small hall, three rooms and kitchen, and two rooms and kitchen. Apply to MAPOTHER, 118 & 120 West Main st. au9 d3t

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STRAYED.

STRAYED—COW—On 3d of August, a light-red cow with a white stripe along her back and 3 calf; both had a rope around their necks. Any one giving information of the same branded in it. A liberal reward will be paid for recovery of my property, leading to her recovery. ADAM SCHOEFFEL, Bucheltown.

STRAYED—COW—On the 31st of July, a light-red and white spotted cow, having long slim horns, and on tail very small switch, supplied with bell and brass plate on same and the name of Ch. Gebhard engraved on it. A liberal reward will be paid for her delivery, or any information leading to her recovery. DOLLAR & CO., coal dealers, West Main bet. below Third street, north side. au13 d3t

STRAYED—COW—From the undersigned, Tuesday, 10th inst., a red cow with white face and white ears black; has on an iron chain and bell. I will pay a liberal reward for her return to me on Main street, between Floyd and Preston. JAMES DOUGLAS. au13 d3t

LOST.

LOST—MEMORANDUM-BOOK—On Wednesday, the finder will be liberally rewarded for returning its contents to the undersigned. JABEZ C. KIMBEL, principal, merchant center Tenth and Main sts., Louisville. au13 d3t

TAKEN UP.

TAKEN UP—A MILCH COW—inquire at 418 West Walnut.

PUBLIC SALES.

Assignee's Sale of Musical Stores.

By assignee of Wm. McCarroll, bankrupt, I will sell at public auction, on MONDAY, the 23d day of August, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the store formerly occupied by said bankrupt, in the Rudeler-Bauer building, on the corner of Fourth avenue and Walnut streets, Louisville, Ky., a general assortment of musical merchandise, consisting of stock of pianos, organs, violins, flutes, guitars, &c.; also, a choice selection of sheet music and other musical stores; also, all the furniture, safe, counters, desks, &c., of said store and fixtures, all in excellent order. Terms cash.

H. M. MOSBY, Assignee.

Commissioner's Sale.

In pursuance of a decree of the Chancery Court of Louisville, rendered at the May term, 1880, I will, on next, at the court house in Louisville, to the highest bidder, sell the undivided one-half interest of Thomas B. Fellows, situated in Manry county, Tennessee. This is one of the most valuable tracts of plantations in Middle Tennessee. There are in the said tract 600 acres, first and second bottom land.

TERMS OF SALE—One-half on the 1st day of January, 1881, and the balance on the 1st day of January, 1882. Notes with good security, with interest from the day of sale, and a lien retained on the land for purchase money to pay.

au6 d3t S. P. WHALEY, Commissioner.

Public Sale.

On WEDNESDAY, the 22d day of September, 1880, about the hour of 12 o'clock a. m., I will sell, on the premises, to public sale, to the highest bidder, the Farm lately owned by Maj. John S. Manly, deceased, containing 150 acres, more or less, situated in Jefferson county, Ky., on the Shelbyville and Danville turnpike, about 12 miles from the city of Louisville, bounded on the south by the Kentucky river.

There is on the farm a two-story frame house, which is separated from the farm in Jessamine county by the Kentucky river. This is one of the most desirable farms in the county, and will state that it will be sold. Terms made known on day of sale. jy18 d3m

DRY GOODS.

THE undersigned desire to call the attention of the trade to the largest and most complete stock of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods ever offered in this market at this or any other season of the year.

JOS. T. TOMPKINS & CO., 79 and 79 Sixth street.

jy28

ANTHRACITE COAL.

WE are now receiving a supply of the best quality of Anthracite Coal, which we offer to the trade in quantities to suit purchasers. This coal is guaranteed to burn in ordinary grates without blowers or furnaces. It gives a more intense heat than ordinary coal, and will be found equally as cheap, as it never stops or room, labor, and attention. Those wishing a fire may have it by leaving orders at the store. Terms cash.

For coking purposes it cannot be surpassed.

CHAS. KUNZ & CO., 1 Jefferson st.

U.S. HOTEL,

Louisville, Ky.:

STOCKTON, LEAHY & CO., PROPRIETORS.

$3 50 PER DAY.

au6 d3t

Kentucky Whiskies,

600 BBLS Bourbon County from 18 months to 4 years old;
200 BBLS Rye (Hardin County), 7 months old;
100 BBLS Nelson, Anderson, and Mercer, 2 years old.

For sale by W. H. WALKER & CO., 93 Main st., bet. First and Second, Louisville, Ky.

KRUG & CO. CHAMPAGNE WINE.

We are the sole agents in Kentucky for the sale of this fine Wine, and will at all times keep it on hand.

W. H. WALKER & CO., 93 Main st., bet. First and Second, Louisville, Ky.

Wines and Brandies.

5 kegs Port;
5 kegs Sherry;
100 cases Cognac Brandy;
100 cases Imported Table Claret;
in store and for sale by

W. H. WALKER & CO., 93 Main st., bet. First and Second, Louisville, Ky.

Patent Vault Cleaner

MYERS & CO., Office 71 Third street, Louisville, KY

Orders solicited.

my4 Sun

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Business Cards will be inserted in this column at the rate of $5 per line per month.

ARCHITECTURAL FOUNDRY & IRON WORKS—Office, 1,000 Market st., bet. Third and Ninth sts., Louisville, Ky. jy31 d3t

ARCHITECTURAL IRON WORK—Send for illustrated circular. Office, 1,000 Market, bet. Third and Fourth, between Grayson and Walnut sts. jy31 d3t

ARLIE, COCHRAN & CO.—Louisville Machine Shop and Foundry, S. E. corner Main and Tenth streets.

BOONE & BOONE, Attorneys at Law, No. 10 Court Place. sa1 d3m*

COOPER, W., Portrait Painter at Hogan's, 132 Main st. au13 d3t

DESHLER, H. W., Manufacturer and importer of Hall's Copper Bevel Lightning Rod for the Northern States, 619 West Jefferson st., Louisville, Ky. my14 d3t

DORE, SAXE HOUSE & CO.—Office, No. 16 Church and Office and Warehouse, 1 W. Main.

GROVE, R.—Cemetery and garden designs, 7 Twenty-second street.

JONES, R. R.—Tobacco Manufacturer, No. 69 West Market street, Louisville, Ky.

JOYCE & HARRIS, Marble Works, No. 109 North side Jefferson st., bet. Third & Fourth. jy1

JAMES & CO., THOS., (successors to Falls Paper & Co.,) dealers in Pittsburg and other Coal Oils, 504 Ninth st., bet. Market and Jefferson.

KUNSWILER CHEMICAL WORKS—Ed. L. Kuhn & Co., proprietors, No. 38 Fifth st.

LOUISVILLE WALL PAPER CO., 332 and 334 L. st., bet. Main and River. GUNN & DOLPH, Prop'r.

LANDRAUD—Sheet-iron Worker, 472 and 474 Main street, between Preston and Jacob. jy18 d3t

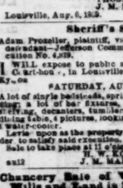
LANG & BRO.—Manufacturers of Italian and L. Settee Chairs, 174 and 176 E. Market st.

MOUNT W. J.—Manufacturer and Dealer in Barber Chairs, 1,000 Main st., Louisville, Ky.

MORTON JOHN F. & CO.—Publishers, Book sellers, Stationers, Book and Job Printers, 144 West Main street.

WILSON, W. H., Commissioner of Deeds, Depositions &c., for the various States, Examiner and Notary Public, No. 154 West Jefferson st. jy7 d3t

Glass Fruit Jars.



K. BACK, REED & CO.

PIANOS.

RINZEN & ROSEN PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS

Warerooms, north side, bet. Sixth and Seventh.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

An assortment of good second-hand Pianos for sale or rent very cheap. Will rent, and at the rent of new pianos, if you like to purchase. au8

AUCTION SALES.

FUTURE SALES.

BY S. T. BOOKER & CO.

AT A PRIVATE RESIDENCE!

Splendid Parlor, Chamber, Dining-room, and Kitchen Furniture, Brussels Carpets, &c., AT AUCTION.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, Aug. 18, at 10 o'clock, at No. 1216 Fifth street, between Walnut and Chestnut, we will sell the above, consisting of one elegant walnut chamber suit (cost $60), solid walnut, marble-top sideboard, walnut hall rack, walnut bureaus, marble-top sideboards, extension tables, lounges, mirrors, sofas, rockers, bedsteads, bedding, &c., all in good condition and elegant order. Also, one elegant set of parlor furniture, upholstered in brocatelle, Brussels carpet, and other carpets; also, a fine rubber plant. All goods to be sold, having been rented for the season, and will be sold, as the parties are leaving the city.

BY C. J. MATTHEWS & CO.

No. 1226 Market st., bet. Sixth and Seventh.

Stock and Fixtures of A No. 1 Confectionery Store in Good Location, and doing a Good Business.

AT AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY MORNING, Aug. 17, at 9 o'clock, at No. 913 Market street, between Sixth and Seventh, we will sell the above. Sale positive.

C. J. MATTHEWS & CO., Auctioneers.

BY C. C. SPENCER.

Closing sale of Fine China, Glass, and Queensware.

AT AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY MORNING, Aug. 17, at 10 o'clock, a closing sale of M. A. B. Nalle's stock of French china, glass, and fine plated ware will be made at 1,000 Main, 71 Shippingport, and 1,000 Market st. lot. Extra fine dinner and tea sets will be sold. As this is the closing sale, a large and desirable assortment will be offered. The store has to be given up.

Terms cash.

C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO.

Regular Sale of Dry Goods and Clothing

TUESDAY MORNING, August 17, 1880, at 10 o'clock.

All 9 o'clock we will sell

1 case ruled Gothic Clocks;
1 " " Alarm
1 " Lever & 8-day "

All warranted Chauncy Jerome's Genuine Clocks.

au16 d3t

BY S. G. HENRY & CO.

700 Cases and Cartoons Boots and Shoes AT AUCTION

WEDNESDAY MORNING, August 18, 1880, at 10 o'clock.

Also 10 cases Men's Wax and Full Stock Brogans, all fresh and desirable goods.

S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers.

au15

TWO DAYS' AUCTION SALES.

BY THOS. ANDERSON & CO.

ON WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, August 18 and 19, at 9 o'clock a. m. each day, we shall sell a general assortment of Dry Goods, Notions, &c., to close in part of a manufacturer's assortment of ladies', misses', children's, balmoral and hoop skirts, traveling skirts, ribbed jackets, suspenders, hosiery, &c.

Also, at 11 o'clock each day, a large and desirable stock of clothing, &c.

Terms cash.

THOS. ANDERSON & CO., Auctioneers.

BY SHERMAN P. WHALEY.

Auction-rooms, 59 Market st., bet. Second & Third.

3 Trotting Mares, 1 Light Buggy, 1 Sulky and 1 Work Horse,

AT AUCTION

In front of the Court-house.

ON MONDAY MORNING, Aug. 16, 1880, at 11 o'clock, I will sell, by order of Mr. Rodes, all three trotting mares, viz: one bay mare that has trotted in 2.40, 2.36, and 2.34, but that has been driven a good deal one bay mare that has trotted in 2.45 minutes, also, one bay mare that has trotted in 2.50 minutes, also, one of the above wagons are made to order, and, of the best kind. Also, three sets of harness.

au13 d3t S. P. WHALEY, Auctioneer.

BY SHERMAN P. WHALEY.

Auction-rooms 59 East Market street, between Second and Third.

Furniture at a Private Residence,

AT AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY MORNING, Aug. 17, at 10 o'clock, I will be sold at the residence of H. C. Flournoy, situated on the corner of Fifth and Gray streets, his entire household and kitchen furniture, consisting of the parlor set, in hair cloth; Chickering & Sons' six octave rosewood piano; walnut and rosewood chamber suits; carpets; stoves, office furniture, cooking stove, iced clothing, fancier beds, mattresses, &c., nearly all of which is in use.

Sale will be positive and peremptory, as the owner is about removing to the East.

Terms cash.

au13 d3t S. P. WHALEY, Auctioneer.

BY KUTZLER & LAMPTON.

79 Jefferson st., bet. Second and Third.

Desirable Residence Sites

AT AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY AFTERNOON, Aug. 17, 1880, at 5 o'clock, we will sell, on the premises, at public auction, to the highest bidder, the following elegantly-situated lots to suit purchasers. This is the most desirable property for residences in the city, and especially adaptable for private residences, is tastefully laid out, choice shrubbery and trees, and within one square of the new depot of the Pennsylvania Railway, situated on west side of Jacob street, between Broadway and Magnolia. Sale positive.

Terms—One-third cash; balance in 6 and 12 months, with interest and lien.

KUTZLER & LAMPTON, Real Estate Agents and Auctioneers.

au13 Friday

BY C. C. SPENCER.

Assignee's and Constable's Sale of Fancy Goods, Notions, and Trimmings.

AT AUCTION.

ON MONDAY MORNING, Aug. 16, commencing at 10 o'clock, and continuing from day to day until the entire stock is sold, I will sell, at the store-room on 4th st., near Jefferson, the stock of goods in the store, consisting of fancy goods, notions, &c., such as Walnut, sachet-bags & Rio in Black, colored & every variety of fancy goods, hosiery, gloves, ribbons, worsted, shawls, &c. Also, the counters, shelving and fixtures.

Terms at sale.

au13 d3 C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer

AUCTION! AUCTION!

BY FRED. PRISCHE.

No. 1203 Preston street.

ON MONDAY, Aug. 16, 1880, at 4 o'clock P. M., I will sell at public auction, at the above stand (1 of Berrett street, about 320 feet south of Broadway, a cottage frame house, containing 4 rooms and 2 rooms, with shed kitchen, cistern, stove, &c., lot 30 by 100 on alley.

Terms—One-half cash; rest in 6 and 12 months.

au12 d3* FRED. PRISCHE, Auctioneer.

BANKRUPTCY.

NOTICE—In the District Court of the United States for the Kentucky District.

In the matter of J. S. ALBERTON, Petition for final discharge. In Bankruptcy, 1880.

By order of Court, the creditors of J. S. Alberton, a bankrupt, are hereby notified that I will be at my office, No. 2,243 corner 4th st., Cox-ington, Ky., on Saturday, the 21st day of August, 1880, at 10 o'clock a. m., to show cause, if any they have, why the said J. S. Alberton should not have a final discharge.

JOHN W. FINNELL, Register. JOSEPH LEVIS, Assignee.

au13 d3t

HILL'S GOLD PEN MANUFACTORY.

No. 85 FOURTH STREET, between Main and Market, Louisville, Ky. Price List sent free. Liberal discount to the trade. au13 d3t

FRENCH ROOFING PUT TO ORDER

H. STRUBY,

Architect.

Office southwest corner Main and Seventh sts., LOUISVILLE, KY.

ADVERTISERS

Should avail themselves of the opportunity of

ADVERTISING IN

MONDAY'S DAILY EXPRESS;

The Only Paper Published in the City that Morning.

The Counting-room will be open from 7 to 10 o'clock P. M. Sunday. my3 Sat 9mif

H. RUSCHHAUPT,

Doctor of Medicine and Surgery, of the University of Berlin,

Oculist and Aurist.

Office, 96 Chestnut st., bet. Third and Fourth. Office hours from 10 to 12 A. M., and 2 to 4 P. M. jy2 d3m

834 ACRES

Choice Bluegrass Land for Sale.

I lies in Smith county, Texas, on the Cosy Fork river, 1 miles from Carthage and 26 east of Lebanon, the county seat of Wilson county. Will be sold in tracts of 160 acres or more to suit purchasers. This is the most desirable property for small farms in the country, and especially adaptable for private residences, is tastefully laid out, choice shrubbery and trees, within one square of the new depot of the Pennsylvania Railway, situated on west side of Jacob street, between Broadway and Magnolia. Sale positive.

Terms—One-third cash; balance in 6 and 12 months, with interest and lien.

KUTZLER & LAMPTON, Real Estate Agents and Auctioneers.

au13 Friday

DRY GOODS.

THE undersigned desire to call the attention of the trade to the largest and most complete stock of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods ever offered in this market at this or any other season of the year.

JOS. T. TOMPKINS & CO., 79 and 79 Sixth street.

jy28

ANTHRACITE COAL.

WE are now receiving a supply of the best quality of Anthracite Coal, which we offer to the trade in quantities to suit purchasers. This coal is guaranteed to burn in ordinary grates without blowers or furnaces. It gives a more intense heat than ordinary coal, and will be found equally as cheap, as it never stops or room, labor, and attention. Those wishing a fire may have it by leaving orders at the store. Terms cash.

For coking purposes it cannot be surpassed.

CHAS. KUNZ & CO., 1 Jefferson st.

jy18 d3m

U.S. HOTEL,

Louisville, Ky.:

STOCKTON, LEAHY & CO., PROPRIETORS.

$3 50 PER DAY.

au6 d3t

Kentucky Whiskies,

600 BBLS Bourbon County from 18 months to 4 years old;
200 BBLS Rye (Hardin County), 7 months old;
100 BBLS Nelson, Anderson, and Mercer, 2 years old.

For sale by W. H. WALKER & CO., 93 Main st., bet. First and Second, Louisville, Ky.

KRUG & CO. CHAMPAGNE WINE.

We are the sole agents in Kentucky for the sale of this fine Wine, and will at all times keep it on hand.

W. H. WALKER & CO., 93 Main st., bet. First and Second, Louisville, Ky.

Wines and Brandies.

5 kegs Port;
5 kegs Sherry;
100 cases Cognac Brandy;
100 cases Imported Table Claret;
in store and for sale by

W. H. WALKER & CO., 93 Main st., bet. First and Second, Louisville, Ky.

Patent Vault Cleaner

MYERS & CO., Office 71 Third street, Louisville, KY

Orders solicited.

my4 Sun

Courier-Journal.

SUNDAY AND MONDAY, AUGUST 15 AND 16, 1880.

ROUND-ABOUT.

I.

The Spectroscope.

The spectroscope has taught us that the sun's atmosphere is totally unlike ours, containing bodies by the state of vapor, which, on our earth are solid. Among the most prominent of these constituents are sodium vapor and iron vapor. It is obvious from this that the temperature of the sun must be very high, and the old theory of Herschel, which has unfortunately been repeated over and over again in our astronomical school books, and is to the effect that the sun is a dark, cold body, surrounded by a luminous phosphorescent atmosphere, is exploded. We now know that the sun is hot, incandescent, molten mass, its temperature being so high that we can with difficulty form a conception of it.

II.

A Suicide With a Moral.

The Hungarian Journals relate the following extraordinary case of suicide: Last week John Stebleski, a shopkeeper in the Rue Sebastiani, at Pesth, came down from his bedroom at five o'clock in the morning, leaving his wife in bed, while a clerk was sleeping in the shop. He went into a cabinet on shaved himself, put on his best clothes, stretched himself on the counter, and having loaded a pistol discharged the contents into his heart. Death was of course instantaneous. The horror and astonishment of his wife, the clerk, and the neighbors are unbounded, and the more so that no one knew of any motive for the commission of the desperate act. While all were lost in conjectures an old friend of the deceased came rushing up, out of breath. He had just received by post a letter from Stebleski's dated the preceding evening, and thus worded: "My dear friend—I have decided to kill myself to-morrow. Life is insupportable. I adore my wife, but she has grown so stout—she that was of so ravishing a figure when I married her. Adieu, my friend; tell my wife that I preser to die rather than to be unfaithful to her or to separate myself from her by means of the law. Farewell, and pity me."

III.

Opera Abroad.

"La Prophete," at the Italian Opera house in London has failed. The Athenæum, in a very severe criticism, says: "Meßis. Tietjens' ambition is insatiable. She does not hesitate to attack even the part in the soprano repertoire. Medea and Maria, Fidelio and Lucia di Lammermoor have been accepted by her with equal readiness. Whether or not she was fitted by nature for a character, she has not scrupled to attempt it, if only it was sufficiently prominent. Having exhausted all the treble heroines of opera, she now seems disposed to seize the contralto characters. Fides, it is true, invades the soprano register, but the tessitura of the part is contralto—in other words it tries Mdlle. Tietjens just where her voice is weakest. She has evidently felt on Saturday last, and therefore over-exerted herself in the effort to make every note tell. We must give her full credit for her indomitable determination in wrestling with the difficulties of her task, but we are bound to say that her rendering of Meyerbeer's music was a failure. Were she often to repeat the experiment she would infallibly destroy a voice which, once magnificent, has already been irreparably injured by reckless wear and tear. Mdlle. Tietjens' acting was more earnest, more emphatic, freer from self-consciousness than in any impersonation of hers we can call to mind, and in the cathedral scene, where the 'False Demetrius' of Leyden disowns his mother, there was an approach to real tragic power. Nevertheless we have no wish to see Mdlle. Tietjens a second time in 'Le Prophete.' The band and chorus were frequently out of time, and the concerted music was generally performed in a manner to cause sorrow was there anything to recall the massacres of Covent Garden in its brightest days.

IV.

Russia.

This new textile material is a native of Japan, and another variety is known as Chinese grass. The first specimen was introduced into Louisiana in 1867, and since then has been successfully grown in nurseries in that State, Mississippi, Texas and Arkansas. The fibre resembles in appearance raw silk, and in length of fine filament is somewhat flax, in purely white. The shirting cloth resembles fine linen, except that the threads are even. The handkerchiefs resemble fine linen cambric, except that the threads are even, and that these, as well as the shirting cloth, have a silky gloss. Specimens prepared in England have been exhibited at the fair; that prepared in Louisiana by the Royal machine, though long in fibre, and having the natural gloss, is not sufficiently prepared for fine articles. Specimens of fine grey, prepared in Mexico by Mr. Roesl in 1865, it brought 65 cents a pound in London; and this year it sold in the same market at 60 cents a pound. The seed does not germinate readily, but the plant is easily propagated by root cuttings, layers, and by cuttings of the stalk at the second joint. It is a rapid grower in growth; and in latitudes where the ground does not freeze to a greater depth than a foot, is perennial. The fibre is like that of hemp, in the inner bark of the stalk, and less liable to decay when wet. The amount produced is so much. Malton county has taken the same amount, and Barren is bidding to take $500,000 away from it during the next decade. We hope that the people of Barren will seize upon this favorable moment and not let the opportunity pass by. Many a time will they regret the opportunity they may never have another. It is believed that it will produce regularly as much as cotton does in the most favorable seasons. The present price is seventeen 100 pounds a day. These representations show that Ramie will be a formidable rival for the kingdom hitherto held by cotton.

V.

Young England.

An Oxford tutor, lamenting the demoralizing tendencies of the betting mania of the present day, writes to the London Press as follows: Twenty years ago we had our fast men, who took some of them to hunting, some to dancing, some to drinking, and some to extravagant dress, and some to unlimited boating. But by far the larger proportion of our young men supplemented their reading either for a "pass" or for the honors by constitutional rides or walks. What is the case now? Instead of our university turning out such exercise as health requires, our young men now-a-days indulge in athletic sports to such excess that all the steel is taken out of them." Instead of "sporting their oaks" and reading for three or four hours after dinner, they laughish upon a sofa, "tobrisk up" and swake," until the welcome hour comes when they can transfer their exhausted bodies to bed. These athletic sports are powerfully stimulated by the rivalry natural to young men, but still more so by betting. It is not, however, to these athletic exercises alone that betting is confined. They bet enormously, considering their resources, upon the Derby and all other public races. They bet upon their own races, either upon horseback or on foot, while Ballington and other convenient spots are continually witnessing. They bet upon pigeon and billiard matches—they bet upon everything. How blally this is telling upon the University may be seen in the fact that, whereas twenty years ago our class lists contained the names of honors or more, they have now shrunk to no more than thirty or forty names. The unhappy Marquis of Hastings was an owner of race horses before he ceased to be an undergraduate. The present Duke of Newcastle fell, when at Oxford, into the hands of one of the professional racing men whose stables are easily reached from the neighboring station at Didcot. Within the last few weeks another of our young noblemen has been the owner of a Derby favorite, has been publicly named in the press as having given large sums for this or that horse, and has been the star of his set because he could invite his friends to accompany him to Ilsley, and to see "his stud."

VI.

The British Traveler.

He acts, says the Pall Mall Gazette, as if England was the only manufacturing country in the world, and never reflects that it might be better to risk paying a little more for an inferior article abroad, if you found you ought to have it, than to drag it about with you on the chance of using it. He wanders with a bundle of railway rugs through the glowing plains of Central Europe, on the possibility of his making a descent on Lombardy and feeling chilly for half an hour or so in a mountain transit of the Alps. Not having a single acquaintance in any foreign country, he carefully packs up an evening suit in the view of invitations. Waterproofs against rain and overcoats against dust are so much essentials as his museum of umbrellas, sticks, and canes for various eventualities. He hears there is excellent fishing in the Tyrol, so, although no fisherman himself, he thinks he may find occasion to become one, and takes a rod accordingly. He may, perchance, turn up in Switzerland during the Tir National, so he carries a rifle, and there is nothing, as every one knows, like English ammunition. Telescopes and the binocular glasses are things of course. Health is at the bottom of all pleasure, and that necessitates a medicine chest. He feels he ought not altogether neglect the mind while invigorating the body, so he carries a few well-chosen volumes to suit the route. As it would be physically impossible to get through one-half his library during his tour, it is clear minutes may be precious, so on the chance of late traveling he takes a reading lamp and candles. There is a handsome volume for the diligent never sleeps, a variety of stationery for the letters he seldom writes, and a patent ink-bottle that is always flying open in transit, which signifies the less that he has laid in a large stock of bezaine collas for taking stains out of his clothes. He has an infinity of block drawing books, colors, pencils, &c.; and, if he is an artist, these are among the few things he is wise in buying at home, unless his route lie through Paris.

DARDEN COUNTY.

The Proposition to Subscribe $200,000 to the Cumberland and Ohio Railroad.

[Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

GREENSBURG, KY., Aug. 14, 1880.

We ask for a little space in your valuable paper to make a few suggestions to the people of Barren county as to the importance of voting in favor of the proposition to subscribe $400,000 to the Cumberland and Ohio Railroad Company. A great deal depends upon the vote of Barren upon the question, and it is confidently believed that if Barren votes in favor of the proposition, the construction of the road will be regarded as a fixed fact. The friends along the whole line are watching the coming election with anxious solicitude, and the old theory of Herschel, which has unfortunately been repeated over and over again in our astronomical school books, and is to the effect that the sun is a dark, cold body, surrounded by a luminous phosphorescent atmosphere, is exploded. We now know that the sun is hot, incandescent, molten mass, its temperature being so high that we can with difficulty form a conception of it.

II.

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WANTED.

WANTED—A BOY—To learn the painting of [illegible] painting rooms, corner [illegible] and [illegible] sts.

WANTED—A HORSE—A first-class driving horse, must be sound, gentle, and kind, and [illegible] would prefer [illegible] or gray, or a well-matched pair would be [illegible]. Any one having a horse or pair that will fill the above bill can call or address No. 19 Third street, Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—RELIABLE MALE HELP—Of all kinds promptly supplied free of charge to merchants, manufacturers, steam boats, &c. Book-keepers, clerks, porters, salesmen, &c. Help directed. [illegible] Advise the KENTUCKY EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, corner of Fourth and Jefferson sts.

WANTED—SITUATION—By an Arkansaw traveler, well posted in that State. First class Eastern and Western recommendations. Address "Traveler," Box 118, Toledo, Ohio.

WANTED—100 railroad hands, 50 farm hands, 4 carpenters, 1 blacksmiths, 1 dairyman, 4 men [illegible] also clerks, salesmen, porters, waiters, drivers; for all work or help, go to KENTUCKY EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, corner Fourth and Jefferson sts.

WANTED—A PARTNER—With a capital of from $1,000 to $2,000, to take charge of a [illegible] or to travel and make sales. Address [illegible] Journal office, stating where an interview can be had.

WANTED—TO BORROW $1,500—For six or twelve months. Perfect satisfaction given by [illegible] secured on No. 1 business property, and will pay a big interest. Address N. D. T., through [illegible] office.

WANTED—20 COOPERS—At barrel factory of Louisville Cement Company, at head of canal; [illegible] cents for cement and flour barrels, with circled [illegible]. Steady work to good hands. Apply at factory.

WANTED—TO RENT—ROOM—A well-furnished sleeping-room, located between First and Sixth and Market and Chestnut streets. Address R. B., this office.

WANTED—TO BUY—A two-story brick dwelling of [illegible] rooms, of modern style, with all improvements, situated between Second and Ninth and Walnut and Breckinridge streets. Price not to exceed $6,000. Will pay either all or part cash. Address P. O. Drawer No 11, Louisville, Ky., giving situation and number of house, with price and terms.

WANTED—TO BUSINESS MEN—A German book-keeper, now employed at night as such, wishes to obtain a position as book-keeper where no night work is required. He has always given satisfaction to his employer as is now the case, but desires a change on account of health. Address L. A. BOK, Evening Express office.

WANTED—SALESMAN—Apply to L. H. MOORE, East Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth, between Nos. 109 & 111, up stairs.

WANTED—A SITUATION—By a steady, married Englishman, who has ALWAYS been accustomed to HORSES. Address S. K., Postoffice.

WANTED—200 GIRLS—Do you want a girl? Go to the KENTUCKY EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, corner Fourth and Jefferson streets, to get a good girl at once. All capable, respectable females invited to call and obtain situations free of charge. References indispensable. MILLER & CO., Agents.

WANTED—TO SELL—BOOK STORE—Well established. For particulars address Box 144, Bowling Green, Ky.

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—The Mutual Life Insurance Company of Chicago can give employment to several city solicitors, and also to district, county, and traveling agents, on very liberal terms. Call at the office, No. 95 Market street, between Third and Fourth streets, Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—AGENTS—$20 A DAY—To male and female agents, to introduce the Buckeye $20 Shuttle Sewing Machines. Stitch alike on both sides, and is the only licensed Shuttle Machine in the market sold for less than $40. All others are infringements, and the seller and user are liable to prosecution and imprisonment. Full particulars free. Address W. A. HENDERSON & CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—AGENTS—The De Soto Mutual Life Ins. Co. can give employment to several city solicitors and also to traveling agents on liberal terms. Call at the office, No. 129 Main street, near Fourth street.

FOR SALE—CITY.

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE—One of the nicest residences in Portland—A double house, containing [illegible] rooms, with stables for horses or cows, carriage-house and wood-shed, and lot 28½ feet front by 200 feet deep, running to a 20-foot alley, situated on the corner of Market and [illegible] street, Portland, will be sold at a liberal price. The yard is splendidly situated with [illegible] the choicest fruit trees, evergreens, &c. There is also a fine view of the river and the city of New Albany. For further particulars apply to JOHN OTTO MUNCH, south side Market street, between Fifth and Sixth.

FOR SALE—DISTILLERY—Said distillery consists of a fine brick main building, with all the necessary machinery, tubs, &c., and is supplied with a [illegible]. There is also a fine fire-proof warehouse attached—located in the city of St. Louis, Mo. Will be sold at a bargain. Terms easy, or will trade [illegible]. For particulars inquire at HOFF BEMBLE & BROTHERS, 19 and 21 Sycamore st., Cincinnati, Ohio.

FOR SALE—OLD STEAMBOAT—The hull (with or without cabin) of steamer "Judge Fletcher," now lying at Louisville wharf, 25 feet beam, 150 feet long, 5-foot hold. [illegible] The cabin and texas are complete and in fine order for transferring to a new hull. For further particulars address W. S. BASSITT, Louisville Hotel, Louisville, Ky.

FOR SALE—STRAW, CORD WOOD, PEAS, AND PEACHES—Address Drawer 161, or apply at Hurstbourne, 8 miles out on Shelby pike.

FOR SALE—A STEAM FURNITURE FACTORY—With all necessary machinery of the best latest improved patents. Engine, boiler, and most of the machinery are new and in good running order. Apply to No. 216 East Main street, Louisville, Ky.

FOR SALE FOR 1 WEEK—HOUSE AND LOT—[illegible] desirable house and lot, 8 rooms and attic, [illegible] stable, and carriage house, [illegible] For further particulars apply to or address GRESHAM, [illegible] & CO., 74 West Main, near Third st.

FOR SALE—LUMBER—100,000 feet of seasoned building lumber, at reduced prices in order to close out. Apply immediately at the southeast corner of Tenth and Market sts.

FOR SALE—25 TONS NO. 1 HEMP—At No. [illegible] Main street, between First and Second. R. G. CRUMP.

FOR SALE—A LOT—On the north side of Broadway, between Eighth and Ninth. Apply to JEROME RAGGIO, No. 196 Center and Jefferson sts.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE—The following desirable property is for sale cheap for cash, to wit: [illegible] with good improvements, and sold [illegible] For particulars apply to [illegible] Third street, bet. Main and Market.

FOR SALE—STOCK—The stock of a well-established and well-paying retail shoe store. Will invoice about $1,000. Present owner going into wholesale trade. Address "Business," Courier-Journal office.

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE—The undersigned would sell his residence, situated on Chestnut between Sixth and Seventh streets. The lot is 100 feet front by 200 to a 20-foot alley. Improvements [illegible] with other city property, would be exchanged for a good and well-improved farm, near either the Louisville and Frankfort Railroad or on the Nashville road. WM. E. GLOVER.

FOR SALE—A RETAIL DRUG STORE—Apply to J. M. SPEED & CO., corner Green and Preston.

FOR SALE—HOUSE—Desirable dwelling house with good improvements and in first-rate order, situated on Sixth street, between Chestnut and Broadway, No. 287. Apply to M. [illegible], Third street, between Market and Jefferson.

FOR SALE—BUILDING LOTS—CHEAP—Some of the best building lots on Broadway and Jacob streets. Inquire of MERIWETHER & ISAACS, Real Estate Brokers.

FOR SALE—71 SPRING WAGONS—Different sizes, suitable for city express or country use. G. [illegible], No. 120 Jackson street, between Jefferson and Green.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE DWELLING HOUSE—With all the modern improvements, and in first-rate order, situated on the west side of Seventh street, between Chestnut and Broadway. Apply to JOS. T. TOMPKINS, Sixth street, bet. Market and Main.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY.

FOR SALE—170 ACRES OF LAND AND IMPROVEMENTS—In Lincoln county, Ky. Price [illegible] improvements nearly all new, and cost $5,[illegible]. Land good quality. Fine large orchard on the place. For particulars inquire of MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO., 64 and 66 Jefferson street.

FOR SALE—FARM—A small unimproved farm, containing 80 acres, 4 miles from city, on Brownsboro pike. Inquire of GEO. SIMCOE, Hobbs' Depot, L. and F. R. R.

FOR SALE—TO PRINTERS—One-half interest in a long-established country weekly newspaper for sale to a practical printer only. Material new. A partnership in a paying business is offered to a printer with a small capital and property. [illegible] Address GEO. WARREN, Hickman, Ky.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FARM—One of the best fruit and stock farms in Bullitt county, [illegible] miles from the city, containing [illegible] acres, [illegible] Apply to MERIWETHER & ISAACS, Real Estate Brokers, 103 West Jefferson st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FARM AND GARDEN LANDS—In lots to suit, from 5 acres to 2,000; will sell for cash, and time, or exchange for city property. MERIWETHER & ISAACS, Real Estate Brokers, 103 West Jefferson st.

FOR SALE—300 ACRES OF NO. 1 LAND—On Shepherdsville road, 5 miles from the city; 100 acres cleared, remainder woodland. Inquire of MERIWETHER & ISAACS, Real Estate Brokers.

FOR SALE—TOBACCO FACTORY—I wish to sell my tobacco stemmery, located in Henderson county, Ky., sufficiently large to hang at one time from four to five hundred hogsheads of tobacco; a good location; all complete. Terms reasonable. For further particulars, address the proprietor, at Henderson, Ky. J. M. TAYLOR.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—A gentleman and his wife, or two single gentlemen, can be accommodated with a fine large front room, with good board, in a private family. Apply at 199 Chestnut street, between Third and Fourth streets.

BOARDING—Two handsome rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with board, in a pleasant, central part of the city. Rooms newly painted and papered. Apply at this office.

EXCURSION TICKETS
—TO—
Crab Orchard!

On and after July 15, 1869, and until further notice, excursion tickets to Crab Orchard will be sold at the following reduced rates:

Single round trip ... [illegible]
Family tickets for 10 rides ... [illegible]
Do for 15 rides ... [illegible]
Do for 20 rides ... [illegible]
Do for 25 rides ... [illegible]

Excursion tickets will be sold only to persons frequenting the springs, and can be used by persons traveling between Louisville and the springs during the season of 1869.

Excursion tickets are not transferable.

Horses and carriages for use of persons who purchase excursion tickets will be taken to Crab Orchard at full rates, and returned free at or before the close of the season.

For excursion tickets and further information, apply at Ticket Office in depot of L. and N. Railroad, corner of Ninth and Broadway, Louisville, Ky.

ALBERT FINK, Gen'l Sup't L. and N. R. R.

German Bank
AND INSURANCE COMPANY,
Of Louisville, Ky.,
Southwest Corner Seventh and Main.
DEPOSIT—SAVINGS, EXCHANGE, BANK AND FIRE INSURANCE CO.
CAPITAL $800,000
HENRY DEPPEN, President.
F. VIGLINI, Secretary.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A new house on Chestnut street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth, all conveniences. [illegible] House on Second street. [illegible] Cottage on Twelfth street. No. [illegible]. Also several stores and business houses. Apply to MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO., Nos. 64 and 66 Jefferson st.

FOR RENT—HOUSE—The building known as the old Democrat office, on Green, between Third and Fourth. Suitable for manufacturing or retail purposes. The storeroom or second and third stories will be rented separately if desired. Apply to MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO., Real Estate Brokers, 64 and 66 Jefferson street, between Second and Third.

FOR RENT—STORE—And fixtures for sale—on Market street, south side, No. 130, bet. Third and Fourth.

FOR RENT—A FAMILY DWELLING—On the south side of [illegible] street, second door east of Sixth, containing [illegible] rooms, bath-room, &c. Can be seen at any time.

FOR RENT—HOTEL AND STORE-ROOM—The Broadway House, opposite the Nashville Railroad Depot, containing 18 rooms besides store room. Will rent or lease on [illegible], or will remodel and put in general repair. This is one of the best stands in the city for a small hotel and saloon, or the store-room, by being enlarged, would make an admirable stand for hardware or dry goods, boots, shoes, &c. Apply to W. E. CURD, at Curd & Craycroft's.

FOR RENT—A TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE—On Preston st., bet. Broadway and Jacob, containing 7 rooms. Apply to PEARSON, MEDDIS & FERGUSON, 150 Main st.

FOR RENT—STOREHOUSE—The store-house No. 115 Main st., between Third and Fourth. Apply at the Merchants' Bank of Kentucky, to J. M. LINDENBERGER.

FOR RENT—HOUSE—A large and well-lighted store-house on Bullitt street, well adapted for manufacturing or storage. Apply to D. G. PARR, 102 Fourth st.

FOR RENT—SECOND AND THIRD FLOORS—Of the centrally located building southeast corner Third and Market, containing large hall, 51x80 feet, suitable for a lodge room, one small hall, 30x44, and desirable rooms for offices, &c. Apply to HART & MAPOTHER, 118 & 120 West Main st.

FOR RENT AND FOR SALE—OFFICE-FURNITURE—The front office on second floor, northwest corner Fourth and Main, is for rent and furniture for sale. Possession given immediately. Apply on the premises to M. A. HUSTON.

STRAYED.

STRAYED—COW—On 3d of August, a light red cow with a white stripe along her back and a dark brindle, with the tips of her horns sawed off, and both having my name branded in it. A liberal reward will be paid for her return or any information leading to her recovery. ADAM SCHOEPPEL, Butchertown.

STRAYED—COW—On the 21st of July, a light red and white spotted cow, having long slim horns, tassel on tail very small, chain around neck with bell and brass plate on same, and the name of Ch. Gebhard engraved on it. A liberal reward will be paid for her delivery, or any information leading to her recovery, at F. [illegible] & CO.'s coal office, 32 West Market, below Third street, north side.

STRAYED—COW—From the undersigned, Tuesday, 10th inst., a fresh milch cow, white color, both ears black; had on an iron chain and bell. I will pay a liberal reward for her return to me on Main street, between Floyd and Preston. JAMES DOUGLAS.

LOST.

LOST—MEMORANDUM-BOOK—On Wednesday, the finder of which will be suitably rewarded on its return to the undersigned. JABEZ C. KIRKER, millwright, northeast corner Tenth and Main sts., Louisville.

TAKEN UP.

TAKEN UP—A MILCH COW—Inquire at 418 West Walnut.

PUBLIC SALES.

Assignee's Sale of Musical Stores.

AS assignee of Wm. McCarrell, bankrupt, I will sell at public auction, on MONDAY, the 23d day of August, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the storerooms formerly occupied by said bankrupt, in the Bamberger & Bloom Block, on Fourth street, between Green and Walnut streets, Louisville, Ky., a general assortment of musical instruments, consisting of cabinet organs, violins, flutes, guitars, &c.; also, a choice selection of sheet music and other musical stores; also, shelving, counters, show-cases, and other store fixtures, all in excellent order. Terms cash.

R. M. MOSBY, Assignee.

Commissioner's Sale.

IN pursuance of a decree of the Chancery Court of Columbia, I will sell on the 7th day of September next, at the court house in Columbia, to the highest bidder, the plantation and residence of Jerome B. Pillow, situated in Maury county, Tennessee. This is one of the best improved and finest plantations in Middle Tennessee. There are in the tract 580 acres, 300 of which are in cultivation.

TERMS OF SALE—One-half on the 1st day of January, 1870; the other half 1st day of January, 1871. Notes with good security, with interest from the date, and a lien retained on the land until the purchase money is paid.

GID. J. PILLOW, Commissioner.

Public Sale.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of September, 1869, about the hour of 12 o'clock M., I will sell, on the premises, at public sale, to the highest bidder, the Farm lately owned by Maj. John H. Hanly, deceased. It contains about 1,150 acres, and is situated in Jessamine county, Ky., on the Nicholasville and Danville turnpike road, six miles south of Nicholasville, bounded on the south by the Kentucky river.

Also about 100 acres in Garrard county, Ky., which is separated from the farm in Jessamine county by the Kentucky river. This is one of the most desirable farms in Kentucky—is in a high state of cultivation, abundantly supplied with water, and the best kind of timber, with every other convenience.

I will sell the farm as a whole or in four lots averaging about 300 acres as may seem to suit purchasers.

TERMS—One-third cash, and the residue in two equal annual installments, with interest secured.

STEPHEN BONNER, Trustee.

N. B.—Address me at Cincinnati, Ohio., or J. S. Bronaugh, Esq., at Nicholasville, Ky. S. B.

Sheriff's Sale.

G. F. Barth, plaintiff, vs. Fred. Sloan, defendant—Jefferson Court of Common Pleas. Execution No. 4,[illegible].

I WILL expose to public sale, at the court-house door, in the city of Louisville, Jefferson county, Ky., at the west end door,

ON MONDAY, AUG. 16, 1869,

One large wardrobe, one Brussels carpet, one center table, [illegible] chairs, 3 rockers, 2 footstools, 1 rug, 1 bedstead, 1 mattress, 1 marble-top bureau, 1 [illegible], 1 three-ply carpet, 4 cane-bottom chairs, 1 cane-bottom rocker, and 1 small stand.

Terms of sale—Three months' credit, with approved security.

Levied upon as the property of Fred. Sloan, to satisfy execution No. 4,[illegible], which issued from the office of the Clerk of the Jefferson Common Pleas Court, in the name of G. F. Barth against Fred. Sloan.

Sale to take place about 11 o'clock A. M.

THOS. SHANKS, D. S., for J. M. MARTIN, S. J. C.

Louisville, Aug. 6, 1869.

Sheriff's Sale.

Adam Pronzeller, plaintiff, vs. Geo. Schneiter, &c., defendant—Jefferson Common Pleas Court. Execution No. 4,[illegible].

I WILL expose to public sale, at the west end of Court-house, in Louisville and Jefferson county, Ky., on

SATURDAY, AUG. 21, 1869,

A lot of single bedsteads, spring mattresses and bedding, a lot of bar fixtures, consisting of counter, [illegible], decanters, tumblers, &c., 8 tables, 1 large dining table, 4 pictures, looking-glass, 17 chairs, and 1 water-cooler.

Levied upon as the property of Wilhelmina Schneider, to satisfy said execution.

Sale to take place at 11 o'clock.

[illegible], D. S. for J. M. MARTIN, S. J. C.

Chancery Sale of Valuable Cotton Mills and Land in Lawrence County, Tenn.

PURSUANT to a decree of the Chancery Court of Columbia, Tenn., at the last term thereof, 1869, in the case of J. & E. R. Carpenter and wife vs. Lenora H. Wilson et al., I am now offering for sale that valuable property known as the Laurel Hill Cotton Mills, situated in the county of Lawrence, on Little Buffalo river. Said mills are in good running condition, with 1,500 spindles, batting cards, 26 looms, and all machinery necessary for the manufacture of cotton goods. The building is brick, 85 by 60 feet, three stories, with other buildings, suitable for one hundred operatives. Also a good brick cottage with 5 rooms, a good store-house, saw-mill, and grist-mill, with three run of stones, with a good water-power. Also a tan-yard with 58 vats, all the machinery and fixtures in good condition, with water power sufficient for fully fifty per cent more machinery.

Also 1,500 acres of land, upon which said mills are situated, about 300 of which are in cultivation.

Bids will be received at the office of the Clerk and Master of said Court until the 27th day of September next for said property, subject to the approval of said Court.

TERMS—One, two, three, four, and five years' credit, with interest from date; the purchaser required to execute notes with good security, and a lien retained for the payment of the purchase money.

Parties desiring to examine the property can call upon John J. Wilson, Esq., on the premises.

J. L. WILLIAMS, Receiver.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

☞ Business Cards will be inserted in this column at the rate of $5 00 per line per month.

ARCHITECTURAL FOUNDRY & IRON WORKS, BRAD & CO., Market st., b. Eighth and Ninth sts., Louisville, Ky.

ARCHITECTURAL IRON WORK manufactured by SNEAD, SAYRE & O'BRIAN, Fourteenth, between Grayson and Walnut sts.

AINSLIE, COCHRAN & CO.—Louisville Foundry and Machine Shop, S. E. corner Main and Tenth streets.

BOONE & BOONE, Attorneys at Law, No. 10 Court Place.

COOPER, W., Portrait Painter at Hegan's, 135 Main street.

DESHLER, H. W., Manufacturer and proprietor of Hall's Copper Scroll Lightning Rod for the Southern States, 225 West Jefferson st., Louisville, Ky.

DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO.—Commission Merchants and U. S. Bonded Warehouse, 8 W. Main.

GROVE, B.—Cemetery and garden designer, Twenty-sixth street.

JONES, R. R.—Tobacco Manufacturer, No. 679 West Market street, Louisville, Ky.

JOYCE & KARINS, Marble Works, No. 109 north side Jefferson st., bet. Third & Fourth.

JAMES & CO., THOS., (successors to Fultz, James & Co.) dealers in Pittsburg and other Coal. Office, No. 66 Sixth st., bet. Market and Jefferson.

LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS—BARNUM & STANNARD, proprietors, No. 49 Fifth st.

LOUISVILLE MALT HOUSE, 41 and 43 Sixth st., bet. Main and river. STEIN & DORNS, Props.

LANEDAVID—Sheet-iron Worker, 173 and 175 Main street, north side, bet. Twelfth & Thirteenth.

LONG & BRO.—Manufacturers of Rattan and Split-bottom Chairs, 174 and 176 E. Market st.

MOUNT W. J.—Manufacturer and Dealer in Saddlery, &c., 70 Jefferson st., Louisville, Ky.

MORTON JOHN P. & CO.—Publishers, Booksellers, Stationers, Book and Job Printers, 154 West Main street.

WILSON, N. R., Commissioner of Deeds, Depositions, &c., for the various States, Examiner and Notary Public, No. 134 West Jefferson st.

Glass Fruit Jars.

KRACK, REED & CO.

PIANOS.

HINZEN & ROSEN
PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS
[illegible], north side, bet. Sixth and Seventh,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
An assortment of good second-hand Pianos for sale or rent very cheap. Will rent, and let the rent of new pianos apply to the purchase.

AUCTION SALES.

FUTURE SALES.

BY S. T. MOORE & CO.

AT A PRIVATE RESIDENCE!
Splendid Parlor, Chamber, Dining-room, and Kitchen Furniture, Brussels Carpets, &c.,
AT AUCTION.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, Aug. 18, at 10 o'clock, at No. 216 Fifth street, between Walnut and Chestnut, we will sell the above, consisting of one fine oiled walnut chamber set (cost $400), parlor furniture, marble-top center table, chamber sets, mattresses, marble-top sideboards, extension tables, ice-chests, refrigerators, fine English, Brussels, ingrain, stair and other carpets; in short, the entire household goods of an elegantly furnished residence, all good as new, having been used but about three months. All parties desiring first-class second-hand furniture should not fail to attend this sale, for the goods must and will be sold, as the parties are leaving the city.

BY C. J. MATTHEWS & CO.,
No. 226 Market st., bet. Sixth and Seventh.

Stock and Fixtures of A No. 1 Confectionery in a Good Location, and doing a Good Business,
AT AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY MORNING, Aug. 17, at 10 o'clock, at No. 213 Market street, between Sixth and Seventh, we will sell the above. Sale positive. Terms cash.

C. J. MATTHEWS & CO., Auctioneers.

BY C. C. SPENCER.

Closing Sale of Fine China, Glass, and Plated Ware,
AT AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY MORNING, Aug. 17, at 10 o'clock, a closing sale of M. & H. Nathan's stock of French china, glass, and fine plated ware will be made at their store, 71 Sixth street, between Main and Market. Extra fine dinner and tea sets will be sold. As this is the closing sale, families and dealers should attend. The store has to be given up. Terms cash.

C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO.

Regular Sale of Dry Goods and Clothing

TUESDAY MORNING, August 17, 1869, at 10 o'clock.

At 11 o'clock we will sell
[illegible] cases round Gothic Clocks;
[illegible] " Alarm "
[illegible] " 30-hour & 8-day "
All warranted Chauncy Jerome's Genuine Clocks.

S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO.

700 Cases and Cartoons Boots and Shoes
AT AUCTION

WEDNESDAY MORNING, August 18, 1869, at 10 o'clock.

Also 20 cases Men's Wax and Full Stock Brogans, all fresh and desirable goods.

S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers.

TWO DAYS' AUCTION SALES
BY THOS. ANDERSON & CO.

ON WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, August 18 and 19, at 9½ A. M. each day, we will sell a general assortment of Dry Goods, Notions, &c., consisting in part of fine cloths, cassimeres, jeans, flannels, plaids, blankets, Balmoral and hoop skirts, traveling shirts, ribbed jackets, suspenders, hosiery, thread, &c.

Also, at 11 o'clock each day, a large and desirable stock of clothing, hats, &c.

Terms cash. THOS. ANDERSON & CO., Auctioneers.

BY SHERMAN P. WHALEY,
Auction-rooms, 59 Market st., bet. Second & Third.

3 Trotting Mares, 1 Light Buggy, 1 Sulky and 1 Rockaway,
AT AUCTION
In front of the Court-house.

ON MONDAY MORNING, Aug. 16, 1869, at 11 o'clock, I will sell, by order of Mr. E. Pearson, his three trotting mares, viz: one bay mare that has trotted in 2:40, one sorrel mare that has trotted in 3 minutes, and one bay mare that has trotted in 3 minutes; also, one trotting buggy, one rockaway, and one sulky. All of the above wagons are made to order, and of the best makes. Also, three sets of harness. Terms at sale.

S. P. WHALEY, Auctioneer.

BY SHERMAN P. WHALEY,
Auction-rooms 59 East Market street, between Second and Third.

Furniture at a Private Residence,
AT AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY MORNING, Aug. 17, at 10 o'clock, will be sold at the residence of H. C. Flournoy, situated on the corner of First and St. Catherine sts., his entire household and kitchen furniture, consisting of the parlor set, oil walnut, green rep; bed-room sets of mahogany and walnut; washstands and bureaus, marble-top; carpeting, dining-room furniture, cooking stove, bed clothing, feather beds, mattresses, &c., nearly all of which is entirely new.

Sale will be positive and peremptory, as the owner is about removing to New York.

Terms cash. S. P. WHALEY, Auctioneer.

BY KUTELES & LAMPTON,
79 Jefferson st., bet. Second and Third.

Desirable Residence Sites
AT AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY AFTERNOON, Aug. 17, 1869, at 5 o'clock, we will sell, on the premises, at public auction, 300 feet front by 150 feet deep to an alley, divided in lots to suit purchasers. This is the most pleasantly located property in the southeastern part of our city, and especially adaptable for private residences, in tastefully set in choice shrubbery and fruit trees, and only one square from the terminus of the Preston-street Railway, situated on west side of Jackson street, between Kentucky and Mechanic.

Sale positive.

TERMS—One-third cash; balance in 6 and 12 months, with interest and lien.

KUTELES & LAMPTON, Real Estate Agents and Auctioneers.

BY C. C. SPENCER.

Assignee's and Constable's Sale of Fancy Goods, Notions, and Trimmings,
AT AUCTION.

ON MONDAY MORNING, Aug. 16, commencing at 10 o'clock, and continuing from day to day until the entire stock is closed out, will be sold, by order of assignees and constable, the stock in the store No. 143 Fourth street, between Green and Walnut, Bamberger & Bloom Block, embracing every variety of fancy goods, notions, trimmings, underwear, satchels, &c. Also, the counters, shelving and fixtures.

Terms at sale. C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION! AUCTION!
BY FRED. FRISCHE,
No. 130½ Preston street.

ON MONDAY, August 16, 1869, at 4 o'clock P. M., I will sell at public auction, on the east side of Seventh street, about 250 feet south of Broadway, a cottage brick house and lot; house containing 3 rooms, with shed kitchen, cistern, stable, &c.; lot 30 by 200 to an alley.

Terms—One-half cash; rest in 6 and 12 months.

FRED. FRISCHE, Auctioneer.

BANKRUPTCY.

NOTICE—In the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of J. R. ALBERTON, Bankrupt. Petition for final discharge filed August 9, 1869. By order of Court, the creditors of J. R. Alberton, a bankrupt, are hereby notified to appear before me, at my office, No. 314 fourth street, Covington, Ky., on the 4th day of September, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause, if any they have, why the bankrupt aforesaid should not be discharged from his debts. JOHN W. FINNELL, Register. JOHN T. LEVIS, Assignee.

HILL'S GOLD PEN
MANUFACTORY,
No. 85 FOURTH STREET, between Main and Market, Louisville, Ky. Pens repaired for 50 cents. Price List sent free. Address R. C. HILL & CO.
FRENCH BRANDS CUT TO ORDER

H. STRUBY,
Architect,
Office southwest corner Main and Seventh sts.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

ADVERTISERS
Should avail themselves of the opportunity of
ADVERTISING IN
MONDAY'S
DAILY EXPRESS;
The Only Paper Published in the City that Morning.
The Counting-room will be open from 7 to 10 o'clock P. M. Sunday.

H. RUSCHHAUPT,
Doctor of Medicine and Surgery, of the University of Berlin,
Oculist and Aurist.
Office, 96 Chestnut st., bet. Third and Fourth.
Office hours from 10 to 12 A. M., and 3 to 4 P. M.

834 ACRES
Choice Bluegrass Land for Sale.
IT lies in Smith county, Tenn., on the Caney Fork river, 7 miles from Carthage and 20 east of Lebanon, with turnpike roads to each. There is no better bluegrass or better land in the State, and no place better watered. It may be purchased at private sale till the 1st of September, in one or more tracts, by application to ROBT L. CARUTHERS or P. ANDERSON, at Lebanon, or WM. A. CARUTHERS, at Gallatin, Tenn. Terms easy.

DRY GOODS.
THE undersigned desire to call the attention of dealers to the largest and most complete stock of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods ever offered in this market at this or any other season of the year.
JOS. T. TOMPKINS & CO.,
70 and 72 Sixth street.

ANTHRACITE COAL.
WE are now receiving a supply of the best quality of Anthracite Coal, which we offer to the trade in quantities to suit purchasers. This coal is guaranteed to burn in ordinary grates, ranges, stoves, and furnaces. It gives a more intense heat than ordinary coal, and will last from 2½ to 3 times as long. It saves storage-room, labor, and attention. When once lighted a fire may be kept up a season without rekindling. For cooking purposes it cannot be equaled.
O'NEIL & CO.,
49 Fourth st.

U.S. HOTEL,
Louisville, Ky.;
STOCKTON, LEAHY & CO., PROPRIETORS.
$2 50 PER DAY.

Kentucky Whiskies.
600 BBLS Bourbon County from 18 months to 4 years old;
[illegible] bbls Nelson (Hardin County), 7 months old;
[illegible] bbls Nelson, Anderson, and Mercer, 2 years old;
For sale by W. H. WALKER & CO.,
25 Main st., bet. First and Second, Louisville, Ky.

KRUG & CO. CHAMPAGNE WINE.
WE are the sole agents in Kentucky for the sale of this fine Wine, and sell at importers' prices.
W. H. WALKER & CO.,
25 Main st., First and Second, Louisville, Ky.

Wines and Brandies.
5 Qr casks Port;
[illegible] casks Sherry;
[illegible] casks Cognac Brandy;
100 cases Imported Table Claret;
In store and for sale by
W. H. WALKER & CO.,
25 Main st., bet. First and Second, Louisville, Ky.

Patent Vault Cleaner
MYERS & CO.,
Office 71 Third street.
Orders solicited. LOUISVILLE KY

Courier-Journal.

SUNDAY AND MONDAY, AUGUST 15 AND 16.

ROUND-ABOUT.

I.
The Spectroscope.

The spectroscope has taught us that the sun's atmosphere is totally unlike ours, containing bodies in the state of vapor, which, on our earth are solid. Among the most prominent of these constituents are sodium vapor and iron vapor. It is obvious from this that the temperature of the sun must be very high, and the old theory of Herschel, which has unfortunately been repeated over and over again in our astronomical school books, and is to the effect that the sun is a dark, cold body, surrounded by a luminous phosphorescent atmosphere, is exploded. We now know that the sun is a hot, incandescent, molten mass, its temperature being so high that we can with difficulty form a conception of it.

II.
A Suicide with a Moral.

The Hungarian journals relate the following extraordinary case of suicide: Last week John Stebaleski, a shopkeeper in the Rue Sebastiani, at Pesth, came down from his bed-room at five o'clock in the morning, leaving his wife in bed, while a clerk was sleeping in an apartment at the back. He then shaved himself, put on his best clothes, stretched himself on the counter, and having loaded a pistol discharged the contents into his heart. Death was of course instantaneous. The horror and astonishment of his wife, the clerk and the neighbors were indescribable, and the more so that no one knew of any motive for the commission of the desperate act. While all were lost in conjectures an old friend of the deceased came rushing up, out of breath. He had just received by post a letter from Stebaleski, dated the preceding evening, and thus worded: "My dear friend—I have decided to kill myself to-morrow. Life is insupportable. I adore my wife, but she has grown so stout—she that was of so ravishing a figure when I married her. Adieu, my friend; tell my wife that I prefer to die rather than to be unfaithful to her or to separate myself from her by means of the law. Farewell, and pity me."

III.
Opera Abroad.

"La Prophete," at the Italian Opera house in London has failed. The Athenæum, in a very severe criticism, says: "Mdlle. Tietjens' ambition is insatiable. She does not hesitate to attack any character in the soprano repertoire. Medea and Marta, Fidelio and Lucia di Lammermoor have been accepted by her with equal readiness. Whether or not she was fitted by nature for a character, she has not scrupled to attempt it, if only it was sufficiently prominent. Having exhausted all the treble heroines of opera, she now seems disposed to seize the contralto characters. Fides, it is true, invades the soprano register, but the tessitura of the part is contralto—in other words it tries Mdlle. Tietjens just where her voice is weakest. This she evidently felt on Saturday last, and therefore over-exerted herself in the effort to make every note tell. We must give her full credit for her indomitable determination in wrestling with the difficulties of her task, but we are bound to say that her rendering of Meyerbeer's music was a failure. Were she often to repeat the experiment she would infallibly destroy a voice which, once magnificent, has already been irreparably injured by reckless wear and tear. Mdlle. Tietjens' acting was more earnest, more emphatic, freer from self-consciousness than in any impersonation of hers we can call to mind, and in the cathedral scene, where the 'False Demetrius' of Leyden disowns his mother, there was an approach to real tragic power. Nevertheless we have no wish to see Mdlle. Tietjens a second time in 'Le Prophete.' The band and chorus were frequently out of time, and the concerted music was throughout unsteady. Only in the *mise-en-scene* was there anything to recall the memories of Covent Garden in its brightest days.

IV.
Ramie.

This new textile material is a native of Japan, and another variety is known as Chinese grass. The first specimen was introduced into Louisiana in 1867, and since then has been successfully grown in nurseries in that State, Mississippi, Texas and Arkansas. The fibre resembles in appearance raw silk, and in length of fine division surpasses flax. It is purely white. The shirting cloth resembles fine linen, except that the threads are even. The handkerchiefs resemble fine linen cambric, except that the threads are even, and that these, as well as the shirting cloth, have a silky gloss. Specimens prepared in England bear a close resemblance to silk; that prepared in Louisiana by the Roezl machine, though long in fibre, and having the natural gloss, is not sufficiently prepared for fine articles. But in Ohio, as grown and prepared in Mexico by Mr. Roezl in 1865, it brought 65 cents a pound in London; and this year it sold in the same market at 60 cents a pound. The seed does not germinate readily, but the plant is easily propagated by root cuttings, layers, and by cuttings of the stalk at a certain stage and is very vigorous in growth; and in latitudes where the ground does not freeze to a greater depth than a foot, is perennial. The fibre is like that of hemp, in the inner bark of the stalk, and less liable to be destroyed by worms than cotton, and besides is as hardy as the cotton plant is delicate. The fibre can be prepared for market within twenty-four hours after the stalks are cut. It is believed that it will produce regularly as much as cotton does in the most favorable seasons. The Roezl machine will clean 100 pounds a day. These representations show that Ramie will be a formidable rival for the kingdom hitherto held by cotton.

V.
Young England.

An Oxford tutor, lamenting the demoralizing tendencies of the betting mania of the present day, writes to the London Press as follows: Twenty years ago we had our fast men, who took, some of them to hunting, some to dancing at every ball within reach, some to extravagant dress, and some to unlimited boating. But by far the larger proportion of our young men supplemented their reading either for a "pass" or for the honors by constitutional rides or walks. What is the case now? Instead of merely taking such exercise as health requires, our young men now-a-days indulge in athletic sports to such excess that all the steel is taken out of them. Instead of "sporting their oaks" and reading for three or four hours after dinner, they languish upon a sofa, "betwixt asleep and awake," until the welcome hour comes when they can transfer their exhausted bodies to bed. These athletic sports are powerfully stimulated by the rivalry natural to young men, but still more so by betting. It is not, however, to these athletic exercises alone that betting is confined. They bet enormously, considering their resources, upon the Derby and all other public races. They bet upon their own races, either upon horseback or on foot, which Bullingdon and other convenient spots are continually witnessing. They bet upon pigeon and billiard matches—they bet upon everything. How fatally this is telling upon the University may be seen in the fact that, whereas twenty years ago our class lists usually boasted some sixty names or more, they have now shrunk to no more than thirty or forty names. The unhappy Marquis of Hastings was an owner of race horses before he ceased to be an undergraduate. The present Duke of Newcastle fell, when at Oxford, into the hands of one of the professional racing men whose stables are easily reached from the neighboring station at Didcot. Within the last few weeks another of our young noblemen has been the owner of a Derby favorite, has been publicly named in the press as having given large sums for this or that horse, and has been the star of his set because he could invite his friends to accompany him to Italy, and to see "his stud."

VI.
The British Traveler.

He acts, says the Pall Mall Gazette, as if England was the only manufacturing country in the world, and never reflects that it might be better to risk paying a little more for an inferior article abroad, if you found you ought to have it, than to drag it about with you on the chance of using it. He swelters with his bundle of railway rugs through the glowing plains of Central Europe, on the possibility of his making a descent on Lombardy and feeling chilly for half an hour or so in a nocturnal transit of the Alps. Not having a single acquaintance in any foreign country, he carefully packs up an evening suit in the view of invitations. Waterproofs against rain and overcoats against dust are as much essentials as his museum of umbrellas, sticks, and canes for various eventualities. He hears there is excellent fishing in the Tyrol, so, although no fisherman himself, he thinks he may find occasion to become one, and takes a rod accordingly. He may, perchance, turn up in Switzerland during the Tir National, so he carries a rifle, and there is nothing, as every one knows, like English ammunition. Telescopes and binocular glasses are things of course. Health is at the bottom of all pleasure, and that necessitates a medicine chest. He feels he ought not altogether neglect the mind while invigorating the body, so he carries a few well-chosen volumes to suit his route. As it would be physically impossible to get through one-half his library during his tour, it is clear minutes may be precious, so on the chance of late traveling he takes a reading lamp and candles. There is a handsome volume for the diary he never keeps, a variety of stationery for the letters he seldom writes, and a patent ink-bottle that is always flying open in transit, which signifies the less that he has laid in a large stock of benzine colles for taking stains out of his clothes. He has an infinity of block drawing books, colors, pencils, &c.; and, if he is an artist, these are among the few things he is wise in buying at home, unless his route lie through Paris.

BARREN COUNTY.

The Proposition to Subscribe $400,000 to the Cumberland and Ohio Railroad.

[Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

GREENSBURG, KY., Aug. 14, 1869.

We ask for a little space in your valuable paper to make a few suggestions to the people of Barren county as to the importance of voting in favor of the proposition to subscribe $400,000 to the Cumberland and Ohio Railroad Company. A great deal depends upon the vote of Barren upon this question, and it is confidently believed that if Barren votes in favor of the proposition, the construction of the road will be regarded as a fixed fact. The friends along the whole line are watching the coming election with anxious solicitude, and the hope of every one is that the people of this large, wealthy, and populous county will avail themselves of the golden moment, and thus secure to themselves and the people of Kentucky one of the best roads in the State, if not in the United States. If this question had been submitted two months ago, and before the city of Louisville had furnished assistance to aid in the completion of the Glasgow branch, no one doubts that the proposition would have carried by a large majority.

We have not a word to say against this Glasgow branch, and do not blame the citizens of that intelligent little town for doing all they can to secure the completion of their road, and had we been living in Glasgow would have advocated its construction, even if satisfied that the stock would never pay a dividend, and we congratulate our friends in Glasgow that the auspicious moment presented itself which alone could have induced Louisville to aid in the completion of their road. But the building of this nine miles is no reason why the people of Barren county should vote against the Cumberland and Ohio road, and we hope that Glasgow and its immediate vicinity, because they are now secure and destined to flourish, will throw no impediments in the way of other sections of the county. That the Cumberland and Ohio road will be a paying road no one will dispute. This is the only important inquiry to be made in subscribing for stock in any road. It is insisted by the friends of the Glasgow branch, that their nine miles will yield a good dividend, and we hope it may, and if it does then the people who voted the $125,000 need have no fears from taxation, and if this little branch road will yield a paying dividend, then surely a road from Cincinnati to Nashville, passing through the heart of Kentucky and connecting the North and South, will yield a large and profitable dividend. No one who argued that the Glasgow branch would pay will pretend for a moment that the Cumberland and Ohio road will not pay. If the county, then, in making the subscription, is making simply a good investment in railroad stock, and if the Cumberland and Ohio road is certain to yield a paying dividend, then what objection can be urged against the road? It will not do to talk about burdens and taxes if the question is settled that the road will be remunerative. If it yields no dividend, then it is a tax and a heavy one; and this will hold good in reference to any road; but, if it can be shown that the road will pay a handsome dividend, then all difficulties are at once removed, and that the Cumberland and Ohio road will be a good paying road—perhaps as good as any in the United States—is hardly a debatable question. And every man who opposes the Cumberland and Ohio road will do so, not that he fears that the stock of this road will not pay, or that he fears hardships from taxation, but because he is prompted by selfish considerations and because he is simply satisfied with the Glasgow branch. Now the question arises, is it fair to sacrifice the interest of a whole county because one small section of the county has been so fortunate as to secure a small branch road? Let every man remember, and especially the farming portion of the county, that those who favored the Glasgow road did it upon the idea that the stock would pay, and that from this fact there would be no hardships in the way of taxation, and then remember that this same argument will sustain the Cumberland and Ohio road a hundred fold and settles the fact beyond all doubt that the county will run no risk in voting the proposed subscription. But, if it is conceded that the stock of our proposed road will pay a good dividend, then the county runs not the slightest risk of being burdened or injured with long taxation. From another consideration, to-wit: The county, if she is not willing to let the debt hang over her, may, as soon as the stock commences paying a dividend, sell her stock and pay off her bonds, and thus extinguish both principal and interest, and yet reap the full benefits of the road. Marion county pursued this course, and, having tested the matter by experience, readily and without hesitation subscribed for four hundred thousand dollars' stock in the Cumberland and Ohio road. The county of Hardin subscribed for stock to the amount of three hundred thousand dollars in the Louisville and Nashville railroad, and, after paying the interest on her bonds for a few years, her stock finally yielded a large dividend, which relieved her from any further taxation, and she has had various opportunities to sell her stock, and thus be relieved from the whole of her bonded debt, but, knowing that the stock will continue to yield a dividend that will finally extinguish both principal and interest of her debt, she declined to sell at all, knowing that after her bonded debt is all paid she will have an annual revenue flowing from her stock to the amount of from $25,000 to $30,000, so that in voting for or against the Cumberland and Ohio road there can be but one inquiry, and this is—will it be a paying road? And if the county in her corporate capacity runs no risk, then the individual tax-payer runs no risk, and can't possibly lose anything, for he is also a stockholder to the extent of every dollar he pays in the way of taxes. It should be remembered that those who subscribe for stock and those who pay taxes each occupy the same position exactly, each being stockholders, and each entitled to the same dividend to the extent of the amount paid, and that the only difference between the individual subscription and the tax-payer is that the former takes stock willingly, while the latter is forced to subscribe.

There is every reason why the people of Barren should vote in favor of this road, while no good reason can be assigned for voting against it. The amount proposed is not so much. Marion county has taken the same amount, and Barren is better able to take $500,000 than for Green to take $250,000. We do hope that the people of Barren will seize upon this favorable moment and not let the golden opportunity pass, for if they miss this opportunity they may never have another. It may be said that the road will never be built, even if Barren votes in favor of the proposition, and in answer to this we will simply say, that if the road is never built Barren will never have anything to pay, and consequently can't be hurt in making an effort to secure the road. But we have learned in the last few days that Cincinnati has abandoned Chattanooga as the terminus of her grand trunk road, and that her eye is now directed to the Cumberland & Ohio road. We must remember that there have been two parties in Cincinnati, equally divided, one contending for Chattanooga as the terminus, and the other contending for Nashville, and upon this point the City Council was equally divided; but the Nashville party, with the Commercial in the lead, is now in the ascendancy, and if the counties along the line of the Cumberland and Ohio will do their duty, there is no doubt but that this great and important road will be built. And we would say to the people of Barren, if you wish to promote the interest, wealth and prosperity of your county, go to the polls on the 21st inst., and vote for the Cumberland and Ohio road. If you want your lands doubled in value, and the wealth and population of your county doubled; if you wish to be relieved from the expense and inconveniences of dirt transportation; if you want a market for every product your farm will produce; if you wish to sell high and buy low, and build up permanently the agricultural interest; if you wish to bring about competition between two rival roads, and, besides, give the farmer a choice of two markets instead of one; if you wish to be in the end relieved from county taxes; if you wish to keep pace with other sections of the country, and secure to yourselves permanent blessings, then be sure to vote for the Cumberland and Ohio road. "Now is the accepted time, and now is the day of salvation."

GREEN COUNTY.

DULCE'S DELIGHT.

Confiscating the Madan Estates in Cuba.

[From the N. Y. Times, 12.]

We regret to learn that the Cuban estates of Senor Christobal Madan have been placed under what is termed in Spanish law an "embargo," by a recent decree of Governor-General Dulce. Mr. Madan is supposed to have rendered himself amenable to the first article of a circular issued by the Governor-General on the 20th of April last, which reads as follows: "All persons who may be proved to have taken part in the insurrection in or out of the island, either by bearing arms or aiding the cause with arms, munitions, money or provision, I hereby declare included in Article 1 of the circular of the 15th April."

The circular of the 15th April proclaims that "through the severity of certain laws just in force, designed for the suppression of armed insurrection, the fountain should be drained whence the hidden instigators of the fratricidal strife draw their resources."

We understand that Mr. Madan has protested against this proceeding on the part of the Governor-General, and submitted his case to our government at Washington. He invokes their interference on the ground that he is a citizen of the United States, that he has not rendered himself amenable to the penalty of the embargo, and that the Cuban Government, not limiting itself strictly to its powers of imposing an embargo, has gone further and practically confiscated his property.

This distinction between an embargo and confiscation is a feature of the Spanish law not generally known to our readers. In Spain confiscation is the act by which the property of a criminal who has committed a public offence is adjudicated to the public treasury, while sequestration or embargo is simply a taking possession of the property and holding it, pending an inquiry or trial, as a simple depository. In the first case the Government appropriates the property; in the second case it sets it apart in safety to await the decision of a competent tribunal, and without prejudice to the power of its owner to administer and manage it. Mr. Madan complains that while his property has been nominally placed in embargo, in violation of the Spanish law and under the pressure of financial needs of the Government, it has been practically confiscated. His case has been submitted to the Government at Washington, where it will undoubtedly receive the attention which it deserves. Mr. Madan is well known in this country, of which he became a citizen, some twenty years since; where he married his wife, well known and universally beloved in this city, and where he and his family have since been in the habit of spending portions of almost every year.

☞ The New Orleans Picayune says that General and Mrs. Bragg have left for Canada. The General seeks this change that he may restore his impaired health. Mrs. Ellis, the mother of Mrs. Bragg, with her daughter, Miss Nannie Ellis, accompany the General's family, and will pass the summer traveling through Canada and some of the Northern States.

SKETCHES IN CHINA.

Social Habits and Customs—Books and Their Printing—Dress and Manners—Occupations of Men and Women—Scenes in the Streets—Dinners and Drinks—Schools and Those Who Rise From Them—Who are Honored.

[Correspondence N. Y. Herald.]

FOOCHOW, May 25, 1869.

During our stay at Foochow I visited, accompanied by some of the missionaries long resident there, a number of the Chinese, and had an opportunity of observing their social habits and customs. How totally different they are from us in their habits, ways, mode of education, morals, everything! No wonder that we are "outside barbarians" to them and they "knights of the umbrella, fan, petticoats and pig-tail" to us. To show you how strangely the way they "live, move and have their being" appears to foreigners I shall quote from a recent traveller: On inquiring from the boatman in which direction Macao lay, I was answered west-north, and the wind, he said, was east-south. "You do not say so in Europe," thought I. But imagine my surprise when, in explaining the utility of the compass, he added that the needle pointed south!

On landing, the first object that attracted my attention was a military officer, who wore an embroidered petticoat with a string of beads around his neck and a fan in his hand. His insignia of rank was a peacock feather pointing downwards, instead of a plume turning upward, and a button on the apex of his sugar loaf cap, instead of a star on his breast or epaulettes on his shoulders, and it was with some dismay I observed him mount on the right side of his horse. Several scabbards hung from his belt, which, of course, I thought must contain dress-swords or dirks, but on venturing near, through the crowd, I was surprised to see a pair of chopsticks and a knife handle sticking out of one, and soon his fan was folded up and put in the other, whereupon I concluded he was going to a dinner instead of a review. The natives around me had all shaved their hair on the front of their heads and let it grow long behind. Many of them did not shave their faces, but their mustaches grew over their mouths, and, lest some straggling hairs should diverge cheekwise, the owners were busily employed pulling them down. We arrange our toilets differently, thought I, but I acknowledged the happy device of chopsticks, which enabled these gentlemen to put their food into their mouth endwise underneath the natural fringe.

On my way back to the hotel I saw a group of old people, some of whom wore gray beards; a few were chirruping and chuckling to singing birds, which they carried perched on a stick or in cages, others were catching flies to feed them, and the remainder of the party seemed to be delightfully employed in flying paper kites, while a group of boys were looking gravely on and regarding these innocent occupations of their seniors with the most serious and gratified attention.

As I had come to the country to reside for some time I made inquiries respecting a teacher, and happily found one who understood English. On entering, he stood at the door, and instead of coming forward and shaking my hands he politely bowed and shook his own, clasping them before him. I looked upon this mode as a decided improvement, especially in doubtful cases, and requested him to be seated. I knew I was to study a language without an alphabet, but was somewhat astonished to see him begin at what I considered the end of the work. He read the date of publication "the fifth year, tenth month and first day." "We arrange our dates differently," I observed, and begged him to read, which he did from top to bottom and from right to left. "You have an old book here," I remarked, taking it up; "what is the price?" "A dollar and eight-thirds," said he, upon which I counted out three dollars and two-thirds and went on looking at it. The paper was printed only on one side, the running title was on the edge of the leaves instead of the top of the page, the paging was near the bottom, the number and contents of chapters at their ends, the marginal notes on the top, where the blank was double the size at the foot, and a broad black line across the middle of each page separated the two works composing the volume, instead of one being printed after the other. The back was open and sewed outside, and the name of the work written on the bottom edge. "You have given me too much," said he, handing me two dollars and one-third, and then explained that eight-thirds was eight divided by three, or only three-eighths. A small vocabulary he carried with him had the sounds arranged according to the termination—*sing, sing, king* being all in a row, and the first word in it was *lam*. "Ah, my friend," said I, "English won't help you to find a word in that book. Please give me your address!" He accordingly took out a red card as big as a sheet of paper, instead of a neat white strip, and wrote "Wer Lanyaen." "I thought your name was Mr. Wer. Why do you write your name wrong end first?" I inquired. "It is you who are wrong," replied he. "Look in your own directory. When alone you write names as they should be, placing the honored family name first."

I could only say "customs differ," and giving back the book begged him to speak of ceremony. He commenced: "When you receive a distinguished guest do not fail to give him a place on your left, for that is the seat of honor; and be cautious not to uncover the head, as that would be an unbecoming act of familiarity." This was a severe blow to my established notions; but when he reopened the volume and read, "The most learned men are decidedly of opinion that the seat of the human understanding is in the belly," I exclaimed "Better say in the feet," and immediately shut up the book, dismissing him until another day, for this shocked all my principles of correct philosophy, even if Solomon was against me.

On going abroad I met so many things contrary to all my preconceived ideas of propriety that I readily assented to a friend's observation "that the Chinese were our antipodes in many things besides location." "Indeed," said I, "they are so; I shall expect shortly to see a man walking on his head." "Look! there's a woman in trousers and a party of gentlemen in petticoats; she is smoking a cigar and they are fanning themselves." But I was taught not to trust to appearances too much, as on passing I saw the latter wore light under garments. We soon after met the steward of the house dressed in white, and I stopped to ask him what merry-making he was invited to; with a look of the deepest concern he told me he was returning from his father's funeral. Soon after we passed where we heard sobbing and crying and I inquired who was ill; the man, suppressing a smile, said, "It is a girl about leaving home to be married, who is lamenting with her fellows."

I thought after these unlucky essays I would ask no more questions, but use my eyes instead. Looking into a shop I saw a stout fellow sewing lace on a bonnet for a Portuguese lady, and going on to the landing place, behold all the ferryboats were rowed by women, and from a passage boat just arrived I saw the females get out of the cabin at the bow. "What are we coming to next," said I; and just then I saw a carpenter take his foot rule out of his stocking to measure something, which his apprentice was cutting with a saw whose blade was set nearly at a right angle with the frame. Before the door sat a man busily engaged in whitening the thick soles of a pair of shoes. "That's a shoe white, I suppose," said I, "and he answers to the shoe black of other lands." "Just so," said my friend, "and beyond him is a poor wretch with a board round his neck for a shirt collar, for he has got into *chokey*, an article of his toilet which answers to the gyves with which those lads in the Tombs are garnished instead of bangles."

In the alleys called streets the signs stood on their ends, and the pigs were packed in baskets, which coolies were carrying, to the infinite satisfaction of the inmates; and the shops seemed to have lost their fronts and ejected their inmates into the streets, where they were eating, cooking, working, selling and sleeping in every imaginable way. A loud voice led us to look in at an open door to see what was going on when we saw it was a school and the boys were learning their lessons, all crying like auctioneers. We next passed a fashionable lady stepping out of her chair, her feet only three inches long, her plaited and embroidered petticoat a foot longer than her gown, and smallest at the bottom, and her waist quite concealed. Then came an acquaintance of my friend's, accompanying a splendid carved coffin. "Who's dead?" asked he. "No man hab die," replied the Celestial, "this one piece coffin I present to my old fader; he likee too much, count a my number one proper; 'spose he die, he can usee he!" "So, eh?" rejoined my friend, "how muchy price can catchee one all same for that?" "I think can catchee one all same so fashioned one tousand dollar, so; this hab first chop handsome, lo."

"So you call gibberish English or Chinese?" said I, for the language sounded no less strange than the custom of presenting a coffin to a live father differed from my preconceived notions of filial affection. "That's the pure Canton English," said he; "you must be the Jack Downing of Canton to immortalize it." "Come, rather let us go home," said I, "for I am getting dizzy and shall soon be upside down in this strange country."

The foregoing is a somewhat ludicrous but a graphic and truthful description of the strangeness of China to a foreigner, and this oppositeness extends to everything. Their common drink is warm, ours is cold; their dinner commences with confectionaries and fruits and ends with soup; they remove the shoes as a token of respect (Moses did the same), we the hat. In fact, in almost every popular manner are they our opposites. And yet they have a civilization all their own, and which, though derived from the most remote antiquity, in many respects equals, in some excels, ours.

Learning is open to all and is the only avenue to preferment; there is no hereditary—the throne alone is hereditary—aristocracy. The common schools of China are the cradles of the nobles of each generation. Their reverence for parents, alive or dead, and for their ancestors, amounts to a most pardonable idolatry. Their respect for elderly persons is universal and profound. They regard the callings which produce and preserve as being of more honor than the non-productive and destroying. The husbandman and farmer is regarded as being of a much higher grade and more honorable calling than the merchant, no matter how their wealth may differ relatively; the doctor is more honorable than the warrior, the skillful couch that rolls back the stone from the darkened eye and gives renovation to the sight, or the judicious treatment which sends the life blood again dancing buoyantly through the invigorated frame, is higher, greater, better than the whitened sepulchre of military glory. A Mott would be a Grant with them, a Grant perhaps a Mott.

The Chinese were a cultivated and enlightened people ages before our European forefathers ceased to be nomadic savages, and twenty-five centuries before America ceased to be a blank China was the companion of Egypt, of Assyria, of Babylon, of the Medes and Persians. She was then in the heyday of her youth, and though she has seen them die and in her long life many others spring up, flourish and decay, and that the lines—

The mossy marbles rest on the lips that he has pressed
In their bloom;
And the names he loved to hear have been carved for many a year
On a tomb—

are peculiarly applicable to her, yet she lives, lives to be regenerated, have new, young blood infused into her veins, and by us.

Blackberries are three cents a quart in Booneville, and most of the crop is going to waste for want of hands to gather it.

IRELAND.

Across the Atlantic—How to Do Ireland—Queenstown—The Lee, Etc.

IMPERIAL HOTEL, CITY OF CORK, IRELAND, July 24, 1869.

[Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

EIGHT DAYS ON THE OCEAN.

Embarking from New York on the good ship Java, of the Cunard line of royal mail steamers, on the 14th inst., we arrived at Queenstown on the 23d, being only four days and some hours from the Banks of Newfoundland to Cape Clear, the most westerly point of Southern Ireland, and making the entire passage in eight days and a half. Those who may not have crossed the Atlantic need not wonder at this seemingly vast journey. It is now regarded by tourists as a pleasant summer excursion. If the past be a guaranty, the safety by the Cunard line may be judged from the fact that during a business of thirty years or more it has yet to chronicle the loss of a single life or mail.

A small tug met us for the purpose of landing the mail and passengers for Ireland. We left the Java with three rousing cheers from our friends on board, which we returned with interest.

HOW TO SEE IRELAND.

Tourists should always land at Queenstown, and, to use the common expression, *do* Ireland before proceeding to England or the Continent. (Parties generally proceed to these latter places first, with the expectation of taking Ireland *en route* house, but rarely have the time, and so miss it entirely.) By making short stays at the different points of interest, the whole of Ireland can be *done* in a week, thereby enabling the traveler to catch a glimpse of some of the most lovely and picturesque scenery in the world, and at the same time get an idea of Irish life at home in the Emerald Isle.

QUEENSTOWN HARBOR.

It was midnight when we steamed into Queenstown harbor, and I cannot begin to describe the grand effect the full moon's glittering on the surrounding battlements, which constitute the defenses of the port, had on my mind—to say nothing of the many ships-of-war, striking their bells as we passed, showing that, though apparently lifeless, the war dogs were sleeping with one eye open. It is said this harbor will float all the navies of the world with perfect protection from the storm.

Queenstown is of no importance except for its fine harbor and being the depository for immense naval ordnance stores. It has 5,000 inhabitants.

DONKEYS AND THE LEE.

Donkeys seem to be a specialty of Ireland. The very large loads which they draw attracts the stranger's notice as rather ludicrous. There are two routes from Queenstown to Cork, by rail or boat, the latter being far preferable. We took passage on a small steamer, and were soon wending our way on one of the loveliest streams—the river Lee—it has ever been my province to travel. The country on either side is under the most perfect cultivation, and the farm-houses along the route are of the most durable and lasting character, built of gray stone. The fields are divided by hedges of various kinds, there being no fences.

Nothing has so much impressed itself on my mind as the substantial character of all buildings, roads and docks, as if they had been built to stand for ages. This is the greatest contrast to the rapidly-put-up and temporary structures of our own country.

The Lee is only navigable to Cork, a distance of thirteen miles, and abounds in fine salmon. VEL.

MOBILE.

The Business Out-look of a Live Southern City.

[From the Mobile Register.]

In the the very climax of our season of stagnation it is peculiarly encouraging to hear the views of our most practical business men upon the prospects of Mobile trade next fall and winter. It would be reasonable to expect that the universal dullness in all lines invariable at midsummer should react on all but the thinking men of the community. But such is not the case, and we can recall no period since the war when there was more of "an upward tendency" in the hope and belief of all classes that the coming season would be a peculiarly brisk one. And there is good reason for this hopefulness, which it may be well to examine for a moment.

Beyond the fact that Mobile has waked up to her interest in the matter of railroads, of harbor improvement, and of direct connection with her Western sisters, there has been a decided tendency of late to encourage and build up manufactures in our midst. The steps already taken in this direction—and the practical result of some of them—may be only regarded as the beginning; but in such matters the first step is the one that counts, and it has been surely taken. We have, heretofore, from time to time, noted the solid increase in the wholesale grocery, hardware, and dry goods business; and have more than once, last spring, announced sales exceeding any made before in our city. These facts, as then stated, were due to the increased amount of money coming into Mobile in comparison with the loose style of the ante-bellum investment. It is useless here to go into details we have so often pointed out, but the fact remains more patent to-day than when we first called attention to it—that the planter is now better paid for his crops and is more independent of his factor than ever before. The old system of advances—leaving in many cases the crop in debt to the factor, not the factor to the crop—is a thing of the past. The planter now not only feels, but uses, his independence; and the money received comes into his own hands for his own disposition. Moreover, the great expenditure, against his running account, is no longer made for lengthened trips to Northern watering places and for acquisition of numberless articles of luxury. The money received for the cotton crop to-day, stays at home; and the planter, taught wisdom by the bitter lessons of the last four years, can subsist himself and family on necessaries only. In most cases, too, these actual wants are supplied at home, and the vast plantation system that called for importation of every pound of bacon and every bushel of grain, has been superseded by a universal farm-thrift that has made the man of few acres not only self-supporting and independent, but practically richer than he of many used to be. For these reasons the cotton crop alone—leaving out all other branches of trade and of manufactures—can be relied upon to produce a brisk and highly remunerative season in Mobile next fall and winter.

A single glance at the figures will prove this. Last spring we roughly calculated that our shipments of cotton, allowing for all overland drains to Eastern ports and for all other drawbacks, would net the planter $35,000,000. There was some incredulity of this estimate at the North and West. What are the real figures? To last Friday the average receipts at Mobile may be set down at 237,000 bales at an inside estimate. The price has averaged a fraction over twenty-three cents, giving a gross return of about $27,000,000! Thus the unfinished season has largely exceeded our estimate of the whole.

Another point we were soundly berated for by some of our Northern cotemporaries was this: We declared that the whole outside debt of Mobile was not $4,000,000. That such being the case, at least $30,000,000 would remain in the hands of the planters, to purchase what they needed at home, and to invest or hoard, as their confidence in the Government should indicate. That this prediction, too, has been borne out, we need only refer to the steady drain of gold southward to prove. There has been a constant wail in Wall street against this abnormal change of the current of specie, and a constant inquiry as to its cause. That inquiry the Register answered in advance many times last spring.

Last season prices in Mobile averaged, say 19c, or some $84 per bale. This season the average has been say 23c, or about $115. Last season the outside debt of Mobile was greater than this; and this season it exceeds what it will next. And this too, is in view of the fact that the crop will probably run equal to that of last year, and that the prices of the coming season will at least equal those of the present.

Hence we see a sound foundation for hopefulness among the merchants of Mobile, even did they rely upon cotton alone to brisk up her fall trade. That they do not thus rely, however, is proven by facts we have repeatedly noted. Feeling the necessity for closer connection with our Western neighbors, and realizing the ease with which it could be accomplished, our most enterprising houses last spring experimented largely in direct importations of coffee, sugar and other produce in daily demand by the heaviest Western markets. The result has conclusively proven that we can set these articles down in almost any Western city in less time, and for less money than any Eastern port. The bare fact that numerous cargoes were sold to arrive to St. Louis merchants, and that more than one importation went direct to New Orleans, herself, is proof enough of this assertion. Here, then, is another source of life to trade we have left entirely out of our count above; and it only needs that the railroads shall see the matter in its full importance for them to prorate and reduce their freights to far below Eastern competition.

Mobile's future trade with the West is a matter of certainty, and its progress only depends upon how soon the West becomes satisfied that her true interest lies through such a channel. The day she finds that she can exchange her meat and grain for coffee, sugar, and West India produce in the port of Mobile at less rates than she can get them from the East, cannot be far distant.

Again, the local country trade, both by rail and river, promises better this year than since the war. The excitement of two trying elections has been passed through; the farmers have become settled, and the freedmen are, as a very general thing, working pretty steadily. The promises of good crops are bountiful, and, even with all probable backsets, the small planters and their negro hands will have more money to dispose of than heretofore. Hence, we repeat, we see good ground for the hopefulness that pervades our business circles as to the coming season. We have been pulling through a very heavy road for some time, but it now looks as if we were indeed upon smooth-going once more.

New Disease Killing Hogs in Lyon County.

[Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

LYON COUNTY, KY., Aug. 10, 1869.

The hogs are dying at a fearful rate in this and adjoining counties with a disease that baffles the skill of our oldest and most experienced farmers, known here as the "thumps." A great many remedies have been tried, but so far all attempts to check the disease have proved unsuccessful. The hog is attacked with severe trembling and thumping in the sides, commences turning around in a small space, and in a few minutes drops dead. A great many of the finest hogs in this county have died, and, should the disease continue, by fall there will be but very few left.

Knowing your paper to be devoted to the interest of the farmer, and read by them throughout the State, you will confer a favor by inserting this in your columns. Should any of the readers of your valuable paper know a remedy that will check the fearful disease now raging among the hogs, the information will be most thankfully received.

R. A. DICKSON.

The wheat crop in Vigo will average eighteen bushels to the acre.

SHODDY "SOCIETY."

A Lot of Beastly Upstarts Gorged with Greenbacks and Reeking with Vulgarity.

[From the N. Y. Telegram.]

What a pity it is that people elevated by sudden good fortune to the possession of wealth cannot manifest a mental and moral elevation proportionate with the amount of their bank accounts! What a pity that the poor wretch born and bred among the odors of Baxter street, with all of his or her aspirations "cabined, cribbed and confined" in the narrow limits of a tenement house dormitory, once the possessor of a couple of bushels of greenbacks must, in his or her vulgar way, imitate the regal state of the nobility of Europe. What a pity these follies are involuntary, we say; for these people, whom we distinguish from the respectable world by the appellation "shoddy," are no more responsible for their absurdities of conduct, their poverty of mind or their utter misappreciation of the true proprieties of life than is the born idiot. Fools cannot help being fools; our *nouveaux riches* cannot shake off the pungency of Baxter street, though they bathe thrice daily in an atmosphere of "odors from Araby the blest."

We have been led into reflections by a certain state of society at our watering places. Alas! the old stock, the Knickerbocker blood, the sturdy old Quaker descendants, the Huguenot graftings, the representative rich men—rich men with brains to hold them the precedence which their money had gained them in only a slight degree—these have disappeared from the summer resorts, or are thrown in the background and concealed from view by the more demonstrative, flashy and wealthy upstarts. The change is sadly apparent to the thinking man. It is plain to the most casual observer even, who may sojourn for a day at the Branch or at Saratoga, that brains, common sense—mind in any shape—do not prevail; that dress, pretence, affectation, folly, enamelled coarseness—all the exaggerated or galvanized characteristics of ignorance—rule imperious. Money is fashion, fashion money. To be cultured in mind, learned, pure in character, amounts to nothing. To have money is everything—the be all and the end all. It covers all sins and attones for all viciousness. This may be awkward, very shocking, very hard to acknowledge, but it is true. Go to the watering places and note the leaders—those who assume to set the fashion and lead in everything that makes the law of precedent. Who are they? Very gorgeously dressed people, gotten up in "killing" raiment, which represents the maximum in dollars and the minimum of taste. The people who have a half dozen new dresses for each day of their stay, we mean—that vulgar majority that claims the lead over the rest of the world by its simple display of dry goods and diamonds. These classes, with their vulgar assumptions of airs and graces, their empirical rules of what they suppose in their poverty of sense to be good breeding, their suspicious manners, their constant thrusting forward of their bank accounts as justification of all manner of outrages on Lindley Murray and good old republican simplicity, are all and everything at the watering places. Whatever of morality and mentality is there, is utterly swamped by this vulgar overflow. Hence we argue that the late show of flunkeyism to Grant, the unprecedented vulgarity of display and the general upstart coarseness which have been the characteristics of watering place society this season, do not disgrace our best society, meaning thereby our best classes by mental orders of nobility, whether possessed of wealth or not. We do not argue, understand, that brains and culture are incompatible with jingling dollars and fine raiment, but that they may exist without it, and that the display of money does not prove that its possessor is inevitably of the true first class. The disgrace that has come upon the American name in consequence of society affairs does not cover us with shame, since it is only the result of letting the ignorant rabble loose for the first time after they have raided on the national treasury. As well might good society feel disgraced by the future conduct of the Ocean Bank robbers, who have suddenly become rich by a lucky speculation. They, too, will probably cut a fine figure at the watering places, carving their way through all opposition to a leading place by virtue of the dollars they can afford to fling away—their daughters may have no limit set to the number or costliness of their dresses—but they cannot purchase brain culture as readily, nor attain the point of mental aristocracy with such ease. They may throw themselves into prominence as toadies to Grant or any other lion that may stray by, and may sail smoothly enough on their bales of silks and greenbacks—but they have a level and must find it—like water their pretensions are very thin, and may be seen through, except to places where their reputations are black and muddy. Mentally they must run down hill—they cannot run up, for there is a law of nature against it. Thus much for our watering places and the gorgeously demonstrative portion of society there.

OCCURRENCES.

The Chinese Immigrant Agency in Savannah, Ga., has already received orders for three or four hundred coolies.

Gov. Senter, after a brief visit to his family in East Tennessee, will visit Washington and the principal Northern cities.

Bear are reported as very numerous in the Tallahatchie bottom this season, and the freedmen are living high on fresh meat.

The well-known brands of Richland sheetings, manufactured at Pulaski, Tenn., took two premiums at the Cincinnati Exposition.

In a recent storm the lightning struck and killed thirteen sheep and one steer belonging to Mr. Russell McCormick, of Hazlewood, Webster county, Mo. There were but three in the flock that escaped unharmed.

Rev. Joseph Taylor, the ablest colored divine in Lafayette county, Mississippi, will speak, work and vote for the liberal party. The intelligence and brains of the negro race will be found arrayed against the proscriptionists.

At Wilmington, Delaware, on Thursday last, there was launched an iron bark of 700 tons burden, the first iron vessel of her class ever launched in America, and the third iron sailing vessel of any size ever built in this country.

Swazey, who murdered an old man at Bloomfield, Stoddard county, Mo., some months since, and is now a fugitive from justice, with a reward of $350 offered by the Governor for his capture, is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic.

The county court of Mercer county, Mo., has contracted with C. W. Wheeler, of Brownville, Nebraska, to construct a bridge over Grand river, at Princeton, the county seat. The contract price is $4,160. The bridge is to be a Smith's patent truss.

Ephraim Davault, of Grayson county, Texas, a few days ago, was bitten on the shin by a large rattlesnake, from the effect of which he died within five hours. The snake was killed by Mr. Gibson, and was as large as a man's arm and four feet long.

Judge Schley, of the Eastern Circuit of Georgia, has decided, in the case of Mellen vs. Dillon, that, though a partner in a copartnership may bind the other by borrowing money for the firm and signing the firm name to the note given to secure it, he cannot without the consent of his partner bind him to pay the usurious interest included in the note, or a note thus tainted with usury.

Not a day passes on the frontier of Texas without some trouble with the savages. So common are these occurrences that even the papers of Texas have ceased to notice them, and they are never mentioned in the papers of other States, except where some extraordinary incident occurs, to vary the usual routine of plundering the ranches, murdering citizens, and carrying women and children into captivity.

A duel, which had been agreed upon between Dr. J. F. Johnston, of Montgomery, Alabama, and Dr. Bruns, of New Orleans, was stopped by the arrest of one of the parties and his friends, just as they were going on the train, some distance from Montgomery, to proceed to West Point, the place selected for the meeting. The difficulty grew out of a newspaper controversy between two other physicians, into which Drs. Johnston and Bruns were incidentally drawn—there being between them no reasonable grounds for a quarrel.

The Rolla (Mo.) Express, of the 7th, says: "The monotony of our city was relieved day before yesterday by a somewhat interesting pugilistic exhibition. The parties concerned were Hon. E. P. Farrell and Chestine Miller. The cause was a difference of opinion in relation to a note or account—Miller claiming 'odds.' The result was the fragment of a skillet (cucumber-leaf kind) in the head of Mr. Farrell, and a physical argument from that gentleman, of such clearness and force as to completely upset both Miller and his claims. All who witnessed the affray unite in saying that Miller was clearly in the wrong."

LONG BRANCH.

The Hebrews There.

A writer in the Jewish Messenger has the following from Long Branch:

I have heard it whispered that a little evil habit is slowly and insidiously gaining a sad hold upon many women here, which I can hardly credit. On dit that some women who are admired for their intelligence, and have been respected for their modesty, do occasionally resort to a cigarette to while away the dull hours. Can this be so? I do know, however, that it is an old habit here for women to meet in and about the hotel barroom, and drink spirituous concoctions which they would blush to hear mentioned in their city homes. What is the difference? Men will turn away in disgust from a woman enjoying a mild Havana, but will encourage their sisters and wives to suck through a straw mint juleps and sweetened brandy and water.

English actresses abound here, stout, rosy women, who talk in a loud, shrill voice, affect a lisp, and wear yellow hair. There is a large cottage near the depot which several of them occupy; but they are seldom "at home" during the day—the beach and the road have too strong attractions for them. They are merry, good-hearted girls no doubt. Their ringing laugh seems honest; but it were a blessing for Long Branch if "Ivy Cottage" should be torn down and the blondes return to Yorkshire or Dublin.

A subject of interest to your readers will, of course, be Judaism and its development in Long Branch. And Judaism presents a curious study in this locality. One-fourth of the population are Jews. The handsomest cottages and the gayest "turnouts" are owned by the Jews. Jews own the most eligible building sites, and control the supply of ice—which is all very well and does them credit. But that there should be so little encouragement for a Jewish hotel that it must seek an out-of-the-way location, and be of small proportions and hardly inviting in any respect, does not do them credit. Long Branch gathers together more Jews in the summer than all the other watering-places combined; but the only hotel at which the laws of Jewish diet are advertised as observed, is a small, uncomfortable building, opposite the depot, occupying a far from eligible position. Of course, only a few Jewish families can be accommodated there, but the place is known as the "Jews' hotel," and "aristocratic" Hebrews wish it far away.

There was a large Jewish hotel here last year, but, from a complication of disorders, it ceased its distinctive existence. Sussman, the proprietor of the present "Cosher House," talks of hiring or purchasing one of the large hotels on the beach, which he will open next season in first-class style—which is a consummation devoutly to be wished for. At the old hotel, there was always held divine service on Sabbath evening and morning. Grace was said before and after meals, and the Sabbath was spent quite pleasantly and religiously. But can the same be said of the house which is this year intended for strict Jews? On a recent Friday, the proprietor asked one of the guests to conduct Sabbath evening service in the parlor. Wishing to oblige Mr. Sussman, as well as some of the boarders who had joined in the request, the gentleman accepted the invitation. But think of his feelings when he noticed male and female Jewish boarders peering in at the parlor windows, the males smoking, and they and their companions ridiculing the service and remarking, "How long you are? Hurry up!" The following morning the same gentleman was again requested to conduct the service, but he politely and firmly declined.

Many of the Jews of Long Branch have their physiognomy alone to indicate their religion. The Mansion, Continental, and Stetson's Hotels contain several of this class, who eat and pray with their neighbors, laugh with them at the customs of the Jews, ride, smoke, dance, gamble, and bathe on Saturday, and on Sunday attend "service" in the hotel parlors, and are as sanctimonious the rest of the day as the most pious of their new acquaintances.

Railway News.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAILROAD.

DEPARTS.		ARRIVES.
7:30 A. M.	No. 1 Memp. & Nash. Mail, (Daily except Sunday.)	10:35 P. M.
5:00 P. M.	No. 3 New Orleans Exp. (Daily.)	9:05 A. M.
11:15 P. M.	No. 17 Nashville Expr. (Daily.)	1:30 P. M.
7:35 A. M.	No. 7 Mt. Vernon Exp. (Daily except Sunday.)	2:00 P. M.
3:45 P. M.	No. 13 Bardstown Ac. (Daily except Sundays.)	9:35 A. M.

JEFFERSONVILLE, MADISON & INDIANAPOLIS R. R.

6:30 A. M.	No. 3 Mail (Daily except Sunday.)	3:50 A. M.
6:50 A. M.	No. 17, New York Exp. (Daily except Sunday.)	11:10 A. M.
2:30 P. M.	No. 5, Express (Daily.)	1:15 A. M.
11:30 P. M.	No. 7, Night Express (Daily except Saturday.) Sunday special from Indianapolis	6:30 A. M. 12:30 P. M.

LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD.

9:30 A. M.	No. 5, Mail	11:45 A. M.
2:50 P. M.	No. 7 Express	10:40 P. M.
11:10 P. M.	No. 9, Night Express	4:55 A. M.

LOUISVILLE AND LEXINGTON RAILROAD.

5:30 A. M.	No. 1, Passenger	10:40 A. M.
2:20 P. M.	No. 3, Passenger	6:05 P. M.
6:05 P. M.	No. 5, Lagrange Accom. (Daily except Sunday.)	8:10 A. M.

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY AND CHICAGO R. R.

9:00 A. M.	No. 2, Chic. Mail & Exp. (Daily except Sunday.)	7:00 P. M.

A Tennessee exchange says about ten railroads in this State failed to pay their July interest.

Trains on all the roads leading into the city arrived and departed on schedule time yesterday. The New Orleans brought thirty-eight through passengers.

The silver palace car Jeffersonville, in charge of conductor Frank Yewell, a polite and attentive gentleman, will leave for New York at 2:30 P. M. to-day, and go through without change.

Mr. Samuel E. Carey, General Ticket Agent of the Jeffersonville, Madison and Indianapolis railroad, returned yesterday from the East. Mr. Horace Scott, Superintendent of the road, left yesterday on a tour through the Eastern cities.

The Louisville and Cincinnati Short-line railroad will take visitors to the great match game of base ball at Cincinnati, on Monday, for $4 for the round trip, including omnibus transfer at Cincinnati. The train leaves the depot in this city at 9:25 A. M., and leaves Cincinnati at 11:15 P. M.

A dispatch from Harrisburg, Pa., of yesterday says: A train on the Northern Central R. R., seven miles west of this place, was thrown from the track this morning by a rock which had fallen upon the track. Several passengers are reported wounded, the engineer killed, and the fireman missing.

A "bush meeting," or campmeeting, will be held at O'Bannon's station on the Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington Railroad to-day, under the superintendence of Rev. Mr. Young (colored) of Quinn Chapel. The L. C. & L. R. R. will run special trains, leaving the depot at 9 A. M. and 1:30 P. M. It is estimated that from 5,000 to 10,000 negroes will be present.

Citizens of Arrow Rock and Miami townships, in Saline county, Mo., have employed Hon. W. B. Napton to conduct a suit to enjoin the County Court of that county from issuing bonds to aid in constructing the Louisiana and Missouri river railroad. The objection taken is that the charter, granted in 1859, does not authorize the construction of any road south of the Missouri river.

The south-bound train on the M. and O. railroad met with an accident about two miles below Union City, Tenn., last Friday. The trucks on the tender broke, causing the train to come suddenly to a halt, which resulted in the smashing up of the whole train of cars. No lives were lost, and the only accident was a man got his ankle sprained while making his way out of the train.

On the evening of the 12th, a train from the East, on the Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad, when near West St. Paul, ran off the track, capsizing the engine. Patrick O'Conner, fireman, had his back broken, and died the next morning. S. Page, engineer, had his leg crushed and right arm broken. The leg was amputated, and he is doing well. Chas. Wood, Jr., baggagemaster, was injured, but not seriously.

A contract has been entered into with Esoul, Sons, & Wadley, of Amite City, La., to furnish cars, as follows, for the road from Decatur to Montgomery: Ten first-class passenger cars, ten second-class do., ten mail and baggage do., two hundred box do., one hundred flat do., and ten hand and thirty pole cars. These cars will cost about $300,000, and is perhaps one of the heaviest contracts ever entered into in the South.

The bridge crossing Elm creek, on the Pan Handle railroad, three miles east of Columbus, Ohio, burned Friday. The accommodation train was passed it safely at 10 A. M. Forty minutes later information was received that it had been totally destroyed. It is supposed to have caught from sparks. The span was 130 feet, and it will be rebuilt by Sunday night. Transfers of passengers and baggage are made without any delay.

The Fort Wayne (Ind.) Democrat of the 11th says: "Officials of the Central Transportation Line have arrived here, to contract with the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago railway at this point, to have six new sleeping cars built of an entirely new pattern and superior to any yet built in this country. The cars are to run over the Pennsylvania and Fort Wayne and Chicago line, from New York to Chicago, passengers going through without change of cars. The above cars will each cost the sum of $25,000."

Mr. Morgan has instituted proceedings in the United States Court, at New Orleans, against the Opelousas Railroad Company, to recover that part of the road between Morgan City and the franchise of the company, to satisfy his claim as a creditor, holding the construction bonds of the company, which claim, it is alleged, was not satisfied by the proceeds of the sale of the portion of the road lying between New Orleans and Brashear. The petition also asks an injunction to restrain the disposition of any encumbrance upon the property until the case is adjudicated.

Danville (Virginia) papers state that the officers of the Lynchburg and Danville railroad have made a reconnoissance of the route from Lynchburg to Danville, preliminary to a more active effort in behalf of the scheme. In a short time Colonel Freeman will enter upon a close canvass for subscriptions to the capital stock of the company, when he will pass over the entire route, and receive either money or land subscriptions from persons interested. It is believed that three-fourth of the sum estimated as necessary to build the road can be had in available assets, arrangements will be made to secure the remainder, and there is every reason to believe that the completion of the whole work at no distant day.

The Nashville Union and American, of Wednesday, says that the Directors of the Tennessee and Pacific Railroad held a meeting at their rooms in the Porter Block yesterday, to discuss the manner of disposing of the State, and Davidson and Wilson county bonds. Proposals from large capitalists in the East and in London, offering the company large sums of money at a far less rate of discount than it could obtain through the sale of State and county bonds, were read and considered. It is believed from intimations thrown out, that a sufficient amount can be raised to build the road speedily through to Knoxville at very low rates. The board decided, therefore, that they would hold on to the bonds and not dispose of them until they ascertain what can be done through negotiations with capitalists.

Base Ball Excursion.

IN view of meeting the wants of the public, the Mail Line Co. have arranged to run the steamer BEN FRANKLIN on a special trip to Cincinnati, to leave at 4 P. M. SUNDAY, giving parties an opportunity to witness the great match game of Base Ball on Monday between the two famous clubs, "The Red Stockings" of Cincinnati, and the Eckfords, of Brooklyn. The steamer will be found at Cincinnati. The boat will leave Cincinnati returning Monday, at [illegible]. Fare [illegible], which includes meals, state-room, and omnibus fare to the Base Ball grounds, and [illegible].

H. F. GIVENS,
COTTON AND TOBACCO FACTOR
AND
General Commission Merchant,
No. 11 Union street, NEW ORLEANS.

JAMES M. CLARK & CO.,
Dry Goods Commission Merchants
AND COTTON FACTORS.
WOOL RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT.
No. 128 West Third St.,
CINCINNATI, O.
☞ Reasonable advances made.

GRAND EXCURSIONS
—TO—
Lake Superior.

THE splendid steamers St. Paul, Keweenaw, and Meteor leave Detroit, [illegible], Cleveland, Ohio, the previous evening for [illegible] Superior City, Duluth, and all points of interest on Lake Superior, as noted below:

Steamer St. Paul, Tuesday, July 20, Aug. 3, 17, and 31, Sept. 14.

Steamer Keweenaw, Tuesday, July 27, Aug. 10 and 24, Sept. 7.

Steamer Meteor, Saturday, July 31, Aug. 14 and 28, Sept. 11.

Rooms secured and other information obtained by application to ESSE WARD, owner, or BRADY & CO., agents of steamers St. Paul and Keweenaw, or J. T. WHITING, manager of steamer Meteor, or BUCKLAY & CO., Agents, Detroit, Mich.

FORTUNE TELLER.
ALL persons who are desirous to know what is before them should not fail to call on
MADAM ELIZABETH VEIT.
Residence on Upper Fifth, between Main and Water Streets. [illegible]

LET US HAVE PEACE AND SLEEP!
Bell's Coalineum.
THIS valuable preparation [illegible]

Kentucky Stencil Comp'y
135 Third st. (near Postoffice.)
T. WALSH, Prop'r.
STENCIL BRANDS of every description cut and shipped to any address. Terms 4 to 6 cents per letter. Work warranted.

MEDICAL.

DOCTOR HUNTER
CONTINUES to treat all private diseases [illegible]
☞ Office No. 153 Third street, between Green and Walnut, [illegible] Office hours 9 A. M. to 7 P. M.; Sundays, 9 A. M. to 12 M.

DR. GRAVES'
SOOTHING SIRUP,
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.
Greatly facilitates the process of teething by softening the gums and reducing all inflammation; will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is
SURE to REGULATE the BOWELS.
Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to your infants. [illegible] It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system.
PREPARED BY
GRAVES & SON,
228 Market street, Louisville, Ky.
And sold by all Druggists.

CONFIDENTIAL.
YOUNG MEN who have injured themselves by certain secret habits, which unfit them for business, pleasure, or the duties of married life; also middle-aged and old men who, from the follies of youth or other causes, feel a debility in advance of their years, before placing themselves under the treatment of any one, should first read "THE SECRET FRIEND." Married ladies will learn something of importance by perusing "THE SECRET FRIEND." Sent to any address, in a sealed envelope, on receipt of ten cents. Address Dr. CHAS. A. STUART & CO., Boston, Mass.

GEO. W. CARPENTER'S
Compound Fluid Extract of Sarsaparilla.
GEO. W. CARPENTER'S
Compound Fluid Extract of Buchu.
These celebrated preparations, originally introduced by Geo. W. Carpenter, under patronage of the medical faculty, have been so long extensively used by physicians and others, that they are generally known for their intrinsic value, and can be relied on as being in all cases reliable remedies in all cases where sarsaparilla or Buchu are applicable, and cannot be too highly recommended. They are prepared in a highly concentrated form so as to render the dose small and convenient. Orders by mail or otherwise will receive prompt attention.
GEO. W. CARPENTER, HENSZEY & CO.,
Wholesale Chemical Warehouse,
737 Market street, Philadelphia.

Dr. G. W. Lancaster,
104 1-2 Fifth street, corner Court Place, cures poisons of the blood, syphilis, cutaneous eruptions, &c., in one-half the time of ordinary treatment. [illegible]
FEMALE PILLS—A positive remedy for all obstructions. Price $2.
[illegible]

Galen's Head Dispensary.
Office No. 704 Jefferson street, between Second and Third streets,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
ESTABLISHED 1847, and chartered by the Legislature of Kentucky, 1848, "for the treatment of private diseases [illegible]."
[illegible]
Consultations private, and all business strictly confidential.
Read the above work before consulting elsewhere, and thus avoid quackery. Address GALEN'S HEAD DISPENSARY, Louisville, Ky.

RAILROADS.

FREIGHT.
THE LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI,
—AND—
Lexington Railroads
ARE now fully prepared to transport freight to and from all points [illegible] and through contract rates to all points North and East via Cincinnati.
For through rates and further information, apply to [illegible]
SAM'L GILL, Supt.

Louisville and Nashville
MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE
RAILROAD LINE.
ON and after JUNE 27, 1869, trains will run as follows:
[illegible]
TRAIN No. 1 connects at Humboldt with train for New Orleans and all points Southwest, and with Mobile for Chattanooga and all points Southeast.
TRAIN No. 3 connects at Humboldt with trains for Mobile, New Orleans, and all points Southwest. Does not run to Nashville.
TRAIN No. 17 connects at Nashville with trains for Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, and all points Southeast. [illegible]
Sleeping Cars on train No. 1 run through to Humboldt and Memphis, and on train No. 17 through to Nashville.
[illegible]
Knoxville Branch train leaves Louisville at 7:30 A. M. for Lebanon, Danville, Stanford, Crab Orchard, and all points in Southeastern Kentucky.
Richmond Accommodation leaves [illegible].
Bardstown Accommodation train leaves Louisville at 3:45 P. M. [illegible]
Trains No. 3 and 17 run daily; all other trains daily except Sunday.
ALBERT FINK, Gen'l Sup't.

LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI
Short Line Railroad!
ALL RAIL—NO CHANGE OF CARS.
TIME, FIVE HOURS.
Fare, $3.50.
Omnibus Transfer from Depot to Hotel or Residence in Cincinnati Free.
[illegible]
SAM'L GILL, Sup't.

Louisville & Indianapolis R. R. Line
J. M. & I. R. R.
PASSENGERS taking this route arrive in Eastern cities eleven hours in advance of those taking other routes. [illegible]
[illegible]

H. McCLARAN & CO.
CLAY STREET
Planing Mill,
Nos. 16, 18, & 20 Clay st., near river,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
Manufacturers of Doors, Blinds, Sash, Frames, [illegible]

R. H. HENLEY & CO.,
GEN'AL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Savannah, Ga.
WILL purchase [illegible]

C. CAMPBELL,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 66 THIRD STREET,
BETWEEN MAIN AND MARKET. [illegible]

[illegible]-Journal.

[illegible] AUGUST 15 AND 16.

[illegible]

[illegible] yesterday at 134 3-8.

[illegible] died in Paris yesterday.

[illegible] sailed from Liverpool yesterday.

[illegible] Peabody's health is rapidly de[illegible] hopes are entertained of his re[illegible].

[illegible] Gow, of Evansville, Ind., has [illegible] Superintendent of Public Schools [illegible].

[illegible] is being circulated in Mem[illegible] the Legislature declare vacant [illegible].

[illegible] from St. Petersburg says that [illegible] in the Khyber country has been [illegible].

[illegible] Charles Walcut, Revenue Collector [illegible] Columbus (O.) district, on Thursday [illegible] four thousand dollars' worth of [illegible] at the establishment of Zettler & Ryan, [illegible] deficient in the matter of brands.

[illegible] President Colfax and party reached [illegible] Francisco on Friday. The San Francisco [illegible] dismissed the writ of habeas corpus [illegible] Wm. Varley, alias Reddy, the blacksmith. [illegible] started for New York with him on Friday [illegible].

[illegible] on the Northern Central railroad, [illegible] west of Harrisburg, Penn., was [illegible] from the track yesterday morning by a [illegible] fallen upon the track. Several [illegible] severely wounded. The en[illegible] and fireman were killed.

[illegible] is reported that a privateer left a [illegible] of the United States a few nights [illegible] for the service of the Cubans. The [illegible] river and bay are patroled nightly [illegible] boats from the navy-yard in order to pre[illegible] departure of expeditions for Cuba.

[illegible] Secretary of the Treasury, [illegible] of the Commissioner of [illegible] has reduced the pay of [illegible] in North Carolina and Ten[illegible] to $5 per day; in the Gulf [illegible] and in the States and [illegible] Pacific coast from $8 to $7.

[illegible] of Missouri, has appoint[illegible] the Mississippi Valley Com[illegible] to be held at Keokuk, Iowa, [illegible] Lieut. Gov. E. O. [illegible] J. D. Williams of Kan[illegible] the State at large, and the [illegible] of Congress to represent the [illegible].

[illegible] Edmunson and Coleman, [illegible] Lindsey's Prairie, Benton [illegible] on Wednesday, by Major An[illegible] of Crawford county, and his [illegible] were members of a [illegible]. The house in which they [illegible] shelter from pursuit was surrounded. [illegible] attempted to escape and was shot, but [illegible] emptying three re[illegible] the party, and wounded several, when [illegible].

Heavy rains, causing floods in the small streams, carrying away culverts, fences, and [illegible] occurred near Keokuk, Iowa, on Thursday. [illegible] considerable damage. The residence of James W. Pierce, south of Wa[illegible], was struck by lightning, one side torn off, and [illegible] that belonged to it could be found. [illegible] in the house were seriously shocked. Three of them were thrown out on a porch [illegible]. None were seriously injured, however.

JEFFERSONVILLE.

JEFFERSONVILLE, August 15.

There are six applicants for divorces in Jeffersonville.

Hon. J. F. Lawrence, of Kentucky, was [illegible] the city yesterday.

Trains leave for New Albany at 1:15, [illegible] 11:15 A. M., and 2:30, 4:00, 6:15, 9:30 P. M.

The Unique Minstrel Troupe is going to Charlestown to give a series of entertainments, commencing about the 24th inst.

One woman for assault and battery, $5, and a man for drunkenness, $5 90, made up the business of the City Court yesterday.

The usual temperance lecture will be delivered this afternoon at 4 o'clock, as announced yesterday, in Holmes & Thias' Hall.

Horace Scott, Superintendent of the Jeffersonville road, left for the East yesterday, and will return about September 1. Reuben Wells will act Superintendent *ad interim*.

Merz, who was arrested for stealing a watch, was before Justice Mathews yesterday, and was committed to jail in default of bail for his appearance before the Criminal Court.

A course of lectures will be delivered at Emporium Hall, commencing August 15, by Messrs. Harper and Donaldson. Subject—"The things concerning the Kingdom of God and the name of Jesus Christ." The public are respectfully invited to attend.

An adequate idea of the wonderful yield of the fruit crop this season cannot well be had without visiting the country. By invitation yesterday we visited the farm of Mr. Thomas W. Prather, in Utica township, and found the apples, pears, plums and peaches upon the trees in surprising abundance. Especially is this the case in regard to the latter. The peaches hung so thick that they almost crowded each other off, and weighed the boughs down to the ground. An unusual number of large prolific limbs were broken off by the weight of the fruit. The ground was so thickly covered with peaches that it was almost impossible to walk through the orchard without tramping on those that had fallen from ripeness and were spoiling for want of proper care. One tree had actually toppled over and been torn out of the earth by the roots, and all by the weight of the fruit. The apples, plums, and pears are in great abundance, and are unusually perfect and free from flaws.

NEW ALBANY.

NEW ALBANY, August 15.

Council convenes in regular session to-morrow night.

Six car loads of wheat left the "Jeff." depot for New York city yesterday.

Charles Haus, of New Albany, was drowned in Red river about ten days since.

C. P. Gwyn, Esq., of the firm of C. P. Gwynn & Co., returned from New York yesterday.

Some of our citizens are complaining about nuisances committed by hogs and geese. They want a protection ordinance passed.

Trains leave daily for Jeffersonville at [illegible] A. M., and [illegible], 2:15, 5:50, 7:30, 10:40 [illegible] trains connect [illegible] trains.

Dr. J. H. Reynolds has resigned the principalship of the Scribner High School. Resolutions expressive of admiration for that gentleman have been adopted by the trustees.

Marriage licences issued during the past week are as follows: Thomas A. Winlaggar to Mary M. [illegible]; [illegible] Morrison to Emma Hudson; James Griffith to Eliza Childs; John W. Sullivan to Alzina Duffrence.

Ben. Phelps, for assault on Mrs. Armstrong, will be tried in Mooresville to-morrow, before Squire Tripure, on a third change of venue. Robt. J. Shaw for the State, Hons. J. S. Davis and C. L. Dunham for the defense. A lively fight is expected.

The surveying party which has been engaged in making a line of survey out to Edwardsville, for the New Albany and St. Louis railroad, returned yesterday, having completed the work. They report the route well adapted to the construction of the road.

Matilda Crawford (colored) yesterday paid $10 for the privilege of bluing the eye of her sister, Mollie Williams; Crawford Lewis, for nuisance, paid $6 45; Ben. Stout and wife $9 35 each for being disorderly, and Wm. Watkins $6 45 for drunkenness. All colored but the latter, and he felt blue.

The provoke case against Mrs. Sarah True was tried by a jury of six citizens before Justice Monroe yesterday. Verdict, fine of fifty cents and costs. Robt. J. Shaw, prosecuting attorney, appeared for the State, and Col. C. L. Dunham for the defense. The case was conducted with great vigor and even with feeling. The arguments covered over three hours, in which considerable personality was mixed.

The Nashville Railroad Directory.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

Free discussion elicits truth. It has been surmised that some friend of the present board threw a missile at the opposition ticket in your paper. "People living in glass houses should not throw stones." We all will agree that the gentlemen composing the present directory, G. W. [illegible], [illegible], J. G. Baxter, Dr. Caldwell and H. D. Newcomb rank among our citizens [illegible] character. [illegible] with their official acts that we can pro[illegible] who seek the same [illegible] President of the road, should devote his energies in behalf of the stockholders, and [illegible] the interest of the city which [illegible] road. Others have already [illegible] the obligations. Accumbent upon any [illegible] who receives $7,000 salary to give his entire time to the corporation. If his time is worth that much, he can make [illegible] would clearly say, "Resign the position." Mr. Newcomb not only does not incline to that opinion but his own private interests have been placed in antagonism to the city and to the Nashville Railroad. On the 20th of November, 1868, a published dispatch was made by telegraph that H. S. McComb, H. D. Newcomb, and others, had obtained the control of the Mississippi Central road, and the proposal was made to the Memphis authorities that [illegible] to Paducah to [illegible] a shorter route East than via Nashville, thus bringing all the trade through Paducah, and leaving Louisville out. Was this the position for the President of the Nashville [illegible] to assume? Or would it have been more proper for him at once to have resigned. Good authority asserts that Mr. Newcomb tried very hard to obtain a greater interest in the Mississippi Central than his associates allowed him. Had the parties engaged in the operation are not [illegible] for that line, but they have actually made a contract, which will still further injure the prosperity of Louisville and her railroads. In your yesterday's edition this telegraph appears:

"[illegible], Aug. 13.—A committee is now in session at the Tremont House, having under consideration a project for direct and continuous [illegible] communication between this city and New Orleans, via Paducah, Ky. The committee consists of the following gentlemen: Hon. L. S. [illegible], member of Congress from the First District of Kentucky; Judge J. M. Bigger, Paducah, [illegible]; Dr. J. A. Powell, Illinois; J. E. Mayer, Illinois; Samuel Skyllis and [illegible]; Samuel Tate, [illegible] railroad, and General [illegible] West, President of the Mississippi Central [illegible]. The committee formally closed the [illegible] for building the line. A Chicago man [illegible] contractor. The committee will meet again [illegible]."

Mr. Newcomb's associates are the parties who [illegible] other interests at our expense. [illegible] the prospect of electing Mr. Wilder, who [illegible] stockholder, or anybody [illegible] and the Councils must of [illegible] transactions above [illegible], it is equally manifest that Mr. Newcomb should not again be assigned to the charge of affairs which do not require his undivided attention and scrupulous [illegible].

LOUISVILLE NO. 4.

At Newport the fashionable programme in hotels is to rise at nine, or thereabouts, [illegible] previous night's occupation will allow. [illegible] breakfast, a ride is taken to the [illegible] a bath is indulged in, and the ladies go [illegible] to shop. After an elaborate toilet they then dress for a drive on the avenue or [illegible] fashion may dictate, and at night [illegible] hops, parties and various ways to [illegible] the evening, even to the "wee sma'" [illegible]. The intervals are filled up with [illegible] dressing, flirtations, gossip, [illegible].

The chignon has given place to braids, [illegible] ardent admirers now ex[illegible].

THE CITY.

The Dead of a Week.

There were forty-nine deaths in the city last week.

Education Abroad.

Ninety-eight Kentuckians have graduated from Bethany College, West Virginia.

Real Estate Sale.

Mr. R. C. Flournoy sold to Mr. J. T. Little his residence, on the southwest corner of First and St. Catharine street, for $11,000.

Wife-whipping.

John T. Burke was lodged in First-street station-house last night for brutally beating his wife. Whisky and incited John.

The Dernier Resort.

A man pursued by his boarding-house keeper took refuge in the jail yesterday. He asked to be admitted to close confinement.

The Dog Massacre.

The dog mortality is on the increase. Eight or ten pets were found to have shuffled off yesterday morning in various quarters.

Petit Larceny.

Wm. Macauley, colored, was lodged in jail last night by officers Bruder and Browning on charge of petit larceny and disorderly conduct.

Delayed.

The train from Nashville last night was an hour and a half behind time, owing to a delay on the Louisville and Memphis road in connecting at Bowling Green.

The Phelegrafelt Case.

In the City Court yesterday the case of Daniel Phelegrafelt, who shot the boy Eddie Nocturn was continued for one week. The boy is recovering.

Presbyterian Church Services.

Rev. Dr. West will preach in the Chestnut-street Presbyterian church at eleven o'clock this morning, and in the College-street church at eight o'clock in the evening. No other services will be held to-day in either of the churches.

Infanticide.

The dead body of a new-born infant was found late Friday night in a privy in the alley between Lafayette and Green and Preston and Floyd streets. The nightmen sent for Coroner Moore, who held a *post-mortem* examination, resulting in the conclusion that the child had been cast away alive.

Still Another Steamboat Suit.

In the United States Circuit Court, Rhoda Taylor, col., whose husband, Willis Taylor, was an employe on the steamer United States and was lost in the great collision last December, brought suit yesterday against the Mail Line Company for $10,000 damages. Bramlette & Durrett entered the suit, which is the third of the kind within the past few days.

Elizabethtown News.

We have received the first number of a very handsome weekly paper bearing this name, published by Messrs. Matthis & Bell, and edited by Capt. Wm. F. Bell. Few editors wield a readier or more graceful pen than Capt. Will Bell, and we predict that he will in his new position achieve credit and distinction. We heartily wish the News the large measure of success we know it will so well deserve.

Nelson County Fair.

The Nelson county Fair will commence Tuesday, September 7th, and lasts five days. A special train will run from Louisville to Bardstown during the Fair, leaving Louisville in the morning and returning in the evening. The managers promise to make this the best Fair ever held in Nelson county, and we know they will make their promise good.

Warren County Fair.

In the list of fairs to be held throughout the State, as published a few days since, it was erroneously stated that the Warren county fair would commence at Bowling Green on the 14th of September. It should have been September 1st, and those interested will do well to remember this. This promises to be one of the very best and most interesting fairs in the State.

Well Deserved Distinction.

Prof. F. C. Sternberg, of this city, one of our most gifted and talented music teachers, has received an appointment as teacher in the New York Conservatory of Music, and will leave in a few days for his new field of operations. While we can congratulate our friends of the Empire City on their new acquisition of a ripe scholar and high-toned gentleman, we much regret the loss of him who has proven himself a useful citizen and an ornament of refined society.

The School Property Question.

Judge W. F. Bullock and Isaac Caldwell, Esq., yesterday decided that a clear title cannot be had to the 120 feet of property which the School Board proposed to purchase on Gray street. The credit of the investigation of this matter, which has prevented the purchase by the city of a piece of property of which a clear title could not be obtained, is due, we believe, to Major W. R. Kinney, who in the School Board first objected to the purchase. The question was very ably argued by Andrew Barnett, Esq., in support of the purchase, and by Major Kinney and Messrs. L. N. Dembitz, D. M. Rodman, and William Thompson in opposition.

Personal.

We had the pleasure of a call yesterday from T. C. De Leon, Esq., managing editor of the Mobile Register. Mr. De Leon visits Louisville in the interest of the Register, which is justly recognized as one of the most influential and largely circulated papers in the South. Our business men will consult their own interests by advertising in a paper like the Register, which is so widely known and read.

Mr. John Baird, of the mammoth millinery house of Baird Brothers, has gone East. Though rather early in the season for "fall styles," Mr. B. will doubtless avail himself of his presence in the great metropolis to examine and secure the choicest of the first arrivals from the world of fashion.

Mr. Dick Moore, Jr., of the firm of Dick Moore & Son, of this city, leaves for New York to-morrow on business.

The Railroad Question.

On Monday evening the two Boards of the General Council will meet in committee of the whole for the special purpose of considering the question of granting the right of way to the Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington and the Louisville and Nashville railroads for a connection through the city. Propositions looking to this end have multiplied quite rapidly since the matter was brought to the attention of the Council, and out of the varied assortment it is not improbable that a route will be selected at this meeting. All right, so the interests of the town are well guarded. It is to be hoped that every member of the Council, on this occasion, will forget that he is a wrangler, and view and act upon the important question from a business stand-point, as affecting not merely himself or any exclusive ring, but as operating to the weal or disadvantage of Louisville.

Fairs.

The programme of the Fifteenth Annual Exhibition of the Union Agricultural Society of Mason and Bracken counties, to be held on the fair grounds near Germantown, on September 14th, 15th, 16th, and 17th, has just been issued in pamphlet form from the office of the Maysville Bulletin. Not only are the fat cattle, fast horses, and big pigs to come in for premiums, but the fastest and slowest velocipede are each to take $25. The exhibition promises to be unusually interesting this year.

We have received a copy of the Regulations and List of Prizes of the Twelfth Annual Fair of the North Kentucky Agricultural Society, to be held near Florence, commencing on Tuesday, August 31st, and continuing five days. The list of prizes is a handsome one and no doubt the fair will be in every way a grand success. A prize of $40 is to be given the lady who shall prove herself the best equestrienne, and the best time on the velocipede will take $15.

Another Railroad.

From a Tennesseean on a visit to Louisville, we learn that a meeting was held at Lebanon, Wilson county, on Friday last, in the interest of a projected railroad from Gallatin, through Lebanon, to Murfreesboro Tenn. The purpose of the meeting was to combine the interests of the counties represented along this line, and to induce the necessary subscriptions of stock. In part the movement is a revival of the Gallatin and Lebanon railroad enterprise, which was fully canvassed in this city last year, and subsequently fell through for the want of proper encouragement. The contemplated road will tap the Tennessee and Pacific or Knoxville road at Lebanon and the Nashville and Chattanooga road at Murfreesboro, thence forming connections with the entire Southern system. With the additional union at Gallatin with the Louisville and Nashville road, the country tributary to the proposed new railroad will be thrown in communication with the whole country. The hitherto pent-up wealth of that portion of Tennessee, if brought out and distributed as this railway enterprise would guarantee, would tell greatly upon the trade of the Southwest. It is obvious that Louisville, in that event, would be more largely benefited than any of the markets opened up to the new demand.

The meeting alluded to delegated Col. E. S. Golladay, of Wilson county, to visit Louisville in order to enlist the aid of the Council or the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company in behalf of the undertaking. He will be here the ensuing week, and we bespeak for him all the encouragement his mission deserves.

Kentucky University.

We have received the annual catalogue of Kentucky University, including the annual reports of Regent J. B. Bowman, the founder and financier of the institution.

This is one of the handsomest catalogues we have seen, and is highly creditable to the good taste of the publishers, J. P. Morton & Co., of this city. It contains 104 pages, and gives a very full exhibit of the condition and advantages of the largest and most prosperous institution now in the Mississippi Valley. Kentucky University, with its various colleges, is located upon the magnificent estate of Ashland, the home of Henry Clay, and Transylvania. Among its departments is the State Agricultural and Mechanical College of Kentucky, the first, and, so far, the most prosperous industrial college which has been established under the act of Congress donating lands to the State for that purpose. There were 767 students in attendance last session, from 25 States of the Union, besides Canada, Nova Scotia, Australia, and South America. This large number of students was under the care of more than 30 able officers and instructors, and enjoyed the benefits of the various courses of study, scientific, classical, military and industrial, general and professional, which are offered upon such liberal terms in the University. More than 800 of these were grown young men, from twenty to forty years of age, and a very large number of them from the Southern States, who were admitted to the economical advantages of the institution. Every citizen of Kentucky should rejoice in the success of our noble State University, and for the satisfaction of the large number of our readers all over the Mississippi Valley, who are its friends and patrons, we will at some future time, when our crowded columns will permit, make an abstract of the report of the Regent, which sets forth so fully and satisfactorily the condition and prospects of the institution.

THE LOUISVILLE HARBOR.

Commencement of the Work Authorized by Congress—The Canal Crib and River Dam.

A Stupendous and Invaluable Project.

Sometime in 1867, Gen. Godfrey Weitzel was commissioned by the United States Government to make a survey around the falls of the Ohio at this point, with a view to the improvement of navigation, either by constructing a canal on the Indiana side of the river, or enlarging the old Louisville and Portland canal. The survey was carefully made, and in his report Gen. Weitzel recommended, in view of the enormous expense that a new canal would necessitate, the widening of the present canal, and the construction of a dam above the falls, as a *dernier* resort in securing a depth of water sufficient to accommodate navigation here at all seasons of the year. This report was approved by Gen. Humphreys, the head of the Engineer's Department, and by him submitted to Congress. It finally received the sanction of that body also, and of the two million dollars appropriated for the improvement of the Western rivers, the sum needed to carry out Gen. Weitzel's plan was set apart.

The foregoing facts are well known to our citizens and to the people of the whole country, and it is equally well known that General Weitzel has persevered in the work, from its inception down to the present moment, with a zealous and unwearied devotion to his high trust very rarely shown by the men of this day, especially those in the service of the Government. But it is not, we believe, generally known that the harbor improvements are now actually in progress. On Thursday last the work was inaugurated in earnest by Messrs. Shipley & Lawyer, the contractors for building the crib or apron attachment to the old canal and the dam extending across to the Indiana shore. The point of beginning the work is at the old pier-head of the canal, where the present crib is to be hightened two feet. From that point, a crib or apron for the protection of boats in the harbor will be carried on a straight line up stream for a distance of 1,700 feet to about opposite Fifth street. The wall of this crib is to be six feet high, above the river bed. Between this crib and the landing the rock is to be removed to a depth of six feet below low-water mark. This will give the intervening harbor an average width of three hundred and fifty feet. At a point 1,250 feet from the pier-head the dam proper will commence and extend across to the Indiana shore, with an opening of 25 feet in the Indiana chute for the passage of boats and other craft during low water. The dam or crib work will be constructed in two lines of heavy timber filled in with stone. Its average hight will be five feet—eight and a half at the highest, and two feet at the shallowest point—affording a uniform depth of six feet of water in the canal at the lowest stage of the river. This main dam will be from eight to ten feet wide, the front to be sheet-piled by a double row of plank, the top covered by heavy four-inch oak plank, and the bottom stringers bolted to the rock-bed with heavy iron. In a word, the whole structure will be put up in the most skillful and durable manner, the plans and specifications having been designed by engineers of the highest ability, under the eye of General Weitzel himself, who is without a superior in this species of engineering, and the contractors being men of thorough practice and unquestionable integrity. It is estimated that the cost of the main dam will be $50,000, and of the connecting crib and removal of the river bed $75,000. The contractors are only required to work in time of low water, but they have a large force of men to push the enterprise forward, and it is expected to be fully completed during next season.

When the propel estimates shall have been made out, not many days hence, we are informed, the work upon the canal will be commenced. The contract for a portion of this work, at the head of the canal, has been awarded to Mr. M. P. Wood, of this city.

Under the plans adopted the canal will be made 110 feet wide from the pier-head to the new guard-gate, and thence down to the new locks ninety feet wide. This gives an additional width of thirty feet, the canal at present being sixty feet wide, and will afford easy passage to boats of the largest class all the year round, a desideratum at once to be coveted and appreciated.

In the way of appropriations, all has been granted that the magnitude of these improvements demands, and General Weitzel has received from Washington ample means to keep the work in active progress. Surely this should rejoice our people. In another year or two they will have the finest harbor on the continent. When that is secured, nothing human can wrest from our grasp the scepter of commercial authority over the entire Valley of the Ohio.

OUR NEXT FAIR.

Eleventh Annual Exhibition of the Kentucky State Agricultural Society.

From the 14th to the 18th of September.

None of the annually recurring events that convoke and interest our people is more eagerly anticipated than the State Fair. It has been held at the grounds of the Louisville and Jefferson County Association for several years past, and is to take place there again this year, commencing Tuesday, September 14th, and lasting five days. This exhibition is awaited with unusually high hope by the people of this immediate vicinity and of the whole Commonwealth. Pleasant memories of the last fair, which was a notable success in every particular, and the combined energy and liberality of the State and Louisville societies, as now being displayed, inspire those bright anticipations. And they are sure to be realized. Every man identified with the fair is wide awake and busy in developing plans to insure the grandest exhibition ever given under their auspices. Already the preparations have been forwarded in the most creditable manner. The catalogue is altogether the most inviting ever gotten up. It includes a list of premiums aggregating $4,586, so divided and assigned as to encourage every branch of agricultural and mechanical industry. One excellent feature, we observe, is the award of first and second premiums in all the rings for horses, cattle, sheep, and hogs. The close competition and difficulties in deciding upon the merits of live stock heretofore have clearly shown the need of this more liberal system. The mechanical interests, domestic manufacture, gardening, horticulture, floriculture, and poultry are all handsomely provided for. Outside of these departments the order of exhibition for the week will be as follows:

First Day—Cattle, sheep, hogs, horses or mares in harness, gentlemen's and boys' riding ring.

Second Day—Thoroughbred horses, saddle-horses, mules, riding rings, etc.

Third Day—Carriage, buggy, and rockaway horses, draught horses, roadsters, saddle and harness combined, herd horses, without regard to sex.

Fourth Day—Jacks and jennies, harness horses, buggy horses and mares, best pair of horses driven as a team, etc., etc.

Fifth Day—Draught horses, etc., model horses, tandem team livery horses, sweepstakes, premium horses and mares.

The officers of the State Society for the present year include some of the very ablest men in the Commonwealth. They are especially versed in agricultural matters, and the fact that they are giving their personal attention to the forthcoming fair is ample guarantee of its superiority in all respects. Their names and localities are as follows:

President:—Robert Mallory, Oldham county.

First District—Vice President—Dr. R. J. Spurr, Fayette county. Directors—James Hall, Bourbon county; F. P. Kinkead, Woodford county; R. W. Scott, Franklin county; Wm. Warfield, Fayette county; and I. T. Martin, Harrison county.

Second District—Vice President, Dr. R. J. Hughes, Washington county. Directors—Wm. Johnson, Nelson county; Lawrence Young, Jefferson county; L. E. Brown, Henry county; L. L. Dorsey, Jefferson county; Adam Middleton, Shelby county.

Third District—Vice President—Dr. David King, Logan county. Directors—Oscar Turner, Ballard county; A. C. Dickerson, Warren county; Sam. P. Spaulding, Union county; J. M. Priest, Henderson county; and Wm. Lindsay, Clinton county.

Treasurer—James W. Tate, Frankfort.

Corresponding and Recording Secretary—Jas. J. Miller, Lexington.

From the attractive character of the fair, and our increased facilities of communication by rail, it is safe to predict the largest influx of exhibitors and spectators ever seen here on a similar occasion. One and all who come will be accommodated satisfactorily, both at the fair grounds and in the city.

BASE BALL AT CINCINNATI.

An Excursion Train Goes up and will Return To-morrow Night.

The great game of base ball between the Eckford Club, of Brooklyn, New York, and the Red Stockings at Cincinnati to-morrow afternoon is attracting unusual attention in base ball circles here. A special train has been arranged for, and will leave this city to-morrow (Monday) morning at 9:30, arriving at Cincinnati in time for the game, and leaving there at 11:15 that night. This will be an excellent opportunity for those who have not made the trip to the Queen City over the new road, and at the same time witness one of the closest and most interesting games of base ball on record. The fare for the round trip, including conveyance from Covington to the grounds, is only four dollars. A sumptuous dinner will be served on the grounds for the Louisvillians on their arrival. No doubt the train will be crowded from this city.

A Business Smash-up.

A country grocer came into town yesterday to buy stock. While his horses were hitched in front of a store on Hancock street, they took fright, and breaking into a doubling and jumping gait, made for Beargrass creek at a frightful rate. They swept headlong over the bluff, and would have plunged into the creek but for a big negro, who, with a club, drove them into a sort of a gulley, where they came to a dead halt. In the run the wagon was smashed, and jars of candy and a stock of "all goods usually kept in a country store" were broken and scattered far and wide. The owner of the demolished establishment nearly fainted on beholding the wreck, and declared himself a ruined man, having invested all his money in the contents of the wagon.

Rabid Dogs.

There has been almost a reign of terror in the city during the past week, growing out of the alarming increase in the number of rabid dogs. Several persons have been bitten, many have narrowly escaped, and all are in more or less danger. Though the bite is seldom fatal, a rencontre with a mad dog is not a species of sport to be sought after. A great many dogs have been shot within a few days, and more will be slaughtered the present week unless measures be taken to keep the animals out of the streets. Let something be done, by all means, for the protection of the people, if not for the dogs.

CITY FEATURES.

LOUISVILLE AND THE SOUTH.

The Extensive Advertising Enterprise of Messrs. Dick Moore & Son.

One of the most extensive advertising enterprises in the South and Southwest is that of Messrs. Dick Moore & Son, of this city. Their facilities are unsurpassed, and all who have ever had to do with them can vouch for their promptness and reliability. The senior member of this firm has been engaged in the bill-posting business in this city during the past twenty years, and has an experience beyond that of any other parties in this section. In his business connections with the Louisville Courier and the Louisville Journal for many years, the proprietors of those papers have always found him a thorough and reliable man, and take pleasure in recommending the firm of Dick Moore & Son to the business men of the country.

They now propose to take orders for bill-posting and the circulation of cards, circulars, etc., not only in Louisville, but at all points South of this city that can be reached by railroad. They have seven large bill-boards in Louisville, one of which is opposite the post-office and custom-house and is the largest and best arranged in the country. This mammoth board is one hundred and twenty feet in length, seventeen feet in hight, and stands back from the street eight feet, the intervening space being handsomely sodded. A neat fence three feet high protects the board from the manipulations of passers on the street, and the whole structure is raised eighteen inches above the sidewalk, so that every inch of this space is available.

The very best facilities are afforded for putting bills before the eyes of everybody in the city, and of thoroughly advertising in this way.

This firm has also perfected arrangements for advertising on the street cars, and have the exclusive right of distributing cards, circulars, programmes, etc., on the roads of the Citizens' Passenger Railway Company and the Central Passenger Railway Company. Posters forty-four inches long and seventeen inches wide—four to each car—may be posted on all the cars, of which there are fifty-five constantly running, making from fourteen to twenty-one trips per day.

Eight reliable persons are kept in the employ of this firm in this city, and in addition to the bill-posting and street-car-advertising branch of their business they propose to execute promptly all orders for brush and fence advertising in Louisville and the South.

We have no hesitation in recommending Messrs. Dick Moore & Son to the advertising men of the country. They are thoroughly reliable and fully prepared for the most extensive operations in their line. They are now fitting up a magnificent office at No. 101 West Green street, nearly opposite the Custom-house, and propose to remove from their present office, No. 144, in a few days.

The Sunday Times

Issued this morning, at 42 Third street, contains eight columns of choice original and selected matter—poetry, stories, news, etc., including an original article on Shelley, the poet, by G. W. Griffin, Esq. For sale by Scott Glore and other newsdealers. Boys wanted to sell the Sunday Times.

Oyster Lunch.

There will be an oyster lunch given at Jacob Usz', corner Hancock and Madison streets, this morning at 9½ o'clock.

Let Your Business be Known.

And the best means of doing it is by judicious advertising. Perrin's general advertising agency affords excellent facilities for advertising in the South or elsewhere. Call and examine his lists of papers and get advertising rates. Orders taken for any papers published in the United States or the Canadas.

Furniture.

Especial attention is called this morning to the advertisement of J. W. Davis & Co., manufacturers of furniture, corner of Ninth and Jefferson streets. Their extensive facilities for manufacturing enable them to supply the latest and best of everything in their line, at prices as low as any in the West. A full and well-assorted stock may be selected from their ware-rooms at any time. Cut out their advertisement for reference.

☞ J. F. Griffin & Sons have removed to their new and elegant clothing-house, No. 2, corner of Market and First streets, one door above their old stand.

Their new store is one of the largest and most elegantly fitted-up in the city. Their stock of clothing and furnishing goods, recently purchased in the East, comprises every variety.

All the novelties of the season kept constantly on hand, and received daily as they appear in the market.

☞ Rubber combs and brushes, rubber sponges, hand emollients, drinking cups, druggists' India rubber articles, stationers' goods, air beds, air pillows, door-mats, buckets, rubber clothing, &c., at the RUBBER GOODS HOUSE, Janney & Perry's.

Ice-cold Watermelons.

Strawberry and other varieties received daily at No. 173 Fourth street, opposite the Central Market. Families can be supplied from 10 to 1 o'clock to-day.

Lecture.

The lecture, which was to have been delivered by the Reverend Father Rooney, at St. Michael's Church, this evening, (Sunday, 15th inst.,) has been postponed in consequence of the laying of the corner-stone of the new Dominican Church. Due notice will be given when it will be hereafter delivered. All tickets heretofore sold will be good for the lecture when it takes place.

Saddle Rock Oysters

at Monsch's, the first of the season. Also young Grouse received daily at Monsch & Sons, 111½ Third street. The firm of J. T. Monsch & Son certainly deserve great credit for their enterprise in furnishing our citizens with oysters and game at this season, when luxuries are scarce and epicures hunger for the good things of life. The articles furnished by Messrs. M. & Son are equal to the same articles in midwinter in flavor, freshness and quality. They solicit calls from their friends and the public generally.

☞ Manufacturers, machinists, and others, your attention is called to the stock of belting, packing, and hose of the best quality, and at low prices, at the RUBBER GOODS HOUSE, Janney & Perry's, 116 Main street.

The Fall Trade.

Now is the time to advertise in order to secure a heavy fall trade. W. Henry Perrin, whose card appears elsewhere in the COURIER-JOURNAL, represents the advertising department of all the leading Southern papers, and will take advertisements at the publishers' lowest cash rates.

Go to

the great fifty-cent store, 90½ Fifth street, for bargains in glassware, china, cutlery, hosiery, and all kinds of plated jewelry. All the new styles in jewelry received as soon as made.

Repairing and Upholstering.

Furniture of all kinds repaired, varnished, and upholstered at H. E. Zooks, 186 Third street. Mattresses of all kinds made over.

For Rent.

A nice store for rent on Market street. The fixtures will be sold low. Apply at store No. 120 between Third and Fourth streets.

Southern Newspapers.

Merchants and business men who desire to advertise through the Southern newspapers will find it to their advantage to do so through Perrin's general advertising agency. See advertisement.

☞ The attention of the ladies is especially called to the stock of toilet and fancy articles at the RUBBER GOODS HOUSE, Janney & Perry's.

Open in the Back.

The "Falls City" shirt made to order at Warner & Bro.'s.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting.

Messrs. Metcher & Grierson have established themselves at 324 West Market street, between Eighth and Ninth. They are prepared to do all kinds of work in their line, and those wanting anything in their line could not do better than to call on them, as they do their work in the best style and at moderate rates. See their advertisement in another column.

☞ The Russia Zinc Saratoga trunk for ladies is certainly one of the greatest improvements of the age. No amount of exposure to the weather injures them or their contents. Thieves cannot cut them open, and even a Louisville hack-driver cannot break them—142 Main street.

"Medical Outlaws and Professional Prostitutes."

The College of Physicians and Surgeons have ordered the following section of the Code of Medical Ethics to be published for the instruction of the public and protection of the profession:

CHAPTER II, SECTION 1.—It is derogatory to the dignity of the profession to resort to public advertisements or private cards or handbills, inviting the attention of individuals affected with particular diseases—publicly offering advice and medicine to the poor gratis, or promising radical cures; or to publish cases or operations in the daily prints, or to suffer such publications to be made—to invite laymen to be present at operations—to boast of cures and remedies—to adduce certificates of skill and success, or to perform any other similar acts. These are the ordinary practices of empyrics, and are highly reprehensible in a regular physician.

12 to 18-inch

linen collars, all styles, at Warner & Bro.'s.

☞ If you want the best and cheapest article, go to the largest dealer, at D. O'Hare's headquarters, 142 Main street. The immense sale of trunks of his own manufacture enables him to undersell all competitors.

How to Save Your Carpets.

Apply Fitch & Lindsay's patent weather strips to your doors and windows. This article will keep out the coal soot and dust, and more than pay for itself in one summer. Hundreds of our best citizens are now using this article for this purpose. Call at depot, 75 Fourth street, near Main.

☞ The celebrated Russia Zinc trunk, that bids defiance to railroad travel, is the greatest invention of the age; manufactured and sold by D. O'Hare, on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

A Valuable Medicine.

We understand that Dr. Jas. C. Kerr's "Great System Renovator" is meeting with great success here, and is highly valued by those who have used it. As a blood purifier it is certainly unrivaled. The reader is referred to the testimonials in favor of this medicine from distinguished public men, which may be found in our advertising columns.

☞ Don't throw away your old trunks, but send them to D. O'Hare's Great Western Trunk Manufactory and have them made as good as new. 142 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

Wall Paper.

Fitch & Lindsay, 75 Fourth street, near Main, offer great inducements to parties wishing to purchase wall paper. Their stock is very large and well selected, and their patterns are the handsomest we have ever seen.

☞ A number of good, large and small second-hand platform scales for sale.

RANKIN, FRIES & CO.,
80 Sixth, between Market and Jefferson.

CITY FEATURES.

What You Can Get for $18.

A half dozen of Moodie's "Golden Standard" shirts, made to order from measurement, in any style of bosom, open in front or back, your name marked on them indelibly, and a fit guaranteed. Their manufactory is under the same roof with the sales-rooms, corner Fourth and Main.

Fresh Baltimore Oysters.

W. H. Morton, [illegible] street, has just received a supply of fresh and choice Baltimore can oysters—the first of the season. He will hereafter have them daily.

☞ The A. No. 1 sole leather trunks at D. O'Hare's, on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

☞ Addis Carving Tools at SPECKMANN & DIX'S, No. 70 Fourth street.

CONVENT ST. BERTRAND.

Laying the Corner-stone of the New Dominican Church this Afternoon.

In accordance with the publication already made in these columns, the ceremonies of laying the corner stone of the new Dominican Church will take place to-day. The occasion will be an epoch in the Catholic annals of Louisville. A little over three years ago the Dominican Fathers were called to Louisville by the lamented Bishop Lavialle. Since that time they have secured a very desirable block of the "Ormsby property" near Cedar Hill, and erected thereon a magnificent building for conventual and educational purposes. The Convent of St. Louis Bertrand, as it is named, is the "House of Studies" for the entire Province. In the other houses of the Province the students are prepared to enter upon the studies of Philosophy and Theology, which are taught here exclusively. We understand that it was amongst the designs of Bishop Lavialle, as well as of the late Dr. Spalding, to erect a seminary adjoining the Convent, in order that the Seminarians might attend the lectures given to the Dominican students, a practice which prevails extensively in parts of Europe. At all events the Convent is well adapted to meet the requirements of any such design.

First a convent and then a church is the programme generally pursued by religious communities whenever they establish themselves. The want of a commodious and spacious church, in order to satisfy the demands of their rapidly-growing congregation, has been keenly felt by the good fathers. To supply this want has been the one great object for the attainment of which they have struggled since the completion of the convent, and they have at last got fairly under way with the undertaking. It must be very gratifying to them to perceive how warmly their efforts are seconded by the Catholics of Louisville, and even many who are not Catholics feel a deep interest in this day's ceremonies.

The new church will be one of the finest in the Southwest; a "clear story" like the Cathedral; a hundred and ninety feet long by seventy-two feet wide in the clear. The corner-stone will be laid by the Right Rev. Dr. McCloskey this evening at 4 o'clock. An immense concourse of people will be present. All the Catholic societies and confraternities have concluded to turn out en masse to participate in the solemn ceremonies, and thus do honor to the occasion, and through the occasion to themselves. We expect to have a reporter on the grounds, who will give the proceedings in our next issue.

The different societies will assemble at their respective places of meeting at half-past 1 o'clock precisely, and move in procession according to this programme of route: The eastern division, under the command of Messrs. Curran, Hilger, and Gorman, as Marshals, will form on Shelby street, in front of St. Martin's church, and move on Shelby to Walnut, down Walnut to St. John's church. The societies there waiting will fall in line, march down Walnut to Hancock, in Hancock to Green, down Green to St. Boniface's church. The societies there waiting will fall in line, march down Green to Floyd, in Floyd to Market, down Market to Brook, out Brook to St. Michael's church. St. Michael's Benevolent Society will fall in line, march out Brook to Jefferson, down Jefferson to Fourth. The Italian Brotherhood will join the procession here, march in Fourth to Market, down Market to the hall of the United Sons of Erin. This society in line, march down Market to Fifth, out Fifth to Jefferson, and halt—right resting on Jefferson street. The Western Division, under the command of Messrs. Sheehey and Evelia as Marshals, will form on Market street, in front of St. Patrick's church, right resting on Thirteenth street, march up Market to Tenth, out Tenth to Walnut, up Walnut to Eighth, down Eighth to St. Mary's church. The societies belonging to this church, as well as other societies there awaiting the arrival of the procession, will fall in line, march in Eighth to Jefferson, up Jefferson to Fifth, right resting on Fifth, and halt. St. Patrick's Benevolent Society of Portland will meet and join the procession at St. Patrick's church. Both divisions having arrived, the Grand Marshal, Mr. Thomas Sheehey, will take command. With the Eastern Division on the right, the procession will march out Fifth to Broadway, down Broadway to Sixth, out Sixth to the place where the corner-stone will be laid.

MONEY.

The Farmers' and Drovers' Bank—Important to Farmers and Drovers, and Agriculturists Generally.

We have, on more than one occasion, alluded to the pressing necessities for banking facilities, on a more extended scale, to meet the growing demands of business in Louisville. Of late years this city has been an entire stranger to financial plethora. Moderate ease, with interest ranging from 9 to 12 per cent., has been the best phase of monetary affairs, while times of extreme stringency and embarrassment have been of such frequent occurrence as to impress upon the minds of business men that if Louisville would maintain her commercial supremacy more currency must be supplied from some source. While this condition of monetary affairs has operated adversely to the advancement of commerce and detrimental to the development of industrial enterprises, it has almost entirely excluded the farming interests of this section of Kentucky from bank accommodations, and the only remedy for a state of things so directly antagonistic to the general welfare, but more particularly to the farming interests, was believed, by those well advised upon the subject, to be the chartering of a bank, owned, officered, and controlled by farmers. This was done, and the

FARMERS' & DROVERS' BANK

is now in successful operation in Louisville. That it will advance to the front rank of our moneyed institutions is fully warranted by the high standing of the gentlemen to whom the management of the Bank has been committed. They are as follows, viz:

President—J. B. O'Bannon, of Jefferson county.

Cashier—Richard S. Veech, of Jefferson county.

Directors—E. D. Standeford, P. D. Bagbour, L. M. Paine, and Benson Ormsby, of Jefferson county; Jas. P. Beard, of Spencer county. Harrison Bailey, of Shelby county; Isaac N. Webb and J. P. Smith, of Henry county.

Here, then, is an institution of large means, ably officered, and which is organized to promote the interests of farmers.

We are confident that farmers will avail themselves of the benefits this institution is designed to afford them, for, in doing this, they will increase its ability to extend to them facilities for carrying forward those enterprises upon which prosperity and wealth of the State in a great measure depend. The necessities and interests of farmers, we are assured, were more potential than any other causes in obtaining the charter of the Farmers' and Drovers' Bank, and it will be one of the chief ends of the institution to foster and develop the agricultural interests of Kentucky. Farmers who have surplus funds to deposit will find this institution eminently suited, and the safety of their funds secure beyond a contingency; and we are confident when farmers desire to make permanent investments that the stock of the institution will afford them every inducement that can reasonably be demanded.

Judge Craddock's Speech.

The speech of Judge Craddock, which we publish this morning, has been unavoidably delayed thus long, owing to a steady and continued press of current news matter that would not bear postponement. It relates to subjects, however, which are of live interest to the people of Kentucky, and it loses none of its savor by its tardy appearance.

AMUSEMENTS.

Opening of the Louisville Opera House.

Manager Bates announces that the Louisville Opera House has been thoroughly renovated, repainted, etc., and that it will be opened on Monday, Sept. 6th, with a popular star and a first class stock company. The following names appear in the list of those engaged in the stock company, and it will be observed that with perhaps one or two exceptions the names call for new pieces—what the Louisville play-goers have a long time been calling for in vain:

Miss Minnie Monk, Miss Ada Monk, Miss Annie Llewellyn, Mrs. S. F. Noyes, Mrs. F. R. Pierce, Miss Marion Summers, Miss A. Spillman, Miss M. Spillman, Miss Lecompte, Miss Annie Corial; Messrs. E. T. Stetson, F. R. Pierce, C. T. Nichols, S. F. Noyes, H. S. Duffield, G. Mortimer, R. G. Wilson, W. O'Keefe, S. G. Kyle, J. H. Ligon, M. Wood, J. C. Fitzgerald.

The orchestra will be conducted by Mons. A. Pedigram, and S. B. Duffield will be stage manager. Mr. Joseph Piggot, late of the National Theater, Cincinnati, and of the Academy of Music, New Orleans, has been engaged as scenic artist.

The following popular stars and troupes are announced to appear in rapid succession: Mr. Joseph Jefferson, Mr. Edwin Forrest, Lydia Thompson Burlesque Troupe, John E. Owens, Mrs. Scott Siddons, Miss Ada Webb, Mrs. Mary Mitchell Albaugh, Mr. M. W. Leffingwell, Mrs. Mary Gladstane, Mr. J. W. Albaugh, Miss Marriott, Morlacchi Ballet Troupe, Mrs. D. P. Bowers, Mr. J. C. McCollum, Riching's Opera Troupe, German Opera, Grau's Italian Opera, Miss Fannie B. Price.

Will Play Them.

It has turned out that the story about the Alert Base Ball Club, of Plainville, Ohio, playing a negro club some time ago is all bosh. The following dispatch, in response to the refusal of the Eagle club, of this city, to play them explains itself:

CINCINNATI, O., August 14, 1869.

C. W. Platt, Secretary Eagle B. B. Club:

We have played no negro club. Those articles in the papers were inserted by some low fellows who are envious of our successful career this year. We are all ready to come and play you, and if you telegraph back to me immediately we can yet come on the Sunday 12 M. boat.

JAS. J. DEMAR, Pres't Alert B. B. C.

This explanation being satisfactory, the Eagles have consented to play them. The game will come off Tuesday afternoon at Cedar Hill.

Musical.

The orchestra recently formed here had a highly satisfactory rehearsal last night. The attendance of the members was prompt and full. Rossini's overture to "William Tell" was rendered very creditably indeed for a first performance, and there is every reason to believe that our lovers of music will be treated to some choice *morceaux* during the coming season.

The Liederkranz.

A grand vocal and instrumental concert will be given on Wednesday evening, the 25th inst., by the Liederkranz society. A number of accomplished amateur vocalists will participate, and the committee assures the public of a satisfactory entertainment.

A FINE DISPLAY.

The Horticultural Exhibition at Masonic Temple Yesterday.

The new entrance on Green street to Masonic Temple appears to have been quickly found, by the immense throng who attended the exhibition on yesterday of the Kentucky Horticultural Society. It was remarked by every one that the display was the finest they had ever seen; the crowd, however, was so great that many persons could not get near enough to the tables to make a satisfactory examination of the articles, and the officers of the society determined to enlarge the tables, so as to give visitors a better chance to see all the contributions.

FLOWERS.

It is impossible to describe separately each of the beautiful floral designs contributed by the ladies. They were all different in shape, style and arrangement, but they were all most beautiful, tasteful and graceful. To appreciate these happy combinations of bright flowers and delicate vines and foliage, requires that they be seen; and the more critically they are examined, the more they are admired. For contributions of these floral designs on last Saturday, the society is indebted to the kindness and taste of Mrs. William Semple, Mrs. Thomas S. Kennedy, Mrs. John A. Miller, Mrs. O. L. Smith, and Mrs. James Kennedy, Broadway.

FLORIST'S DISPLAY.

Floral Park exhibited two very fine large bouquets of brilliant and choice flowers. Francis Moral, two large table bouquets arranged stylishly and brilliantly; and the flower spikes of a very choice assorted collection of Gladioli, among which were some very fine colors and large flowers.

Henry Nanz—One bridal bouquet, composed mostly of white flowers sparsely interspersed with flowers of delicate, pale colors; a floral display, and a bouquet containing fifteen varieties of geraniums, all forming a very handsome and attractive collection.

George Walker—Two large round bouquets, containing a very choice and superb variety of colors, arranged in a showy style and producing a gorgeous effect.

Ross & Lauer—One of their famous basket designs, underlaid with a border of bright-colored foliage and filled with a mass of fine flowers and delicate leaves very tastefully and effectively arranged. The floral baskets of this firm seem to have met with much popular favor, as they always create a lively competition among the bidders, and bring good prices.

Altogether, the floral show was unusually fine and complete in every respect.

FRUITS.

Apples—twelve varieties; eight contributors. Maiden's Blush—A plate contributed by C. H. Stivers, were remarkable for their beautiful wax-like appearance. Orange Apple; Cary's Summer; Fall Harvey—by C. C. Carey. Summer Parmain; Queen Ann—by H. S. Duncan. Gravenstein—by Capt. A. J. Harrington. King, of Southwestern Kentucky—sent by A. D. Webb, of Bowling Green, as being the leading summer apple of that section and apparently unknown elsewhere. It is very large, pale green, partially russeted, round and flat. The fruit committee pronounce it to be a new fruit to them, and of superior quality. They request Mr. Webb to report to them the history of its origin and its qualities and habits. Transcendant Crab—by Ormsby Hite; H. S. Duncan. Specimens of apples for names were shown by A. B. Dean and Rev. Carter Page, but had not sufficiently matured to be recognized. Prolific branches loaded with Siberian Crabs were shown by Ormsby Hite.

Peaches—eleven varieties; eight contributors—Crawford's Early; splendid specimens were shown by C. H. Stivers, Dr. W. M. Allen, James D. Adams, C. C. Clay, H. S. Duncan, William Johnson, of Indiana, Jacob Johnson.

Van Zant's Superb—a delicious sweet peach—shown by James D. Adams, Jacob Johnson, C. H. Stivers.

Hike's Seedling and Pope's Cling—by Wm. Johnson.

Pope's Cling, Birkenmayer's July, Red Rareripe and Hill's Superb Jersey—by Jacob Johnson.

Troth's Early Red and Burgen's Yellow—by C. H. Stivers.

White Cling—by C. C. Cary.

Old Mixon Free—by H. S. Duncan & Son.

Pope's Cling—by Rev. Carter Page.

Pears—eleven varieties—seven contributors.

Kirkland and Julienne—by W. H. Dulaney.

Grand Duchess and Julienne—by Mrs. A. E. Merweiber.

Woodson and For a Name—by Lawrence Young.

Doyenne Boussock—by Lawrence Young and W. H. Dulaney.

Washington—by Ormsby Hite.

Brandywine—by Jacob Johnson.

Tyson—from dwarf trees—by C. C. Cary.

Flemish Beauty and Bartlett—by C. H. Stivers.

Plums, eight varieties, five contributors.—Imperial Gage—By H. S. Duncan, C. H. Stivers and Jacob Johnson.

Yellow Gage—By C. H. Stivers and H. S. Duncan.

Duane's Purple—By the same.

Bolmar's Washington—By T. C. Richards and Jacob Johnson.

Bradshaw—By C. H. Stivers and Jacob Johnson.

Columbia—By C. H. Stivers.

Early Orleans—By Jacob Johnson.

Prune (Jacob's)—By Theod. Schwartz.

Grapes, five varieties, eight contributors.—Hartford Prolific—By Thos. S. Kennedy, John F. Coons, H. F. Vail, C. H. Stivers, and H. S. Duncan.

Ives' Seedling, and a blue medium seedling, unripe—By J. Sackbacher.

Israella, grown in open vineyard—By an unknown contributor.

Wild Summer Grapes—By H. S. Duncan.

Black Tripoli, a splendid bunch, grown in a cold vinery—By Theodore Schwartz.

VEGETABLES.

Tomatoes—Lester's Perfected, very large and solid, by Dr. H. Chenoweth.

Mammoth Chihuahua and Mexican, remarkably smooth, solid, good size, and perfect; evidently of the Pepper variety; by Thomas S. Kennedy.

Mr. E. D. Briscoe, an enterprising and intelligent cultivator, exhibited the [illegible] twelve varieties: Orangefield Prolific; [illegible] Extra Early; King; Cedar Hill; Boston Market; Lester's Perfected, very fine; Cherry; Crimson Cluster; Large Yellow; Tilden, very good; Gen. Grant, small and poor sort; Large Red. The new kinds in the above lot did not seem to be worth attention, as they were inferior in size and appearance to several other tried varieties, such as Tilden, Lester's Perfected, and Mexican, or even the old Feje.

Sweet-potatoes, enormously large tubers of the Bermuda and Brazilian, were shown by E. D. Briscoe and T. S. Kennedy.

Grossum Peppers, very large, and dark rich color, and Giant Wax Beans, both vegetables new and good, shown by M. M. Green.

Fancy cut and carved melon rinds, for preserving, were shown by Mrs. Baruing, and were admired for the tasteful patterns.

The future exhibitions will be very large and brilliantly attractive, and the society needs the assistance of every officer and member of the several committees, to avoid confusion and delay.

LOUISVILLE CITY COURT.

HON. E. S. CRAIG, JUDGE.

SATURDAY, Aug. 14, 1869.

Mitchell Lapelle and Wm. Garvin, threatening violence and endangering life; discharged on motion of Commonwealth's Attorney, and Wm. Garvin recognized to go before the grand jury.

Michael Casey, assault and battery upon Michael Dwyer; discharged on motion of Commonwealth's Attorney.

B. E. Archer vs. George B. McLain, peace warrant; defendant held in $300 bond for six months.

Mary McMurray vs. W. Gallagher and F. Davis, peace warrant; continued until Monday, and Gallagher held in $100 bond to answer and keep the peace.

Ellen Neal, drunk and disorderly; fined $5.

Sam Williams, suspected felon; continued for the defendant until Monday.

Dan Plaingraf, shooting and wounding Edward Nocturn with intent to kill; continued for the defendant until Saturday next, and attachments ordered against witnesses.

Lucinda Anderson, stealing property from J. Milton Moore; continued until Tuesday, and defendant held in $200 to answer.

George Harman, assault and battery upon Ada Newman; $100 to answer Monday.

Mortuary Report for Week Ending Aug. 14

HEALTH OFFICE,
LOUISVILLE, Aug. 14, 1869.

Consumption	6	Dropsy	1
Dysentery	2	Paralysis	1
Convulsions	2	Teething	1
Scrofula	2	Small-pox	1
Accident	1	Whooping Cough	1
Cholera Infantum	3	Typhoid fever	1
Coxalgia	1		
Total			49

SEX.

Male	23	Female	26

COLOR.

White	37	Black	12

NATIVITY.

Ireland	7	America	39
Germany	2	England	1

AGE.

Under three years	22	3 to 5 years	0
5 to 10 years	6	10 to 20 years	5
20 to 30 years	7	30 to 40 years	4
40 to 50 years	1	50 to 60 years	1
60 to 70 years	2	70 and over	1
Without medical attention			1

SAMUEL MANLY, M. D.,
Sec'y Board of Health.

ARTEMUS WARD'S "PANORAMA."

Choice Extracts.

We make the following extracts from Artemus Ward's "Panorama," just published in London:

HIS ARTISTIC CAREER.

I could draw on wood at a very tender age. When a mere child, I once drew a small cart-load of raw turnips over a wooden bridge. The people of the village noticed me. I drew their attention. They said I had a future before me. Up to that time I had an idea that it was behind me.

Time passed on. It always does, by the way. You may possibly have noticed that time always does. It is a kind of way time has.

I became a man. I haven't distinguished myself at all as an artist; but I have always been more or less mixed up with art. I have an uncle who takes photographs, and I have a servant who—takes anything he can get his hands on.

HIS MUSICAL IDEAS.

I like music. I can't sing. As a singist I am not a success. I am saddest when I sing. So are those who are near me. They are sadder even than I am.

The other night some silver-voiced young men came under my window and sang "Come where my love lies dreaming." I didn't go. I didn't think it was correct.

I found music very soothing when I lay ill with fever in Utah; and I was very ill. I was fearfully wasted. My face was hewn down to nothing, and my nose was so sharp I didn't dare stick it into other people's business—for fear it would stay there and I should never get it again. And in those dismal days a Mormon lady—she was married, though not so much so as her husband; he had fifteen other wives—she used to sing a ballad commencing, "Sweet bird, do not fly away," and I told her I would not. She played the accordeon divinely—accordeonly I praised her.

THE STEAMER ARIEL.

I went to California on the steamer Ariel. This is the steamer Ariel.

Oblige me by calmly gazing on the steamer Ariel; and when you go to California be sure and go on some other steamer, because the Ariel isn't a very good one.

THE PICTURE OF THE GREAT DESERT.

This picture is a great work of art. It is an oil painting done in petroleum. It is by the old masters. It was the last thing they did before dying. They did this and then they expired.

The most celebrated artists in London are so delighted with this picture that they come to the hall every day to gaze at it. I wish you were nearer to it—so you could see it better. I wish I could take it to your residences, and let you see it by daylight. Some of the greatest artists come here every morning before daylight with lanterns to look at it. They say they never saw anything like it before—and they hope they never shall again.

When I first showed this picture in New York, the audience were so enthusiastic in admiration of this picture that they called for the artist—and when he appeared they threw brickbats at him.

BRIGHAM YOUNG.

Brigham Young has two hundred wives. Just think of that. Oblige me by thinking of that. That is—he has eighty actual wives and he is spiritually married to one hundred and twenty more. So we say he has two hundred wives. He loves not wisely, but two hundred well. He is dreadfully married. He's the most married man I ever saw in my life.

I saw his mother-in-law while I was there. I can't exactly tell you how many there is of her, but it's a good deal. It strikes me that one mother-in-law is about enough to have in one family—unless you're very fond of excitement.

MORMON PROSELYTISM.

I regret to say that efforts were made to make a Mormon of me while I was in Utah.

It was leap year when I was there, and seventeen young widows, the wives of a deceased Mormon, offered me their hearts and hands. I called on them one day, and taking their soft white hands in mine, which made eighteen hands together, I found them in tears.

And I said: "Why is thus? What is the reason of this business?"

They hove a sigh, seventeen sighs of different size. They said:

"Oh! soon thou wilt be gonested away."

I told them when I got ready to leave a place, I wentested.

They said: "Doth not like us?"

I also said: "I doth, I doth."

I also said: "I hope your intentions are honorable, as I am a lone child, my parents being far, far away."

Then they said: "Wilt not marry us?"

I said: "Oh! no! It cannot was."

Again they asked me to marry them, and again I declined, when they cried:

"Oh! cruel man! this is too much! Oh! too much!"

I told them that it was on account of the muchness that I declined.

BRIGHAM YOUNG'S FAMILY.

The last picture I have to show you represents Mr. Brigham Young in the bosom of his family. His family is large, and the olive branches around his table are in a very tangled condition. He is more a father than any man I know. When at home—as you here see him—he ought to be very happy, with sixty wives to minister to his comforts, and twice sixty children to soothe his distracted mind. Ah! my friends what is home without a family?

☞ It is related of the great engineer Roebling, that while he lay suffering intense agony from the fearful disease that at length took his life, he wrote, in one afternoon, ten pages of manuscript, giving directions relative to the bridge and other matters. At the time of the accident, and during the surgical operation, not one groan escaped him, although his agony must have been fearful.

☞ The Bishop of London says that there now exist in London more than a thousand associations for charitable purposes, administering annually about £4,000,000, in addition to the regular assessment of the poor rates. Yet there is such a spread of want, misery, pauperism, and crime in that metropolis, that the authorities are at their wits' ends to meet it.

A correspondent writing from Arkansas says that the crops in that State never looked better, and the price of the staple cotton was never so good except during the war. It is believed every acre of land in cotton this year will net seventy-five dollars. The freedmen are all cropping this year, and the greater number of them will have from $800 to $1,500 apiece from the crops, estimating the price of cotton at twenty-five cents a pound.

The Jefferson City (Mo.) Tribune says: Suit will be commenced against the Warden by Mr. Schattenberg, the father of the young girl who was ravished by a negro convict running at large, for $50,000 damages. It is founded on the theory that the Warden occupies the position of a man allowing a dog known to be vicious to run at large, and is therefore responsible for damages. The negro had been sent here for rape.

☞ Madame Friedrich-Materna is a new German prima donna, who has been raised from obscurity by the manager of the opera at Olmutz. She did not know she had a good voice, and was engaged as a domestic servant when some musician made the discovery for her.

Cook Rich, a young man of Hickory Plains, Arkansas, was instantly killed a few days ago by the fall of a girder across his neck.

☞ Enameling the face is the latest folly and fashion.

River News.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

Cincinnati.......BEN. FRANKLIN.......3 P. M.

ARRIVALS—Aug. 14.

United States, Cin.	St. Charles, Cin.
Leonora No. 2, Madison.	Tarascon, Henderson.
Abeona, Cin.	Silver Spray, N. O.

DEPARTURES—Aug. 14.

United States, Cin.	St. Charles, Cin.
Leonora No. 2, Madison.	Tarascon, Henderson.
Abeona, St. Louis.	

BOATS IN PORT.

LeClaire No. 2, city wharf.	Pine Bluff, city wharf.
Lizzie Tate, "	Travis Wright, city wharf.
W. S. Pike, Portland.	Flavilla, city wharf.
Virginia, Portland.	Vicksburg, Portland.
Lafourche, "	Judge Fletcher, city wharf.

THE RIVER is still receding slowly at this point, with 4 feet 2 inches water in the canal and 2 feet 2 inches water in the chute last evening. The last arrival reports 4 feet on Portland bar, 5 feet on Flint Island, 6 feet at French Island, and 7 feet on Walker's bar. In the upper Ohio there are 5 feet water on Rising Sun bar, the worst place in the river. The channel has commenced clearing out, and we look for an improvement. Weather warm, with light showers during the day. Business rather dull.

The mail-line steamer Ben Franklin will take visitors to the base ball match at Cincinnati Monday for $5 for the round trip, including meals, state-rooms, and omnibuses at Cincinnati.

The Silver Spray, from New Orleans, was aground on Portland bar last evening and was lightening off. She was compelled to double trip at Flint Island.

Capt. C. D. Robertson, a veteran in the river service, was in the city yesterday.

M. W. Satterwhite, steamboat agent, will remove his office to No. 46 Fourth street to-day (Monday).

The Flavilla, Capt. Root's new Red river packet, will make a trial trip to-day.

Captain J. H. Peckenpaugh returned from Cincinnati yesterday, having failed to find a suitable boat for the Evansville and Cincinnati trade.

The Abeona, for St. Louis, added 50 barrels of vinegar, 2 tons of steam pipe, 21 dozen chairs, 25 bdls of paper, 5 cane mills, 14 bbls of whisky, 28 boxes of glassware, 3 casks of crockery, 10 bbls of bitters, 40 putting-boxes and 30 tons of machinery and sundries.

Two locomotives and tenders, for the Atlanta and Chattanooga railroad, were brought from Jeffersonville yesterday.

The Charleston only went as far as Jeffersonville Friday night. She was loading herself and barge with 3,000 barrels of salt yesterday and expected to depart for Evansville last night.

Sixty cars, built at the Ohio Falls Car Works, Jeffersonville, are being loaded on barges and will be taken to Belmont, Mo., on Wednesday, by the Falls Pilot.

The Petrel No. 2, with a tow of salt for St. Louis, arrived yesterday.

Capt. Parisott's new packet was successfully launched at Barmore's ship yard yesterday afternoon. She will be brought over to the city wharf to receive her machinery, which is being built at the extensive establishment of Kirk, Dennis, & Co.

The Virginia has been put in thorough order and will leave for New Orleans on Saturday next, in command of Capt. Charlie Schultz.

A dispatch from Atchison, Ka., says the steamer Metz, laden with material for the Leavenworth and Atchison railroad, sunk yesterday seven miles below that city.

Captain John Benson will soon have the John Kilgour in tip-top condition at St. Louis, and will cater her for the lower Mississippi trade.

We already mentioned the fact of the Helen Brooks, a steamer only fifteen tons burthen, leaving Baltimore for a voyage round the country. She goes to New York, up the river to Albany, where she enters the canal, and takes the lake at Buffalo. From thence she proceeds to Lake Michigan, enters Green Bay, and comes down the St. Croix river to the Mississippi, and will pass St. Louis on her way South.

Mr. Charles Haus, a steamboat engineer and brother of Louis Haus, of New Albany, was drowned off a boat on Red river about ten days ago.

Our dispatches elsewhere give the particulars of another terrible steamboat disaster. The Evansville and Cairo packet Cumberland exploded her boilers near Shawneetown, Illinois, yesterday morning, killing eighteen or twenty persons. The books of the boat were blown overboard and the names of the missing cannot be ascertained. The boat is a total loss. A portion of her cargo, consisting of corn and wheat, will be saved. The boat was insured for $6,000.

Our Correspondence.

MEMPHIS, August 12, 1869.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

The steamer F. W. Strader passed here to-day, all O. K., as deep as she could swim. We have for New Orleans 28 head mules, 23 head horses, 1,381 sacks corn, 297 do oats, 828 bbls flour, 1,492 do potatoes, 1,285 boxes apples, 231 bags wheat, 299 pieces bagging, 50 tierces hams, 91 bbls onions, 181 do apples, 380 pkgs sdse, 107 do furniture, 36 do eggs and butter, 32 coops chickens and 75 tons way freight and full of people. All well.

FRANK BECK, Jr., Second Clerk.

River Telegrams.

[Special Dispatches to the Courier-Journal.]

PITTSBURG, August 14.—Monongahela 18 inches and falling. Weather clear. Thermometer 79.

CAIRO, August 14.—The Richmond arrived from Louisville at 7 P. M. and laid up here. Another monitor passed to-day from Mound City to New Orleans.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 14.—Arrived—Jefferson, from Pittsburg; Kate Putnam, from St. Louis; Silver Spray, from New Orleans. Departed—Sam J. Hale, for Memphis; Lawrence, for Marietta. River stationary, with 4½ feet on the bars.

CAIRO, Aug. 14.—Lorena, from St. Louis to Pittsburg, 3 A. M.; M. G. Porter, from Tennessee river to St. Louis, 4 A. M.; Belle St. Louis, from Memphis to St. Louis, 6 A. M.; Richmond, from Louisville to Cairo, 2 A. M.; Mo lior and Harpy, from Mound City to New Orleans, 3 P. M.; Lizzie Gill, from New Orleans to St. Louis, 3 P. M.; Tabmison Dean, from St. Louis to New Orleans, 6 P. M.; Belle Memphis, from St. Louis to Memphis, 7 P. M. River fallen 2 inches. Weather clear. Mercury 87.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 14.—River falling, with 22 inches on Harpeth shoals. Weather dry and very warm.

ST. LOUIS, August 14.—Arrived—Andy Johnson from Keokuk, Illinois from Peoria, Hawkeye State from Davenport, Bengal Tiger from Dubuque, Silver Bow from Miami, Kate Kearney from Omaha. Departed—Illinois for Peoria, Dexter for Lasalle, Andy Johnson for Keokuk, Sucker State for St. Paul, Bee and barges to Great Republic for New Orleans, Julia for Vicksburg, Champion for Cincinnati, St. Luke for Glasgow, Mary McDonald for Omaha. River falling steadily. Lower Missouri rising slowly. Upper Mississippi and Illinois declining. Very heavy storm this afternoon. Mercury at 3 P. M., 82.

From Our Exchanges.

A Pittsburg dispatch to the Cincinnati Commercial of yesterday says:

The new steamer Jefferson, while backing out from the Belmont Iron Mills at Wheeling, on Tuesday evening, backed on a log and broke sixty-eight timbers. A woman named Kate McManus, employed as cook on the [illegible], made information against Jo. [illegible], the [illegible] on the boat, for attempting to kick her into the river, and she also preferred a charge of adultery against the captain of the boat, and father of the first-named defendant.

The St. Louis Democrat of yesterday says:

We presume a rumor about last evening representing the Cora as too badly sunk to be raised is an exaggeration. The place where she sunk is the narrowest of the Missouri, but a mile or two from the Mississippi. Yesterday afternoon the St. Luke sailed up for the purpose of taking off the Cora's load, and about the same time the sub-boat left for the scene of the wreck. The Cora's load will be taken up the river by the St. Luke, and the boat will be raised. The Cora is valued at $20,000 and insured [illegible] the wreck of her will be sold by the Cora that we think well [illegible] to the cargo, a good [illegible]. [illegible] that the Cora will pass through our harbor to-day on her way to Cairo, but the marine [illegible] that her hull is too much damaged to be repaired. The Cora was built at [illegible] in 1866, for Joseph Kinney and completed in August, 1866, for the Missouri river [illegible], and cost about [illegible] [illegible] seven hundred and fifty tons, [illegible] feet beam, and four boilers.

The Times of Friday says:

An Omaha paper has the following: "Low water comment.—We [illegible] Mr. [illegible] launched during the low water season." Because it attempts [illegible].

"[illegible], of Peoria, Illinois, one of the oldest [illegible] in the Western country, has invented, or rather developed, a new kind of water-wheel [illegible] humble capacity, is destined to entirely revolutionize the manner of propelling steamboats and ocean steamers. A model of it is now on exhibition at the Merchants' Exchange. [illegible] The principle upon which it is constructed [illegible] impossible to give a description of it. It has to be seen to be appreciated. The inventor's circular says: 'This propeller is calculated to produce a revolution in the application of steam [illegible], but little doubt. Whatever increase of speed is desired it is especially adapted. For the pilot wheels of steamboats it is spoken of in the highest terms, as affording more power [illegible] the present system of steam. For the application of power to steam propellers it is particularly adapted; indeed, in every conceivable form of machinery, from the sewing machine, used almost everywhere, to the largest engine that has ever been built, either stationary or marine. By increasing the number of revolutions to the working machinery, with less friction, we save an immense amount; and in the use of steam engines there is an economy in the way of fuel, and we avoid almost entirely all risk of explosions, for with fifteen revolutions of the engine we obtain thirty of the shaft.'"

Monetary and Commercial.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE COURIER-JOURNAL,
SATURDAY EVENING, August 14, 1869.

There have been few incidents transpiring in financial circles demanding more than a passing notice. While the banks report a fair supply of currency, the demand has been such as to give employment to their balances at from 9 to 12 per cent.

EXCHANGE was reported a shade firmer to-day, and there was no anxiety to sell below the regular price by any of the banks. Rates ranged from buying to 1-10 premium selling.

GOLD.—There has been a steady decline in the premium during the week, and the offerings in this market are of limited importance. The New York market opened and closed to-day at 134⅛. We quote gold and silver as follows:

	Buying.	Selling.
Gold	133¾	134⅛
Silver halves and quarters	128	
Silver dimes	124	

The New York Commercial Bulletin of the 13th says:

The "bull" side appear to be acting on the policy of leaving the market without support, beyond preventing any decline below a certain point, with the hope of thereby encouraging a "short" interest, which when coin has become scarcer they may turn to account. The "short" interest has been increased within the last two or three days, and hence the rate for carrying has to-day declined to 3-32 per cent. The steamship Cambria to-day took out $30,000 in specie. The Russia, sailing to-morrow, is expected to take out about $200,000.

The following table shows the course of the premium during the past week:

	Opened.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closed.
Monday	135¾	135¾	135⅛	135¼
Tuesday	135½	135½	135¼	135¼
Wednesday	135¼	135¾	135	135
Thursday	135½	135½	134¾	134¾
Friday	134¾	135	134¼	134½
Saturday	134¼	134¼	133⅞	134⅛

RECAPITULATION.

Opened Monday	135¾	Lowest	134⅛
Highest	135¾	Closed Saturday	134⅛

GOVERNMENT BONDS.—The New York market opened dull to-day, and, as compared with yesterday's quotations, we note a decline on several descriptions:

Five-twenties, 1862	121¼@122¾
Five-twenties, 1864	122¾@122⅞
Five-twenties, 1864	121½@121¾
Five-twenties, 1865	120⅞@121⅞
Five-twenties, new issue	119⅞@120½
Five-twenties, 1867	119⅞@120⅛
Five-twenties, 1868	119⅞@120¼
Ten-forties	113 @114

The following closing quotations indicate the course of prices for the past three days:

	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	Adv.	Dec.
Coupons, '81	123⅛	123⅛	122⅞		¼
" '62	123⅛	123⅛	122⅝		½
" '64	122⅛	122	121½		½
" '65	122⅛	122⅛	121⅞		¼
New issue	121⅛	120⅝	120⅛		½
" '67	121⅛	121	120⅜		⅝
Coupons, '68	121⅛	121	120⅜		⅝
10-40s coupons	114⅛	114	114		⅛

LOCAL STOCKS AND BONDS.—Taken as a whole, this has been an active week in local stocks and bonds. There have been large transactions in Ohio river bridge 7 per cent bonds. The principal and interest of these bonds being payable in gold, they meet with great favor. The trades in Louisville, Cincinnati, and L. railroad bonds have not been far from $100,000, and Nashville railroad stock, as well as the preferred stock of the Frankfort railroad, has been in active demand. These together with some trades in city bonds, constitute the stock and bond transactions of the week.

MESSRS. MORTON, GALT & CO., Bankers, 150 Main street, quote as follows:

STOCKS.

National Bank, first	118	@120
National Bank, second	97	@ 98
National Bank, Planters'	95	@ 96
National Bank, City	100	@101
Bank of Kentucky	72¼	@ 73¼
Bank of Louisville	69	@ 70
Merchants' Bank	119	@120
Commercial Bank	78	@ 80
Northern Bank	119	@120
Citizens' Bank	111	@112
People's Bank	102	@103
Mechanics' Bank	100	@101
West'n Fin'cial Corp'tion bank (new)	91	@ 92½
Falls City Tobacco Bank	99	@100
Masonic bank	104	@105
Security bank	106	@107
Louisville Insurance Company bank	109	@110
Farmers' bank	96	@ 97
Western Insurance Company bank	124	@125
German Insurance Company bank	103	@104
Gas Company stock	150	@151
L. & F. R. R. (preferred)	95	@ 96
L. & F. R. R. (common)	60	@ 61
Jeff., Mad., & Ind. R. R.	65	@ 70
Louisville & Nashville R. R.	69¾	@ 70¼

BONDS.

City for street improvements	76	@ 77
City for bounty	78	@ 77
City for school purposes	78	@ 77
City for Jeff. Railroad	76	@ 77
City for L. and N. Railroad, M. S.	78	@ 79
City for L. and N. Railroad, L. B.	78½	@ 79½
City for wharf, new	77	@ 78
City for wharf, old	73	@ 74
City for water-works, old	75	@ 76
City for water-works, new	77½	@ 78
Water-works bonds	78	@ 79
Canal bonds, first issue	94	@ 95
" " second issue	74	@ 75
" " third issue	74	@ 75
" " fourth issue	74	@ 75
Kentucky State bonds, old	99	@100
" " new	98	@ 97
Jeffersonville Railroad bonds, old	90	@ 91
" " new	80	@ 81
L. & F. R. R. bonds (C branch)	98	@ 99
L. & N. R. R. bonds (M. S.)	81	@ 82
" " (L. B. br.)	81	@ 82
" " (M. br.)	84	@ 85
" " cons'd mort	78	@ 79
City for Elizabethtown & Paducah RR	77	@ 78
Ohio River Bridge Company	102	@103*

Bonds marked * are sold with interest added.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

for the last twenty-four hours by the Frankfort, Nashville, Jeffersonville, and New Albany railroads, and by the river. (Furnished by the Board of Trade):

Articles.	Imports.	Exports.
Apples, green, bbls	13	481
Butter, pkgs	23	29
Bacon, casks	114	102
Bacon, pcs	10	144
Bagging, pcs	300	116
Bale Rope, coils		150
Cement, bbls	3	665
Cheese, pkgs	122	217
Candles, bxs	38	110
Coffee, bgs	35	140
Corn, bus	307	2581
Coal, bus	330	1375
Cotton, bales	157	85
Fruit, fresh, pkgs	306	14
Feathers, bags		16
Eggs, bxs and bbls	23	29
Flour, bbls	555	2238
Furniture, pkgs	213	132
Hides, bdls	3	1
Hay, bales	382	1
Hogs, head	301	150
Horses, head	3	9
Iron, pig, tons		14
Iron & steel, bdls and pcs	341	1838
Lard, tcs	1	18
Lard, kegs	13	60
Malt, bu	136	
Merchandise, pkgs	534	1898
Mules, head		157
Nails, kegs	14	181
Oats, sacks	444	1136
Offal, sks	30	542
Potatoes, bbls		1691
Pork, mess, bbls		31
Rags, bales	15	66
Rice, casks		11
Sugar, hhds	6	15
Sugar, bxs and bbls	40	181
Salt, bbls	25	624
Seeds, bags	4	6
Tobacco, hhds	72	74
Tobacco, boxes	12	211
Whisky, bbls	18	337
Wheat, sacks	4735	2451
Wool, sacks	12	46
Woodenware, pkgs	79	340

Louisville Leaf Tobacco Market.

The market during the past week has been moderately active, and prices have been fully and firmly maintained with an upward tendency. Holders without exception, so far as we are advised, anticipate still higher figures, and in some instances are holding stocks out of the market. One of the causes producing the present condition of the markets, and upon which factors predicate an advance is the unfavorable prospects which now surround the growing crop—and we are inclined to the opinion that the estimates are well founded.

The sales for the week ending this evening, and for the current tobacco year are as follows:

Warehouses.	Sales for week.	Sales for current tobacco year.
Pickett House	98	9,455
Louisville House	153	7,867
Boone House	64	6,548
Ninth Street House	71	5,480
Farmers' House	62	2,392
Planters' House	13	1,074
Hogsheads	461	32,795

The sales to-day at five of the auction warehouses amounted to 46 hhds, with rejections of bids on 3 hhds.

The PICKETT HOUSE sold 5 hhds: 1 hhd Taylor county at $7 60, 1 hhd Barren county low leaf at $9 25, 1 hhd Breckinridge county at $7 80, 2 hhds Daviess county low and medium leaf at $7 80@11 00.

The LOUISVILLE HOUSE sold 16 hhds: 1 hhd Henderson county at $5 90, 1 hhd Hart county lugs at $7 45, 3 hhds Hart county leaf at $9 25 to 12 50, 1 hhd Breckinridge county leaf at $13, 1 hhd Breckinridge county medium at $9 10, 4 hhds McLean county at $8, $9 20, $11, and $13, 1 hhd Ohio county at $11 75, 2 hhds Ohio county at $9 70 and $9 60, 2 hhds Indiana medium leaf at $8 10 and $ 85.

The BOONE HOUSE sold 4 hhds: 2 hhds Carroll county medium leaf at $9 70 to $12, 2 hhds Hart county leaf at $7 50 to 9 00.

The NINTH-STREET HOUSE sold 7 hhds: 1 hhd scraps at $3 10, 1 hhd Henderson county leaf at $12, 1 hhd lugs at $7 40, 4 hhds shipping leaf at from $9 to 9 50.

The FARMERS' HOUSE sold 10 hhds: 1 hhd Warren county medium leaf at $8 90, 2 hhds Green county medium leaf at $9 to $10, 6 hhds Warren county medium leaf at $7 85 to $10.

Louisville Flour and Grain Market.

FLOUR—The market is showing decided animation and prices since our last weekly review have advanced. There is a fair demand for the product, and a good shipping demand, which at present prevents the accumulation of stocks. We quote:

Fine	[illegible]
Superfine	[illegible]
Extra	[illegible]
Extra family	[illegible]
A No. 1	[illegible]
Fancy	[illegible]

WHEAT—Is in active demand, and heavy orders were on the market to-day which could not be filled. Operators are not accumulating stocks, their shipments about keeping pace with their receipts. Prices have advanced, and exports to Europe are now on a liberal scale. An active trade is expected, unless a speculation [illegible] prices too high for exportation. We quote [illegible] at $1 [illegible], and white [illegible] at [illegible].

CORN—The market is quiet but steady, with light receipts. We quote ear corn and shelled, in bulk, at [illegible] on arrival, and shelled in sacks at [illegible], sacks included, on arrival. Sales from store are moderate—[illegible] advance.

OATS—Are reported in good demand, and receipts find ready sale at [illegible] on arrival, with sales from store at [illegible].

RYE—The market is firm and, with a prime article commands [illegible] on arrival.

BARLEY—Is in good demand, and sales of considerable quantities are reported at [illegible] for [illegible] and [illegible] for fall. We note a sale of 1,000 bushels choice fall at $1 [illegible] for [illegible].

MALT—Has undergone no quotable change. A fair demand is reported. We note sales of 1,400 bushels new fall malt at $1 [illegible]. We quote No. 1 old at $1 30@[illegible]. No. 1 and No. 2 spring at $1 20@1 30; Canada at $1 60; rye malt nominal; corn malt $1 10@1 15.

Louisville Grocery Market.

NEW ORLEANS SUGARS—Sales during the past week have been of considerable importance at full prices. Stocks are fully up to the requirements of the trade, and the market rules firm. We quote:

Choice	15½@15¾
Prime	15 @15¼
Fully fair	14¾@15
Fair	13½@14¼
Common	12½@13

REFINED SUGARS—An active demand has characterized the market during the week, and prices have receded slightly. Stocks are fair. We quote:

Hard standard	16¾@17¼
A's	16 @16¼
B's	15¾@16
Extra C	15½@16
Circle C	15¼@15
Yellow	14¼@15

ISLAND AND DEMARARA SUGARS—Are steady, and a good demand for the latter grade is daily reported. We quote white Havana at 15@15¼c; Porto Rico at 14¼@15¼c; Demarara at 14¼@16c.

COFFEE—There has been a fairly active market during the week for Rio coffee, and quotations have been fully sustained. We quote:

Coffee, Rio, choice	25¼@26
" " prime	25 @25½
" " fair	23 @23½
" " common	21 @22
Java	31 @31½
Laguayra	25½@26

MOLASSES—Prices steady; N. O. 75@90c; sirups range from 55c for common to $1 25 for golden.

Bagging and Bale Rope Market.

The demand during the past week has been fully up to the estimates of dealers, and prices have not only been fully maintained but an advance has been established. The indications all favor an active market, and that quotations for Kentucky hemp and flax bagging will rule high is generally conceded, and is warranted by the high prices demanded for India bagging in the New York and Boston markets. Sales having been made at 23½c in round lots. We note sales to-day of 100 pieces W. A. R at 23c; 66 pieces M. & M. at 24c; 25 do J. D. flax at 24½c. We quote:

Ky. Fy., 2-lb	23½@24
M. & M., 2-lb	23 @24
Sparks, 2-lb	23 @23½
Bluegrass, 2-lb	23 @23½
Landsman, 2-lb	23 @23½
Hemp leaf, power loom	24 @24½
J. H. flax, power loom	24½@25
J. D. flax	24½@25
W. A. R. flax, power loom	23
John T. Douglass, 2¼-lb	23¼@24
do do 2½-lb	24 @25
Various brands 1¾ lb bagging	16 @17

ROPE—Is steady. We note sales to-day of 5 half coils at 8¾c. We quote machine rope at 7¾@8¼c for coils and half coils, with sales of 15 coils at 8¾c.

BALING TWINE—Is steady at 18@20c.

Louisville Provision Market.

There has been a good consumptive demand during the week, with some transactions on speculation, and prices have been fair, with an advancing tendency.

MESS PORK—A fair demand has characterized the market, which closes firm at $34@34 50.

BACON—An advance has been established during the week on all descriptions, and we note sales to-day of 18 casks clear sides at 19¼c, 23 casks clear rib sides at 19¼c, 16 casks shoulders at 16¼c, and 10 casks country clear sides at 19¼c.

HAMS—Have been in good demand, and we note sale 25 tcs fancy sugar-cured at 23¼c, 25 tcs family sugar-cured at 22½c, and 25 tcs plain sugar-cured at 20¼c.

LARD—The market has been very animated during the week, with an advance in prices. We note sales to-day of 28 tcs at 20c, and 80 tcs to city dealers at 19¾c.

Louisville Horse and Mule Market.

The following are the sales made by Alexander Owens, at his daily auction and sale stable, on Market street between Sixth and Seventh, for the week ending August 14, 1869:

Black mare $102 50, sorrel mare $40, brown horse $32, sorrel horse $24 50, brown horse $32, bay horse $81, bay horse $110, bay mare $63 50, gray mare $32 50, blind bay mare $115 50, black mare $51, brown horse $45, sorrel mare $60 50, bay mare $78 50, bay mule $98, black horse $138, sorrel mare $49 50, bay horse $101 50, gray horse $70 50, bay horse $31, dun mare $61, bay mare $70 50. Some 20 horses and mules sold at private sale.

The following are the sales made by Elias Levi, at his daily auction and sale stable, Seventh and Market, for the week ending Aug. 14, 1869:

Pair mules $120, mule $150, gray horse $122 50, mule $101, gray horse $120, roan mare $33, dun horse $30, bay mare $68, brown mare $67 50, bay mare $30, gray mare $39 50, gray horse $14, bay horse $81, dun mare $41, pair mules $170, dun horse $125, roan horse $37 50, sorrel mare $30 50, bay horse $65, gray mare $48, roan horse $63, bay horse $30, gray horse $30, gray horse $129, bay horse $85, gray horse $98 50, sorrel horse $47 50, bay horse $38 50.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK STOCK AND MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK, Aug 14—P. M.

Money market easy at 4@5 per cent on call loans. The bank statement is unfavorable. The total reserve showing a decrease of $4,178,313.

BANK STATEMENT.

Loans	$266,305,363
do increase	1,626,381
Specie	27,154,499
do decrease	2,500,120
Circulation	34,033,463
do increase	45,172
Deposits	193,906,711
do decrease	1,267,327
Legal-tenders	50,863,267
do decrease	1,788,193

Sterling quiet at 9@9⅛.

There are more grain grain bills offering and some cotton bills made in advance of the shipments of the new crop.

Gold opened at 134⅛, fell to 133⅞, and under occasional rumors rose to 134¼@134⅜ at the close. The Sub-treasury will sell one million of gold in September, and [illegible] the Secretary of the Treasury would purchase two millions of bonds in September and October, and sell two millions of gold in September, but none in October. Following this was a statement that the next Cabinet meeting would result in the purchase of Cuba, and another statement that private telegrams had given out that bonds were at 88 in London. These statements occasioned free purchases. The carrying rates were 3 per cent. Clearances at the Gold Exchange bank to-day were $71,000,000.

Governments inactive.

Coupons '81	122 @122⅝	Coupons '67	120¼@120⅜
" '62	122⅝@122¾	Coupons '68	120⅛@120¼
" '64	121⅝@121¾	Ten-forties	113¾@113⅞
" '65	122 @122⅛		
new	119⅞@120⅛		

State bonds firmer.

Missouri	[illegible]	O'd N. Carolina	[illegible]
Old Tenn.	[illegible]	New N. Carolina	[illegible]
New Tenn.	[illegible]	Louisiana 6s	[illegible]
Old Virginia	[illegible]	Alabama 8s	[illegible]
New Virginia	[illegible]		

Stocks closed unsettled and weak.

The following were the closing bids:

Canton	[illegible]	Illinois Cen'l	141
Cumberland	[illegible]	Pittsburg	[illegible]
Western U. Tel.	[illegible]	Toledo	[illegible]
Quicksilver	[illegible]	Rock Island	[illegible]
Mariposa	[illegible]	Fort Wayne	[illegible]
Do preferred	[illegible]	C. C. & C.	[illegible]
Pacific Mail	[illegible]	C. & N. W.	[illegible]
Adams Exp.	[illegible]	Do preferred	[illegible]
Wells & Fargo	[illegible]	Ft. Wayne	[illegible]
Amer. Ex.	[illegible]	Do preferred	[illegible]
U. S. Ex.	[illegible]	St. Paul	[illegible]
Merchants' U.	[illegible]	Do preferred	[illegible]
N. Y. Cent.	[illegible]	Chicago & Alton	[illegible]
Erie	[illegible]	Do preferred	[illegible]
Harlem	[illegible]	Ohio & Miss.	[illegible]
Hudson	[illegible]	C. & N. W.	[illegible]
Reading	[illegible]	Do preferred	[illegible]
Ann	[illegible]	St. Jo	[illegible]
Michigan Cen'l	[illegible]	C. & B. & Q.	[illegible]
Mich. Southern	[illegible]	C. & A. and I. C.	[illegible]

Copper at Boston—Copper Falls & Franklin 15; Hancock 13½; Minnesota 1½; Quincy 35.

Sub-treasury balance	$86,212,820
Exports specie for week	[illegible]

IMPORTS FOR THE WEEK.

Dry goods	$1,660,871
General merchandise	3,700,361

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14—P. M.

COTTON—Firm; sales 1,200 bales at 33¾c for middling uplands.

FLOUR—Receipts 5,300 bbls, market [illegible], better sales [illegible] bbls at [illegible] for superfine State and Western; [illegible] for extra State; [illegible] for extra Western; [illegible] for good to choice white wheat extra; [illegible] for round hoop Ohio; [illegible] for extra St. Louis; [illegible] for good to choice [illegible], closing firm; included in the sales are [illegible] bbls extra State for export [illegible], and [illegible] bbls [illegible] Ohio. Rye flour steady. [illegible] to-day [illegible].

CORNMEAL—Quiet.

WHISKY—Quiet and firm; sales 50 bbls Western at $1 12½ for free.

GRAIN—Receipts wheat 41,350 bush; market [illegible], with a good export demand; [illegible] for No. 2 spring; $1 [illegible] for very [illegible] No. 1 spring; $1 [illegible] for [illegible] winter red Ohio and [illegible]; $1 [illegible] for new [illegible] ware; [illegible]. Oats [illegible]; [illegible] for Western and [illegible] State. [illegible] Barley and barley malt nominal. Receipts of corn 6,000 bush; market [illegible] and [illegible]; [illegible] for [illegible] Western [illegible] mixed, [illegible] for new [illegible] to arrive.

Coffee—Rice in moderate request. Coffee quiet and firm. Sugar moderately active; sales 800 hhds at [illegible] for Cuba; [illegible] for Porto Rico. Molasses quiet.

PETROLEUM—Quiet at [illegible] for crude and [illegible] for refined.

COAL—Quiet.

WOOL—Steady; sales [illegible] lbs at [illegible] for domestic fleece, [illegible] for unwashed, [illegible] for pulled, [illegible] for California. Hides—[illegible].

OILS—[illegible]. Linseed [illegible].

METALS—[illegible] copper steady and unchanged. Ingot copper [illegible]. [illegible] steady at [illegible] for Scotch pig, [illegible] for American. [illegible] quiet at [illegible] for refined English and American. [illegible] for Banca; [illegible] for Straits. [illegible] quiet at [illegible] for [illegible]; [illegible] for [illegible] and [illegible] for [illegible].

PROVISIONS—Pork a shade easier; sales [illegible] bbls at $[illegible] for new mess, $[illegible] for prime, [illegible] for prime mess. Beef quiet and [illegible]. [illegible] Cut meats [illegible] for shoulders, [illegible] for hams. Bacon [illegible]. [illegible] Lard [illegible] at [illegible] for steam and [illegible] for kettle.

BUTTER—Quiet at [illegible] for Ohio, and [illegible] for State.

CHEESE—Firm at 11@15c.

FREIGHTS—To Liverpool firmer; engagements for [illegible] bush wheat at [illegible] by steam, per steamer [illegible], offered and [illegible] asked for wheat.

LATEST—8 P. M.

FLOUR—Closed very firm, with an active export demand for low grades of extra State and Western.

GRAIN—Wheat firm, with a fair export demand. No. 2 spring at $1 [illegible] for [illegible] red and [illegible] Corn [illegible], Indiana $1 [illegible]. Rye nominal. Oats dull at [illegible] for new, and [illegible] for old. Corn dull and rather heavy at $1 [illegible] for mixed Western.

PROVISIONS—Mess pork unchanged. Beef dull and unchanged. Cut meats [illegible] quiet and steady. Lard quiet at [illegible] for good to prime steam.

EGGS—Quiet and unchanged.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, Aug. 14—[illegible]

EXCHANGE—Eastern dull at par selling, and [illegible] off buying.

FLOUR—Quiet at $[illegible] for spring extras.

GRAIN—Wheat has active but [illegible] No. 1 at $1 [illegible]; No. 2 at $1 [illegible]; [illegible] mainly at [illegible] for No. 2, and [illegible] seller August, for No. 1. [illegible] No. 2 [illegible]. [illegible] closing at [illegible] [illegible] at [illegible] for No. 2. Rye steady. [illegible] and [illegible]. Barley [illegible].

PROVISIONS—Mess pork [illegible]. [illegible] Lard [illegible].

LIVE STOCK—[illegible]. Hogs [illegible].

CINCINNATI MARKET.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 14—[illegible]

FLOUR—Firm but quiet; family [illegible].

GRAIN—Wheat in fair and good demand at $1 [illegible] for No. 1 and $1 [illegible] for new red. Corn [illegible]. Oats [illegible]. Rye [illegible]. Barley [illegible].

[illegible]

WHISKY—In good demand at $1 [illegible].

PROVISIONS—[illegible] Bacon [illegible] [illegible] bulk meats [illegible].

[illegible]

[illegible]—Steady. [illegible] at [illegible] for [illegible]; [illegible] at [illegible]; [illegible] at [illegible].

[illegible]—Quiet at [illegible].

[illegible]

[illegible]—Quiet at [illegible].

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Steady and [illegible].

[illegible] sell at [illegible].

[illegible]

EXCHANGE—Firm at 1-10 discount buying, and par selling.

MONEY—Market easy at [illegible] per cent.

ST. LOUIS MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 14—P. M.

TOBACCO—Steady and unchanged.

COTTON—Nothing doing.

HEMP—No sales.

FLOUR—Steady and unchanged; superfine $5 [illegible]; extra $5 75; double extra $6 [illegible]; triple extra $6 [illegible].

GRAIN—Wheat dull, heavy and irregular; common spring sold at $1 15@1 18; prime to strictly prime red fall $1 [illegible]; choice $1 [illegible]; and [illegible]; prime to choice white $1 [illegible]; fancy $1 [illegible]. Corn held above the views of buyers, and but little doing; common mixed in sacks sold at [illegible]; white [illegible]; white [illegible]. Oats dull; mixed in bulk [illegible]; and mixed in sacks [illegible]; white [illegible]. Rye slow at [illegible].

WHISKY—Unchanged at $1 [illegible].

GROCERIES—Quiet and unchanged.

PROVISIONS—Mess pork quiet at $[illegible]. Dry-salted meats firmer, with sales of loose clear sides at [illegible]. Bacon still [illegible] at [illegible] and clear sides [illegible]. Lard held at [illegible] for tierce.

CATTLE—Supply large and prices easier at [illegible].

HOGS—Very stiff at [illegible].

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 14—P. M.

COTTON—Steady; sales 100 bales low middling at 30½c. Receipts 58 bales; exports coastwise 18 bales.

FLOUR—Firm; superfine $5 75; double extra $6 [illegible]; triple extra $6 [illegible].

GRAIN—Corn dull; mixed $1; white $1 [illegible]. Oats [illegible].

BRAN—$1.

HAY—$[illegible].

PROVISIONS—Mess pork held at $[illegible]. Bacon firm at 11c, 18½c and 20c; hams 23c. Lard firm; tierce [illegible]; keg [illegible].

SUGAR—[illegible] dull; common [illegible] and prime 13½@14c; molasses dull; reboiled [illegible].

WHISKY—$1 15@1 15.

COFFEE—Fair 15@15½c, prime 16@16½c.

GOLD—133¾.

EXCHANGE—Sterling 147¼. New York sight drafts at ¼ premium.

MEMPHIS MARKET.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 14.

COTTON—Unchanged. Receipts 23 bales; exports 35 bales.

FLOUR—Steady.

GRAIN—Wheat $1 10@1 35. Corn $1@1 05. Oats [illegible].

HAY—New $20@22.

BRAN—$18.

CORNMEAL—Fresh $4 75; kiln-dried $4 85.

PROVISIONS—Mess pork $35 25@35 50. Lard firm and unchanged. Bacon firm; shoulders 16¼@16½c, sides 20c.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKET.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 11.

FLOUR—Quiet at $5 [illegible].

GRAIN—Wheat nominal at $1 [illegible].

[illegible]—Legal-tenders 74.

STOCKS—Mining stocks generally improved; Alpha 11; Crown Point 28; Empire Mill 27; Gould & Curry 49; Hale & Norcross 82; Imperial 45; Kentucky 109; Occidental 14; Ophir 15; Overman 68; Savage 64; Sierra Nevada 27; Yellow Jacket 37.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 14.

FLOUR—Steady.

GRAIN—Wheat in good, good demand; new red $1 [illegible]; white $1 [illegible]. Corn dull; mixed Western $1 15@1 15. Oats declined 3c; old Western [illegible]; new [illegible].

PROVISIONS—Unchanged.

PETROLEUM—Less active; crude 31½c, and refined [illegible].

WHISKY—$1 12@1 15. The government officers have just closed two more distilleries.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 14—P. M.

GRAIN—Wheat firm; red $1 [illegible]. Corn dull; white $1 [illegible]. Oats [illegible].

PROVISIONS—Mess pork firm at $[illegible]. Bacon firm. Lard very firm at [illegible].

WHISKY—Quiet and firm at $1 12.

NASHVILLE MARKET.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 14.

GRAIN—Wheat, red $1 15; amber $1 15; white $1 20. Corn 95c. Rye 90c. Barley $1. Oats [illegible].

PROVISIONS—Bacon sides 19¼c, shoulders 16¼c, hams [illegible], lard 20c.

FLOUR—$6 for the best brands.

AMUSEMENTS.

BASE BALL.

"Eckfords" of Brooklyn and "Red Stockings" of Cincinnati.

THIS great contest will be called at 2:30 P. M. on MONDAY, 16th, 1869.

In order to give the members of the Louisville clubs an opportunity to witness this the greatest contest that has ever come off on the American Continent for the championship for the Bat, the SHORT LINE, through their efficient Assistant Superintendent, J. E. Simpering, Esq., telegraphed Mr. Campion, President of the [illegible], to postpone the call of the game until 2:30 P. M., which he cheerfully agreed to. This agreement will give all the members of clubs and lovers of the manly sport to attend and also return the same day [illegible] of business.

Programme—Louisville & Cincinnati Short Line Railroad.

Leave Louisville	9:30 A. M.
Arrive at Cincinnati	2:00 P. M.
Leave Cincinnati	11:15 P. M.
Arrive at Louisville	5:00 A. M.

Fare Round Trip from Depot in Louisville, $4.00.

This rate includes free omnibus transfer from Covington Depot to the base ball grounds, and from Sobriento grounds to Depot in Covington.

Ample preparations for the game dinner.

After the game closes, take street cars to hotel, and at 10:30 omnibus will call for you and transfer you to the Great Short Line Depot in Covington.

Weisiger Hall.

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY EVENINGS, August 19 and 20. Also GRAND MATINEE SATURDAY AFTERNOON, August 21.

GRAND MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT

And Personation Concert.

Embracing Classical, Ballad, and Comic Gems in Solos, Duets, and Trios by the Accomplished, youthful and elegant Vocalists from Charleston, S. C., the

QUEEN SISTERS!

A. WALDRON, Manager.

Miss LAURA QUEEN, Mezzo Soprano.
Miss FANNIE QUEEN, Contralto.
Miss JULIA QUEEN, Soprano.
EMIL LEVY, Pianist.

Reserved seats 75 cts; Admission 50 cts; Family Circle, 25 cts; Matinee 35 cts; Children and Servants 25 cts. Reserved seats at Wm. E. Hays', No. 110 Fourth st. [illegible]

Louisville Opera House.

HARRY C. BATES .... Manager

THE manager has the honor of announcing that this elegant and popular Temple of Amusement, having been thoroughly renovated, repainted, decorated, and all of the modern improvements introduced, will be opened for the season on

Monday, Sept. 6, 1869

During the season the following popular Stars will appear in rapid succession:

Mr. JOSEPH JEFFERSON,
Mr. EDWIN FORREST,
LYDIA THOMPSON BURLESQUE TROUPE,
JOHN E. OWENS,
Mrs. SCOTT SIDDONS,
Miss ADA WEBB,
Mrs. MARY MITCHELL ALBAUGH,
Mr. M. W. LEFFINGWELL,
Mrs. MARY GLADSTANE,
Mr. J. W. ALBAUGH,
Miss MARRIOTT,
MORLACCHI BALLET TROUPE,
Mrs. D. P. BOWERS,
Mr. J. C. McCOLLUM,
RICHINGS OPERA TROUPE,
GERMAN OPERA,
GRAU'S ITALIAN OPERA,
Miss FANNIE B. PRICE,

And others, who will be supported by a first-class Stock Company, which has been selected with great care in New York City.

Woodland Garden!

EVERY SUNDAY.

The day will be duly celebrated in this cosy and pleasant Garden by a sacred concert both in the afternoon and evening.

GREAT WESTERN STAR BAND

will execute some of their best pieces under the leadership of that excellent musical director CHRIS HAUPT.

ALSO

MONDAY and EVERY EVENING during the week, [illegible]

GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT!

☞ Monday Evening's Concert will close with a GRAND BALL.

[illegible] BEN. STREBE, Proprietor.

LION GARDEN.

ON Preston beyond Kentucky street. This delightful place of resort is now open for the season. Music every Sunday and concert by the Louisville Opera House Orchestra. [illegible] and all the refreshments of the season [illegible]. ANTONE KREBT, Proprietor.

STEAMBOATS.

Notice to Shippers.

I am giving through bills of lading [illegible], [illegible] Shreveport, [illegible], and all interior points on Red river, [illegible], and to all points on White, Little Red, and Black rivers; also to Kansas City, Omaha, and Council Bluffs on Missouri river. Also to Brian, Cheyenne, Corinne, Ogden, Sacramento, and San Francisco on the Union Pacific Railroad, and to all points on the Kansas Pacific Railroad, via Kansas City, and to all points on St. Joe, and Des Moines Valley Railroads via St. Louis.

[illegible] M. W. SATTERWHITE, 46 Fourth street.

Louisville and New Orleans Packet Co.

VIRGINIA. F. O. SCHULTZ, Master.

For Cairo, Memphis and New Orleans on Saturday, the [illegible] inst., at 5 o'clock P. M. B. C. LEVI, Agent.

Louisville and New Orleans Packet Co.

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For Cairo, Memphis and New Orleans on Wednesday, the 18th inst., at 5 P. M. B. C. LEVI, Gen. P't Ag't.

Regular Memphis and Arkansas River Tri-Weekly Packet Company.

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[illegible] [illegible] for Arkansas river. [illegible] of lading to Arkansas and White rivers apply to [illegible] J. W. FORMAN, Agent, [illegible] Fourth st.

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Louisville, Madison, and Carrollton Packet.

LEONORA No. 2. [illegible] FINLEY, Master.

NOAH NEAL, Clerk. [illegible] for Madison, Carrollton, and [illegible] every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at [illegible] o'clock [illegible]. THOS. SMALL, Agent.

FOR CINCINNATI.

OLD RELIABLE

U. S. MAIL LINE STEAMERS.

[illegible] FRANKLIN [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] MAIL MORNING LINE AT 11 A. M. [illegible] SAM. HILDRETH, Master. [illegible] C. DAVIS, [illegible].

[illegible] LINE AT 5 P. M. [illegible]

[illegible] CHARLES [illegible] R. WHITTEN, Master. [illegible] R. W. WADE, [illegible].

[illegible] Railroad [illegible] between Louisville and [illegible] by which the [illegible].

[illegible] for [illegible] with [illegible] to New York, Philadelphia, [illegible].

[illegible] one hundred and fifty miles [illegible] by any other route [illegible].

[illegible] at the Galt House and Louisville Hotel [illegible] on board steamers [illegible].

☞ All the above boats leave from the Company's Wharfboat, foot of Third street.

[illegible] FRANK CARTER, Supt.